

# NLSX4378A

## 4-Bit 24 Mb/s Dual-Supply Level Translator

The NLSX4378A is a 4-bit configurable dual-supply bidirectional auto sensing translator that does not require a directional control pin. The  $V_{CC}$  I/O and  $V_L$  I/O ports are designed to track two different power supply rails,  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_L$  respectively. The  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_L$  supply rails are configurable from 1.65 V to 5.5 V. This allows voltage logic signals on the  $V_L$  side to be translated into lower, higher or equal value voltage logic signals on the  $V_{CC}$  side, and vice-versa.

The NLSX4378A translator has open-drain outputs with integrated 10 k $\Omega$  pullup resistors on the I/O lines. The integrated pullup resistors are used to pullup the I/O lines to either  $V_L$  or  $V_{CC}$ . The NLSX4378A is an excellent match for open-drain applications such as the I<sup>2</sup>C communication bus.

### Features

- $V_L$  can be Less than, Greater than or Equal to  $V_{CC}$
- Wide  $V_{CC}$  Operating Range: 1.65 V to 5.5 V  
Wide  $V_L$  Operating Range: 1.65 V to 5.5 V
- High-Speed with 24 Mb/s Guaranteed Data Rate
- Low Bit-to-Bit Skew
- Enable Input is Overvoltage Tolerant (OVT) to 5.5 V
- Nonpreferential Powerup Sequencing
- Integrated 10 k $\Omega$  Pullup Resistors
- ESD Protection: >7 kV HBM for all pins
- Small Space Saving Package – 2.02 x 1.54 mm  $\mu$ Bump12
- These Devices are Pb-Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free and are RoHS Compliant

### Typical Applications

- I<sup>2</sup>C, SMBus, PMBus
- Low Voltage ASIC Level Translation
- Mobile Phones, PDAs, Cameras



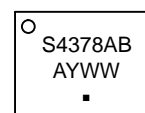
ON Semiconductor®

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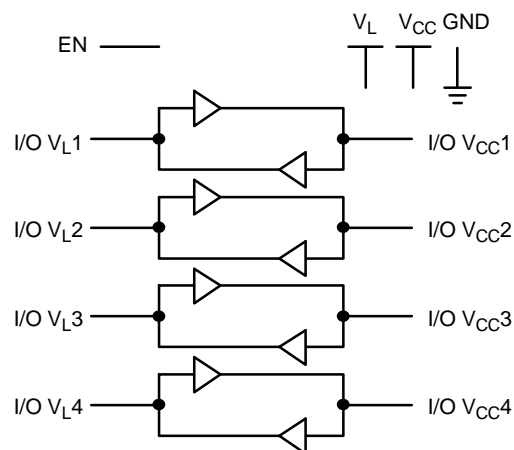
$\mu$ Bump12  
FC SUFFIX  
CASE 499AU

### MARKING DIAGRAM



- A = Assembly Location
- Y = Year
- WW = Work Week
- = Pb-Free Package

### LOGIC DIAGRAM



### ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 8 of this data sheet.

# NLSX4378A

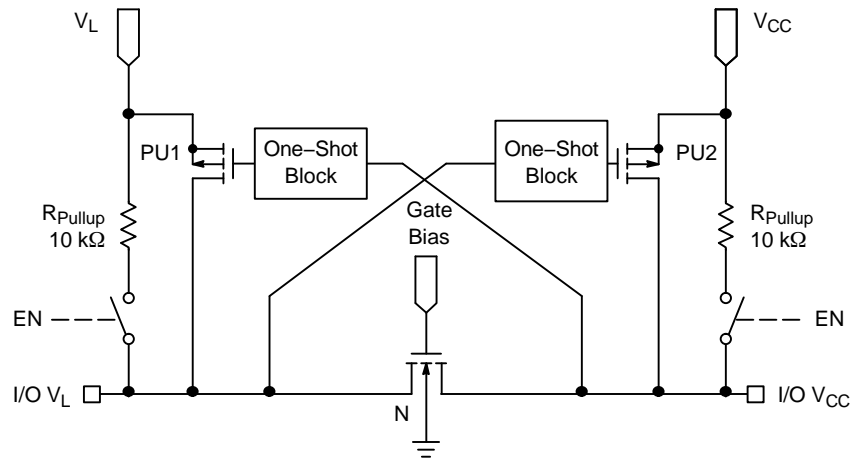


Figure 1. Block Diagram (1 I/O Line)

