The NB6N14S is a differential 1:4 Clock or Data Receiver and will accept AnyLevel[™] differential input signals: LVPECL, CML or LVDS. These signals will be translated to LVDS and four identical copies of Clock or Data will be distributed, operating up to 2.0 GHz or 2.5 Gb/s, respectively. As such, the NB6N14S is ideal for SONET, GigE, Fiber Channel, Backplane and other Clock or Data distribution applications.

The NB6N14S has a wide input common mode range from GND + 50 mV to V_{CC} – 50 mV. Combined with the 50 Ω internal termination resistors at the inputs, the NB6N14S is ideal for translating a variety of differential or single–ended Clock or Data signals to 350 mV typical LVDS output levels.

The NB6N14S is offered in a small 3 mm x 3 mm 16–QFN package. Application notes, models, and support documentation are available at *www.onsemi.com*.

The NB6N14S is a member of the ECLinPS MAXTM family of high performance products.

Features

- Maximum Input Clock Frequency > 2.0 GHz
- Maximum Input Data Rate > 2.5 Gb/s
- 1 ps Maximum RMS Clock Jitter
- Typically 10 ps Data Dependent Jitter
- 380 ps Typical Propagation Delay
- 120 ps Typical Rise and Fall Times
- V_{REF AC} Reference Output
- TIA/EIA 644 Compliant
- Functionally Compatible with Existing 3.3 V LVEL, LVEP, EP, and SG Devices
- These are Pb–Free Devices

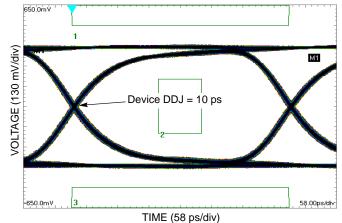


Figure 2. Typical Output Waveform at 2.488 Gb/s with PRBS 2^{23-1} (V_{INPP} = 400 mV; Input Signal DDJ = 14 ps)

MARKING DIAGRAM*





A = Assembly Location

L = Wafer Lot

Y = Year

QFN-16 MN SUFFIX

CASE 485G

W = Work Week

= Pb–Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

*For additional marking information, refer to Application Note AND8002/D.

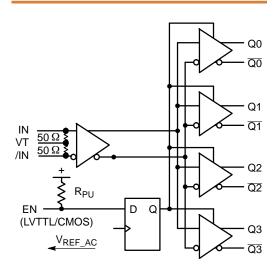


Figure 1. Logic Diagram

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 10 of this data sheet.

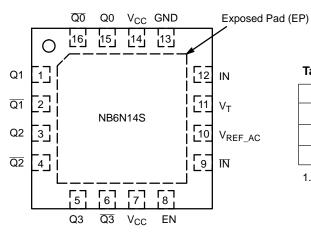


Figure 3. NB6N14S Pinout, 16-pin QFN (Top View)

Table 2. PIN DESCRIPTION

Table 1. TRUTH TABLE

IN	ĪN	EN	Q	Q
0	1	1	0	1
1	0	1	1	0
x	х	0	0 (Note 1)	1 (Note 1)