## PIN ASSIGNMENT

| Pins                 | Description   |
|----------------------|---|
| V <sub>CC</sub>      | V <sub>CC</sub> Input Voltage                           |
| V <sub>L</sub>       | V <sub>L</sub> Input Voltage                            |
| GND                  | Ground  |
| EN                   | Output Enable   |
| I/O V <sub>CCn</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> I/O Port, Referenced to V <sub>CC</sub> |
| I/O V <sub>Ln</sub>  | V <sub>L</sub> I/O Port, Referenced to V <sub>L</sub>   |

## FUNCTION TABLE

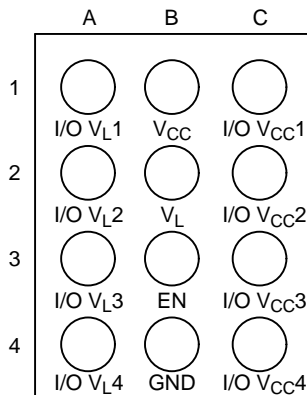
| EN | Operating Mode      |
|----|---------------------|
| L  | Hi-Z                |
| H  | I/O Buses Connected |

## PIN LOCATION

| Pin | Pin Name              |
|-----|-----------------------|
| A1  | I/O V <sub>L</sub> 1  |
| A2  | I/O V <sub>L</sub> 2  |
| A3  | I/O V <sub>L</sub> 3  |
| A4  | I/O V <sub>L</sub> 4  |
| B1  | V <sub>CC</sub>       |
| B2  | V <sub>L</sub>        |
| B3  | EN                    |
| B4  | GND                   |
| C1  | I/O V <sub>CC</sub> 1 |
| C2  | I/O V <sub>CC</sub> 2 |
| C3  | I/O V <sub>CC</sub> 3 |
| C4  | I/O V <sub>CC</sub> 4 |

## μBump12

(2.02 x 1.54 mm)



(Bottom View)

# NLSX4378A

## MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol        | Parameter  | Condition  | Value                      | Unit |
|---------------|--|------------|----------------------------|------|
| $V_{CC}$      | DC Supply Voltage  |            | -0.3 to +7.0               | V    |
| $V_L$         | DC Supply Voltage  |            | -0.3 to +7.0               | V    |
| I/O $V_{CC}$  | $V_{CC}$ -Referenced DC Input/Output Voltage               |            | -0.3 to ( $V_{CC} + 0.3$ ) | V    |
| I/O $V_L$     | $V_L$ -Referenced DC Input/Output Voltage                  |            | -0.3 to ( $V_L + 0.3$ )    | V    |
| $V_{EN}$      | Enable Control Pin DC Input Voltage                        |            | -0.3 to +7.0               | V    |
| $I_{I/O\_SC}$ | Short-Circuit Duration (I/O $V_L$ and I/O $V_{CC}$ to GND) | Continuous | 40                         | mA   |
| $T_{STG}$     | Storage Temperature  |            | -65 to +150                | °C   |
| $I_{LU}$      | Latch-up Current   |            | 100                        | mA   |
| ESD Rating    | Human Body Model<br>Charged Device Model                   |            | 7000<br>2000               | V    |

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Symbol   | Parameter                   | Min  | Max               | Unit |
|----------|-----------------------------|------|-------------------|------|
| $V_{CC}$ | DC Supply Voltage           | 1.65 | 5.5               | V    |
| $V_L$    | DC Supply Voltage           | 1.65 | 5.5               | V    |
| $V_{EN}$ | Enable Control Pin Voltage  | GND  | 5.5               | V    |
| $V_{IO}$ | I/O Pin Voltage             | GND  | $V_{CC}$ or $V_L$ | V    |
| $T_A$    | Operating Temperature Range | -55  | +125              | °C   |

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

# NLSX4378A

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{CC} = 1.65\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ and $V_L = 1.65\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol       | Parameter                                       | Test Conditions   | -40°C to +85°C |                     |              | -55°C to +125°C |              | Unit          |
|--------------|---|---|----------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|
|              |   |   | Min            | Typ<br>(Notes 1, 2) | Max          | Min             | Max          |               |
| $V_{IHC}$    | I/O $V_{CC}$ Input HIGH Voltage                 |   | $V_{CC} - 0.4$ | -                   | -            | $V_{CC} - 0.4$  | -            | V             |
| $V_{ILC}$    | I/O $V_{CC}$ Input LOW Voltage                  |   | -              | -                   | 0.15         | -               | 0.15         | V             |
| $V_{IHL}$    | I/O $V_L$ Input HIGH Voltage                    |   | $V_L - 0.4$    | -                   | -            | $V_L - 0.4$     | -            | V             |
| $V_{ILL}$    | I/O $V_L$ Input LOW Voltage                     |   | -              | -                   | 0.15         | -               | 0.15         | V             |
| $V_{IH}$     | Control Pin Input HIGH Voltage                  |   | $0.65 * V_L$   | -                   | -            | $0.65 * V_L$    | -            | V             |
| $V_{IL}$     | Control Pin Input LOW Voltage                   |   | -              | -                   | $0.35 * V_L$ | -               | $0.35 * V_L$ | V             |
| $V_{OHC}$    | I/O $V_{CC}$ Output HIGH Voltage                | I/O $V_{CC}$ Source Current =<br>20 $\mu\text{A}$                   | $0.8 * V_{CC}$ | -                   | -            | $0.8 * V_{CC}$  | -            | V             |
| $V_{OLC}$    | I/O $V_{CC}$ Output LOW Voltage                 | I/O $V_{CC}$ Sink Current =<br>1.0 mA, I/O $V_L \leq 0.15\text{ V}$ | -              | -                   | 0.4          | -               | 0.4          | V             |
| $V_{OHL}$    | I/O $V_L$ Output HIGH Voltage                   | I/O $V_L$ Source Current =<br>20 $\mu\text{A}$                      | $0.8 * V_L$    | -                   | -            | $0.8 * V_L$     | -            | V             |
| $V_{OLL}$    | I/O $V_L$ Output LOW Voltage                    | I/O $V_L$ Sink Current =<br>1.0 mA, I/O $V_{CC} \leq 0.15\text{ V}$ | -              | -                   | 0.4          | -               | 0.4          | V             |
| $I_{QVCC}$   | $V_{CC}$ Supply Current                         | I/O $V_{CC}$ and I/O $V_L$<br>Unconnected, $V_{EN} = V_L$           | -              | 0.5                 | 2.0          | -               | 3.0          | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{QVL}$    | $V_L$ Supply Current                            | I/O $V_{CC}$ and I/O $V_L$<br>Unconnected, $V_{EN} = V_L$           | -              | 0.3                 | 1.0          | -               | 3.0          | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{TS-VCC}$ | $V_{CC}$ Tristate Output Mode<br>Supply Current | I/O $V_{CC}$ and I/O $V_L$<br>Unconnected, $V_{EN} = \text{GND}$    | -              | 0.1                 | 1.0          | -               | 1.5          | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{TS-VL}$  | $V_L$ Tristate Output Mode<br>Supply Current    | I/O $V_{CC}$ and I/O $V_L$<br>Unconnected, $V_{EN} = \text{GND}$    | -              | 0.1                 | 1.0          | -               | 1.5          | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $I_{OZ}$     | I/O Tristate Output Mode<br>Leakage Current     | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$   | -              | 0.1                 | 1.0          | -               | 1.0          | $\mu\text{A}$ |
| $R_{PU}$     | Pullup Resistor I/O $V_L$ and<br>$V_{CC}$       | $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$   | -              | 10                  | -            | -               | -            | k $\Omega$    |