1. On next transition of the input signal (IN).

Pin	Name	I/O	Description	
1	Q1	LVDS Output	Non–inverted IN output. Typically loaded with 100 Ω receiver termination resistor across differential pair.	
2	Q1	LVDS Output	Inverted IN output. Typically loaded with 100 Ω receiver termination rest across differential pair.	
3	Q2	LVDS Output	Non–inverted IN output. Typically loaded with 100 Ω receiver termination resistor across differential pair.	
4	<u>Q2</u>	LVDS Output	Inverted IN output. Typically loaded with 100 Ω receiver termination resistor across differential pair.	
5	Q3	LVDS Output	Non–inverted IN output. Typically loaded with 100 Ω receiver termination resistor across differential pair.	
6	<u>Q3</u>	LVDS Output	Inverted IN output. Typically loaded with 100 Ω receiver termination resistor across differential pair.	
7	V _{CC}	_	Positive Supply Voltage.	
8	EN	LVTTL / LVCMOS Input	Synchronous Output Enable. When LOW, Q outputs will go LOW and Qb outputs will go HIGH on the next negative transition of IN input. The internal DFF register is clocked on the falling edge of IN input; see Figure 23. The EN pin has an internal pullup resistor and defaults HIGH when left open.	
9	ĪN	LVPECL, CML, LVDS	Inverted Differential Input	
10	V _{REF_AC}	LVPECL Output	The V _{REF_AC} reference output can be used to rebias capacitor–coupled differential or single–ended input signals. For the capacitor–coupled IN and/or INb inputs, V _{REF_AC} should be connected to the VT pin and bypassed to ground with a 0.01 μ F capacitor.	
11	V _T	LVPECL Output	Internal 100 Ω Center–tapped Termination Pin for IN and $\overline{\text{IN}}$	
12	IN	LVPECL, CML, LVDS	Non-inverted Differential Input. (Note 2)	
13	GND	_	Negative Supply Voltage.	
14	V _{CC}	-	Positive Supply Voltage.	
15	Q0	LVDS Output	Non–inverted IN output. Typically loaded with 100 Ω receiver termination resistor across differential pair.	
16	<u>Q0</u>	LVDS Output	Inverted IN output. Typically loaded with 100 Ω receiver termination resister across differential pair.	
-	EP	-	The Exposed Pad (EP) on the QFN-16 package bottom is thermally connected to the die for improved heat transfer out of package. The exposed pad must be attached to a heat-sinking conduit. The pad is not electrically connected to the die, but is recommended to be electrically and thermally connected to GND o the PC board.	

 In the differential configuration, when the input termination pin (VT) is connected to a termination voltage or left open, and if no signal is applied on IN/IN inputs, then the device will be susceptible to self-oscillation.

Table 3. ATTRIBUTES

Character	Characteristics				
Moisture Sensitivity (Note 3)		Level 1			
Flammability Rating Oxygen Index: 28 to 34		UL 94 V–0 @ 0.125 in			
ESD Protection	Human Body Model Machine Model	> 2 kV > 200 V			
EN Input Pullup Resistor – R _{PU}		37 kΩ			
Transistor Count	225				
Meets or exceeds JEDEC Spec EIA/JESD78 IC Latchup Test					

3. For additional information, see Application Note AND8003/D.

Table 4. MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Condition 1	Condition 2	Rating	Unit
V _{CC}	Positive Power Supply	GND = 0 V		3.8	V
V _{IN}	Positive Input	GND = 0 V	$V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$	3.8	V
I _{IN}	Input Current Through R_T (50 Ω Resistor)	Static Surge		35 70	mA mA
I _{OSC}	Output Short Circuit Current Line-to-Line (Q to \overline{Q}) Line-to-End (Q or \overline{Q} to GND) TIA/EIA – 644 Compliant	$Q \text{ or } \overline{Q}$ $Q \text{ to } \overline{Q} \text{ to } \text{GND}$	Continuous Continuous	12 24	mA
I _{REF_AC}	V _{REF_AC} Sink/Source Current			±0.5	mA
T _A	Operating Temperature Range	QFN-16		-40 to +85	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature Range			-65 to +150	°C
θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Ambient) (Note 4)	0 lfpm 500 lfpm	QFN-16 QFN-16	41.6 35.2	°C/W °C/W
θ_{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction-to-Case)	1S2P (Note 4)	QFN-16	4.0	°C/W
T _{sol}	Wave Solder Pb–Free			265	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.
JEDEC standard multilayer board – 1S2P (1 signal, 2 power) with 8 filled thermal vias under exposed pad.