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

1. Typical values are for  $V_{CC} = +2.8\text{ V}$ ,  $V_L = +1.8\text{ V}$  and  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ .

2. All units are production tested at  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ . Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

# NLSX4378A

## TIMING CHARACTERISTICS – RAIL-TO-RAIL DRIVING CONFIGURATIONS

(I/O test circuit of Figures 2 and 3,  $C_{LOAD} = 15 \text{ pF}$ , driver output impedance  $\leq 50 \Omega$ ,  $R_{LOAD} = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ )

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | -40°C to +85°C<br>(Note 3) |     |     | -55°C to +125°C<br>(Note 3) |     | Unit |
|--------|-----------|-----------------|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------------------|-----|------|
|        |           |                 | Min                        | Typ | Max | Min                         | Max |      |

**$V_L = 1.65 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$**

|                |   |  |    |  |    |  |    |      |
|----------------|---|--|----|--|----|--|----|------|
| $t_{RVCC}$     | I/O $V_{CC}$ Risetime                     |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{FVCC}$     | I/O $V_{CC}$ Falltime                     |  |    |  | 30 |  | 30 | ns   |
| $t_{RVL}$      | I/O $V_L$ Risetime                        |  |    |  | 30 |  | 30 | ns   |
| $t_{FVL}$      | I/O $V_L$ Falltime                        |  |    |  | 10 |  | 10 | ns   |
| $t_{PDVL-VCC}$ | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_L$ )    |  |    |  | 20 |  | 20 | ns   |
| $t_{PDVCC-VL}$ | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_{CC}$ ) |  |    |  | 20 |  | 20 | ns   |
| $t_{SKEW}$     | Channel-to-Channel Skew                   |  |    |  | 5  |  | 5  | nS   |
| MDR            | Maximum Data Rate                         |  | 24 |  |    |  | 24 | Mb/s |

**$V_L = 1.8 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 2.8 \text{ V}$**

|                |   |  |    |  |    |  |    |      |
|----------------|---|--|----|--|----|--|----|------|
| $t_{RVCC}$     | I/O $V_{CC}$ Risetime                     |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{FVCC}$     | I/O $V_{CC}$ Falltime                     |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{RVL}$      | I/O $V_L$ Risetime                        |  |    |  | 25 |  | 25 | ns   |
| $t_{FVL}$      | I/O $V_L$ Falltime                        |  |    |  | 10 |  | 10 | ns   |
| $t_{PDVL-VCC}$ | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_L$ )    |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{PDVCC-VL}$ | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_{CC}$ ) |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{SKEW}$     | Channel-to-Channel Skew                   |  |    |  | 5  |  | 5  | nS   |
| MDR            | Maximum Data Rate                         |  | 24 |  |    |  | 24 | Mb/s |

**$V_L = 2.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}$**

|                |   |  |    |  |    |  |    |      |
|----------------|---|--|----|--|----|--|----|------|
| $t_{RVCC}$     | I/O $V_{CC}$ Risetime                     |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{FVCC}$     | I/O $V_{CC}$ Falltime                     |  |    |  | 10 |  | 10 | ns   |
| $t_{RVL}$      | I/O $V_L$ Risetime                        |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{FVL}$      | I/O $V_L$ Falltime                        |  |    |  | 10 |  | 10 | ns   |
| $t_{PDVL-VCC}$ | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_L$ )    |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{PDVCC-VL}$ | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_{CC}$ ) |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{SKEW}$     | Channel-to-Channel Skew                   |  |    |  | 5  |  | 5  | nS   |
| MDR            | Maximum Data Rate                         |  | 24 |  |    |  | 24 | Mb/s |

**$V_L = 2.8 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V}$**

|                |   |  |    |  |    |  |    |      |
|----------------|---|--|----|--|----|--|----|------|
| $t_{RVCC}$     | I/O $V_{CC}$ Risetime                     |  |    |  | 25 |  | 25 | ns   |
| $t_{FVCC}$     | I/O $V_{CC}$ Falltime                     |  |    |  | 10 |  | 10 | ns   |
| $t_{RVL}$      | I/O $V_L$ Risetime                        |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{FVL}$      | I/O $V_L$ Falltime                        |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{PDVL-VCC}$ | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_L$ )    |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{PDVCC-VL}$ | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_{CC}$ ) |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{SKEW}$     | Channel-to-Channel Skew                   |  |    |  | 5  |  | 5  | nS   |
| MDR            | Maximum Data Rate                         |  | 24 |  |    |  | 24 | Mb/s |

3. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

# NLSX4378A

## TIMING CHARACTERISTICS – RAIL-TO-RAIL DRIVING CONFIGURATIONS

(I/O test circuit of Figures 2 and 3,  $C_{LOAD} = 15 \text{ pF}$ , driver output impedance  $\leq 50 \Omega$ ,  $R_{LOAD} = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ )

| Symbol   | Parameter                                 | Test Conditions | -40°C to +85°C<br>(Note 3) |     |     | -55°C to +125°C<br>(Note 3) |     | Unit |
|--|---|-----------------|----------------------------|-----|-----|-----------------------------|-----|------|
|  |   |                 | Min                        | Typ | Max | Min                         | Max |      |
| <b><math>V_L = 3.6 \text{ V}</math>, <math>V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V}</math></b> |   |                 |                            |     |     |                             |     |      |
| $t_{RVCC}$   | I/O $V_{CC}$ Risettime                    |                 |                            |     | 15  |                             | 15  | ns   |
| $t_{FVCC}$   | I/O $V_{CC}$ Falltime                     |                 |                            |     | 10  |                             | 10  | ns   |
| $t_{RVL}$  | I/O $V_L$ Risettime                       |                 |                            |     | 15  |                             | 15  | ns   |
| $t_{FVL}$  | I/O $V_L$ Falltime                        |                 |                            |     | 10  |                             | 10  | ns   |
| $t_{PDVL-VCC}$   | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_L$ )    |                 |                            |     | 15  |                             | 15  | ns   |
| $t_{PDVCC-VL}$   | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_{CC}$ ) |                 |                            |     | 15  |                             | 15  | ns   |
| $t_{SKEW}$   | Channel-to-Channel Skew                   |                 |                            |     | 5   |                             | 5   | nS   |
| MDR  | Maximum Data Rate                         |                 | 24                         |     |     |                             | 24  | Mb/s |

**$V_L = 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V}$**

|                |   |  |    |  |    |  |    |      |
|----------------|---|--|----|--|----|--|----|------|
| $t_{RVCC}$     | I/O $V_{CC}$ Risettime                    |  |    |  | 30 |  | 30 | ns   |
| $t_{FVCC}$     | I/O $V_{CC}$ Falltime                     |  |    |  | 10 |  | 10 | ns   |
| $t_{RVL}$      | I/O $V_L$ Risettime                       |  |    |  | 15 |  | 15 | ns   |
| $t_{FVL}$      | I/O $V_L$ Falltime                        |  |    |  | 30 |  | 30 | ns   |
| $t_{PDVL-VCC}$ | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_L$ )    |  |    |  | 20 |  | 20 | ns   |
| $t_{PDVCC-VL}$ | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_{CC}$ ) |  |    |  | 20 |  | 20 | ns   |
| $t_{SKEW}$     | Channel-to-Channel Skew                   |  |    |  | 5  |  | 5  | nS   |
| MDR            | Maximum Data Rate                         |  | 24 |  |    |  | 24 | Mb/s |

3. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

## TIMING CHARACTERISTICS – OPEN DRAIN DRIVING CONFIGURATIONS

(I/O test circuit of Figures 4 and 5,  $C_{LOAD} = 15 \text{ pF}$ , driver output impedance  $\leq 50 \Omega$ ,  $R_{LOAD} = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ )

| Symbol  | Parameter                                 | Test Conditions | -40°C to +85°C<br>(Note 4) |     |      | -55°C to +125°C<br>(Note 4) |      | Unit |
|---|---|-----------------|----------------------------|-----|------|-----------------------------|------|------|
|   |   |                 | Min                        | Typ | Max  | Min                         | Max  |      |
| <b><math>+1.65 \leq V_L</math>, <math>V_{CC} \leq +5.5 \text{ V}</math></b> |   |                 |                            |     |      |                             |      |      |
| $t_{RVCC}$  | I/O $V_{CC}$ Risettime                    |                 |                            |     | 400  |                             | 400  | ns   |
| $t_{FVCC}$  | I/O $V_{CC}$ Falltime                     |                 |                            |     | 50   |                             | 50   | ns   |
| $t_{RVL}$   | I/O $V_L$ Risettime                       |                 |                            |     | 400  |                             | 400  | ns   |
| $t_{FVL}$   | I/O $V_L$ Falltime                        |                 |                            |     | 60   |                             | 60   | ns   |
| $t_{PDVL-VCC}$  | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_L$ )    |                 |                            |     | 1000 |                             | 1000 | ns   |
| $t_{PDVCC-VL}$  | Propagation Delay (Driving I/O $V_{CC}$ ) |                 |                            |     | 1000 |                             | 1000 | ns   |
| $t_{SKEW}$  | Channel-to-Channel Skew                   |                 |                            |     | 50   |                             | 50   | nS   |
| MDR   | Maximum Data Rate                         |                 | 2                          |     |      |                             | 2    | Mb/s |

4. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design.