Тур

65

Max

100

Unit

mΑ

Table 5. I	DC CHARACTERISTICS V_{CC} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V, GND = 0 V, T_A = -40°C t	to +85°C
Symbol	Characteristic	Min

I _{CC}	Power Supply Current (Note 9)			
DIEEERENTIAL INDUITS DRIVEN SINGLE_ENDED (Figures 14, 15, 10, and 21)				

DIFFEREN	DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS DRIVEN SINGLE-ENDED (Figures 14, 15, 19, and 21)						
V _{th}	Input Threshold Reference Voltage Range (Note 8)	GND +100		V _{CC} – 100	mV		
V _{IH}	Single-ended Input HIGH Voltage	V _{th} + 100		V _{CC}	mV		
V _{IL}	Single-ended Input LOW Voltage	GND		V _{th} - 100	mV		
$V_{REF}AC$	Reference Output Voltage (Note 11)	V _{CC} – 1.600	V _{CC} – 1.425	V _{CC} – 1.300	V		

DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS DRIVEN DIFFERENTIALLY (Figures 10, 11, 12, 13, 20, and 22)

		,			
V _{IHD}	Differential Input HIGH Voltage	100		V _{CC}	mV
V _{ILD}	Differential Input LOW Voltage	GND		V _{CC} – 100	mV
V _{CMR}	Input Common Mode Range (Differential Configuration)	GND + 50		V _{CC} – 50	mV
V _{ID}	Differential Input Voltage (V _{IHD} – V _{ILD})	100		V _{CC}	mV
R _{TIN}	Internal Input Termination Resistor	40	50	60	Ω

LVDS OUTPUTS (Note 5)

V _{OD}	Differential Output Voltage	250		450	mV
ΔV_{OD}	Change in Magnitude of V_{OD} for Complementary Output States (Note 10)	0	1	25	mV
V _{OS}	Offset Voltage (Figure 18)	1125		1375	mV
ΔV_{OS}	Change in Magnitude of $V_{\mbox{OS}}$ for Complementary Output States (Note 10)	0	1	25	mV
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage (Note 6)		1425	1600	mV
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage (Note 7)	900	1075		mV

LVTTL/LVCMOS INPUTS

VIH	Input HIGH Voltage (Note 7, 8)	2.0	V _{CC}	V
VIL	Input LOW Voltage (Note 7, 8)	GND	0.8	V
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current	-150	150	μΑ
IIL	Input LOW Current	-150	150	μΑ

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm.

5. LVDS outputs require 100 Ω receiver termination resistor between differential pair. See Figure 17.

VDS outputs require not by receiver termination resistor between unrerential pair. Get Figure 17.
 V_{OL}max = V_{OS}max + ½ V_{OD}max.
 V_{th} is applied to the complementary input when operating in single–ended mode.
 Input termination pins open, D/D at the DC level within V_{CMR} and output pins loaded with R_L = 100 Ω across differential.

10. Parameter guaranteed by design verification not tested in production. 11. V_{REF_AC} used to rebias capacitor–coupled inputs only (see Figures 14 and 15).

			-40°C			25°C		85°C			
Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f _{inMax}	Maximum Input Clock Frequency	2.0			2.0			2.0			GHz
V _{OUTPP}	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Output Voltage Amplitude (@ V_{INPPmin}) f_{in} \leq 1.0 \mbox{ GHz} \\ \mbox{(Figure 4)} & f_{in} = 1.5 \mbox{ GHz} \\ f_{in} = 2.0 \mbox{ GHz} \end{array}$	220 200 170	350 300 270		220 200 170	350 300 270		220 200 170	350 300 270		mV
f _{DATA}	Maximum Operating Data Rate	1.5	2.5		1.5	2.5		1.5	2.5		Gb/s
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	Differential Input to Differential Output Propagation Delay	300	450	600	300	450	600	300	450	600	ps
t _s t _h	Setup Time Hold Time	300 500	60 70		300 500	60 70		300 500	60 70		
tSKEW	Within Device Skew (Note 17) Device-to-Device Skew (Note 16)		5 30	20 200		5 30	20 200		5 30	20 200	ps
t _{jitter}	$\begin{array}{ll} \text{RMS Random Clock Jitter (Note 14)} & f_{\text{in}} = 1.0 \text{ GHz} \\ f_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ \text{Deterministic Jitter (Note 15)} & f_{\text{DATA}} = 622 \text{ Mb/s} \\ f_{\text{DATA}} = 1.5 \text{ Gb/s} \\ f_{\text{DATA}} = 2.488 \text{ Gb/s} \end{array}$		0.5 0.5 6.0 7.0 10	1.0 1.0 20 20 20		0.5 0.5 6.0 7.0 10	1.0 1.0 20 20 20		0.5 0.5 6.0 7.0 10	1.0 1.0 20 20 20	ps
V _{INPP}	Input Voltage Swing/Sensitivity (Differential Configuration) (Note 13)	100		V _{CC} - GND	100		V _{CC} - GND	100		V _{CC} - GND	mV
t _r t _f	Output Rise/Fall Times @ 250 MHz Q, Q (20% – 80%)	60	120	190	60	120	190	60	120	190	ps