# NLSX4378A

## TEST SETUPS

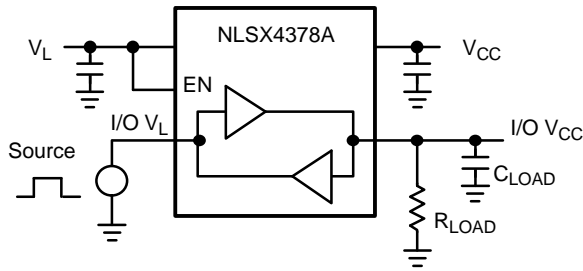


Figure 2. Rail-to-Rail Driving I/O  $V_L$

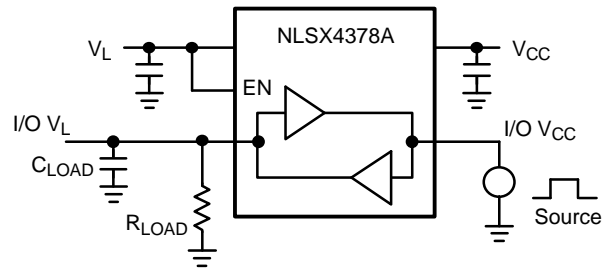


Figure 3. Rail-to-Rail Driving I/O  $V_{CC}$

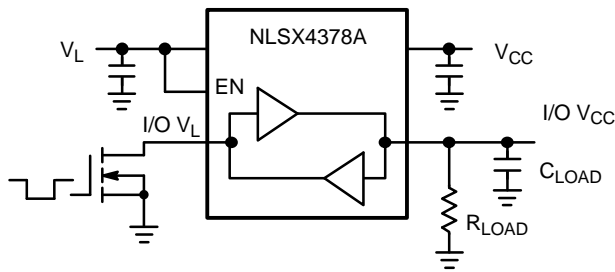


Figure 4. Open-Drain Driving I/O  $V_L$

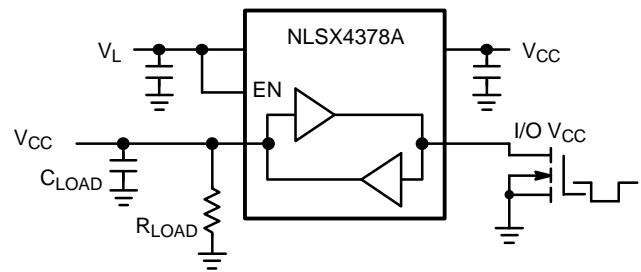


Figure 5. Open-Drain Driving I/O  $V_{CC}$

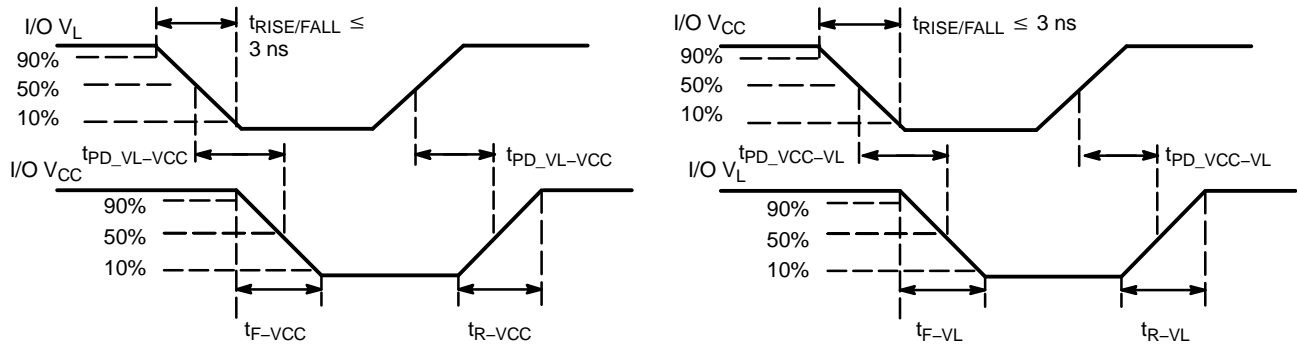


Figure 6. Definition of Timing Specification Parameters

# NLSX4378A

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### Level Translator Architecture

The NLSX4378A auto sense translator provides bi-directional voltage level shifting to transfer data in multiple supply voltage systems. This device has two supply voltages,  $V_L$  and  $V_{CC}$ , which set the logic levels on the input and output sides of the translator. When used to transfer data from the  $V_L$  to the  $V_{CC}$  ports, input signals referenced to the  $V_L$  supply are translated to output signals with a logic level matched to  $V_{CC}$ . In a similar manner, the  $V_{CC}$  to  $V_L$  translation shifts input signals with a logic level compatible to  $V_{CC}$  to an output signal matched to  $V_L$ .

The NLSX4378A consists of four bi-directional channels that independently determine the direction of the data flow without requiring a directional pin. The one-shot circuits are used to detect the rising input signals. In addition, the one shots decrease the rise time of the output signal for low-to-high transitions.

Each input/output pin has an internal 10 k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor. The magnitude of the pull-up resistors can be reduced by connecting external resistors in parallel to the internal 10 k $\Omega$  resistors.

### Input Driver Requirements

The rise ( $t_R$ ) and fall ( $t_F$ ) timing parameters of the open drain outputs depend on the magnitude of the pull-up resistors. In addition, the propagation times ( $t_{PD}$ ), skew ( $t_{SKEW}$ ) and maximum data rate depend on the impedance of the device that is connected to the translator. The timing

parameters listed in the data sheet assume that the output impedance of the drivers connected to the translator is less than 50  $\Omega$ .

### Enable Input (EN)

The NLSX4378A has an Enable pin (EN) that provides tri-state operation at the I/O pins. Driving the Enable pin to a low logic level minimizes the power consumption of the device and drives the I/O  $V_{CC}$  and I/O  $V_L$  pins to a high impedance state. Normal translation operation occurs when the EN pin is equal to a logic high signal. The EN pin is referenced to the  $V_L$  supply and has Overvoltage Tolerant (OVT) protection.

### Power Supply Guidelines

During normal operation, supply voltage  $V_L$  can be greater than, less than or equal to  $V_{CC}$ . The sequencing of the power supplies will not damage the device during the power up operation.

For optimal performance, 0.01  $\mu$ F to 0.1  $\mu$ F decoupling capacitors should be used on the  $V_L$  and  $V_{CC}$  power supply pins. Ceramic capacitors are a good design choice to filter and bypass any noise signals on the voltage lines to the ground plane of the PCB. The noise immunity will be maximized by placing the capacitors as close as possible to the supply and ground pins, along with minimizing the PCB connection traces.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device          | Package  | Shipping†          |
|-----------------|--|--------------------|
| NLSX4378ABFCT1G | $\mu$ Bump12<br>(Backside Laminate Coating)<br>(Pb-Free) | 3000 / Tape & Reel |

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.



# MECHANICAL CASE OUTLINE

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

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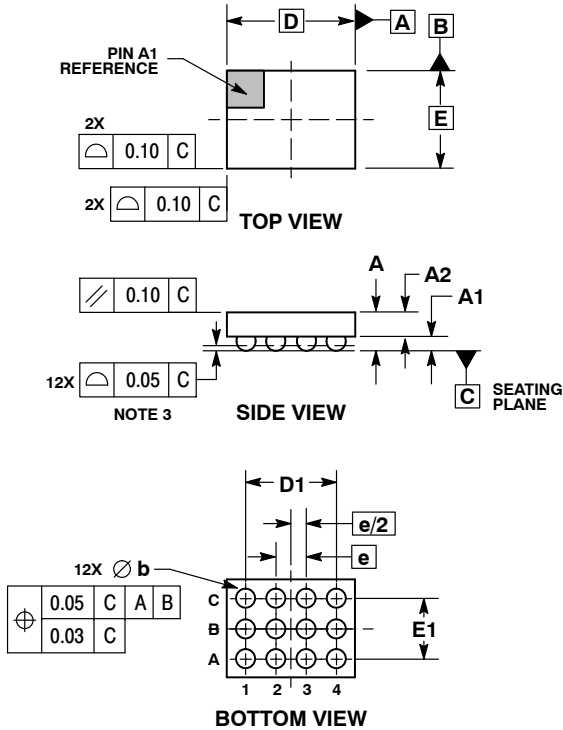


### 12 PIN FLIP-CHIP, 2.02x1.54, 0.5P CASE 499AU-01 ISSUE O

DATE 19 MAR 2007



SCALE 4:1



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
3. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO SPHERICAL CROWNS OF SOLDER BALLS.

| DIM | MILLIMETERS |      |
|-----|-------------|------|
|     | MIN         | MAX  |
| A   | ---         | 0.66 |
| A1  | 0.21        | 0.27 |
| A2  | 0.33        | 0.39 |
| b   | 0.29        | 0.34 |
| D   | 2.02 BSC    |      |
| D1  | 1.50 BSC    |      |
| E   | 1.54 BSC    |      |
| E1  | 1.00 BSC    |      |
| e   | 0.50 BSC    |      |

|                         |  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|
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| <b>DESCRIPTION:</b>     | <b>12 PIN FLIP-CHIP, 2.02 X 1.54, 0.5P</b> | <b>PAGE 1 OF 1</b>   |

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