Table 6. AC CHARACTERISTICS $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V, GND = 0 V; (Note 12)

NOTE: Device will meet the specifications after thermal equilibrium has been established when mounted in a test socket or printed circuit board with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm.

12. Measured by forcing V_{INPPmin} with 50% duty cycle clock source and V_{CC} – 1400 mV offset. All loading with an external $R_L = 100 \Omega$. Input edge rates 150 ps (20%–80%). See Figure 17.

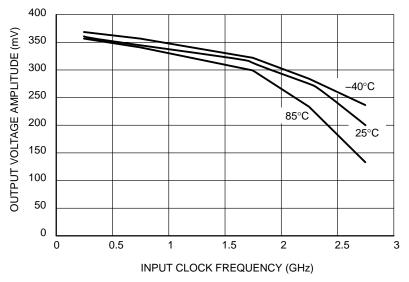
13. Input voltage swing is a single-ended measurement operating in differential mode.

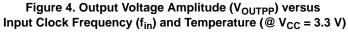
14. RMS jitter with 50% Duty Cycle clock signal at 750 MHz.

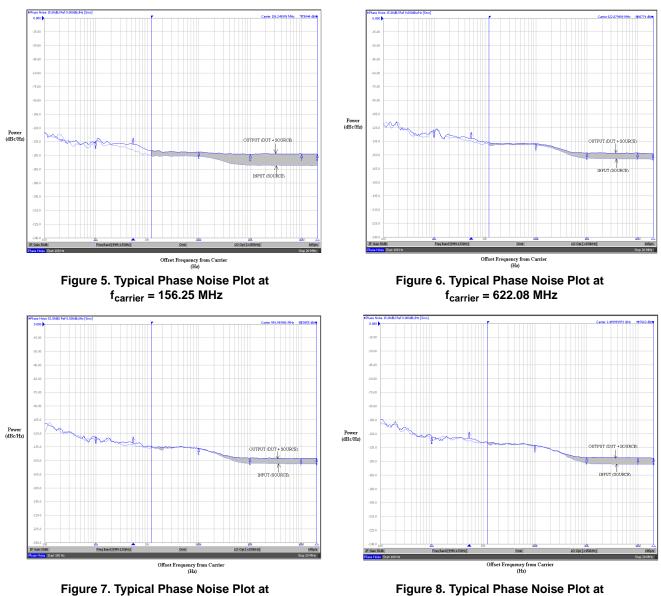
15. Deterministic jitter with input NRZ data at PRBS 2²³-1 and K28.5.

16. Skew is measured between outputs under identical transition @ 250 MHz.

17. The worst case condition between Q0/Q0 and Q1/Q1 from either D0/D0 or D1/D1, when both outputs have the same transition.







f_{carrier} = 1 GHz

The above phase noise plots captured using Agilent E5052A show additive phase noise of the NB6N14S device at frequencies 156.25 MHz, 622.08 MHz, 1 GHz and 1.5 GHz respectively at an operating voltage of 3.3 V in room temperature. The RMS Phase Jitter contributed by the

device (integrated between 12 kHz and 20 MHz; as shown in the shaded region of the plot) at each of the frequencies is 182 fs, 31 fs, 20 fs and 15 fs respectively. The input source used for the phase noise measurements is Agilent E8663B.

f_{carrier} = 1.5 GHz



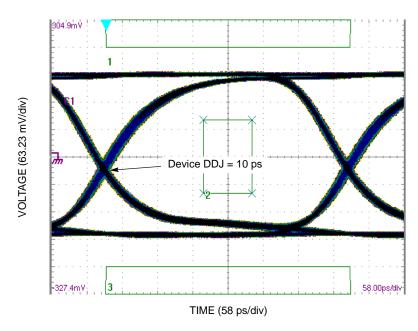
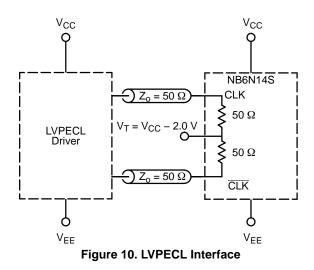


Figure 9. Typical Output Waveform at 2.488 Gb/s with PRBS 2^{23-1} and OC48 mask (V_{INPP} = 100 mV; Input Signal DDJ = 14 ps)



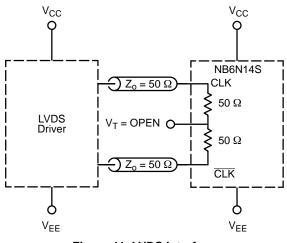


Figure 11. LVDS Interface

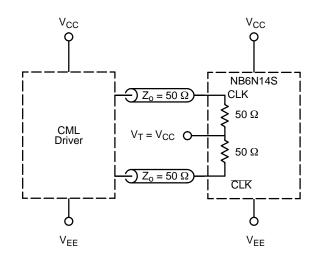
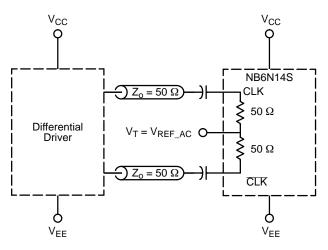
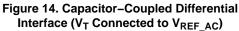


Figure 12. Standard 50 Ω Load CML Interface





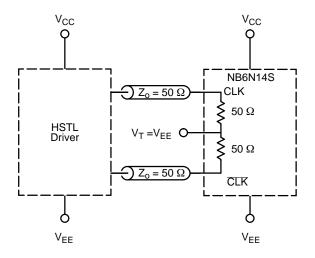
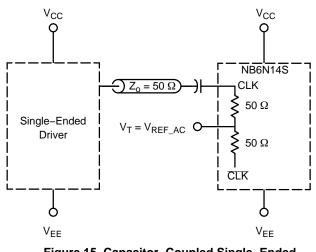
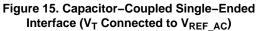
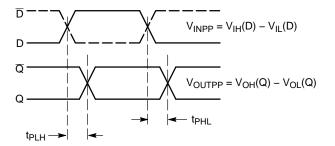


Figure 13. Standard 50 Ω Load HSTL Interface









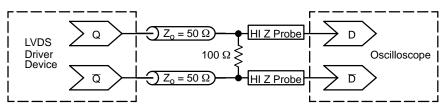
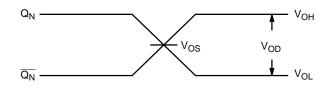


Figure 17. Typical LVDS Termination for Output Driver and Device Evaluation





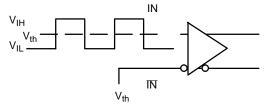
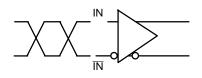
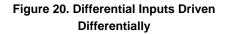


Figure 19. Differential Input Driven Single–Ended





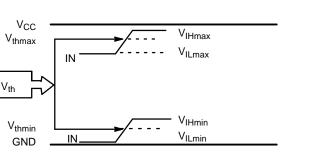


Figure 21. V_{th} Diagram

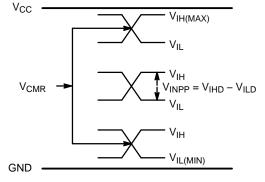


Figure 22. V_{CMR} Diagram

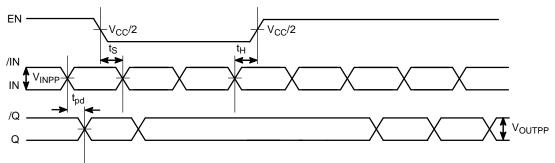


Figure 23. EN Timing Diagram

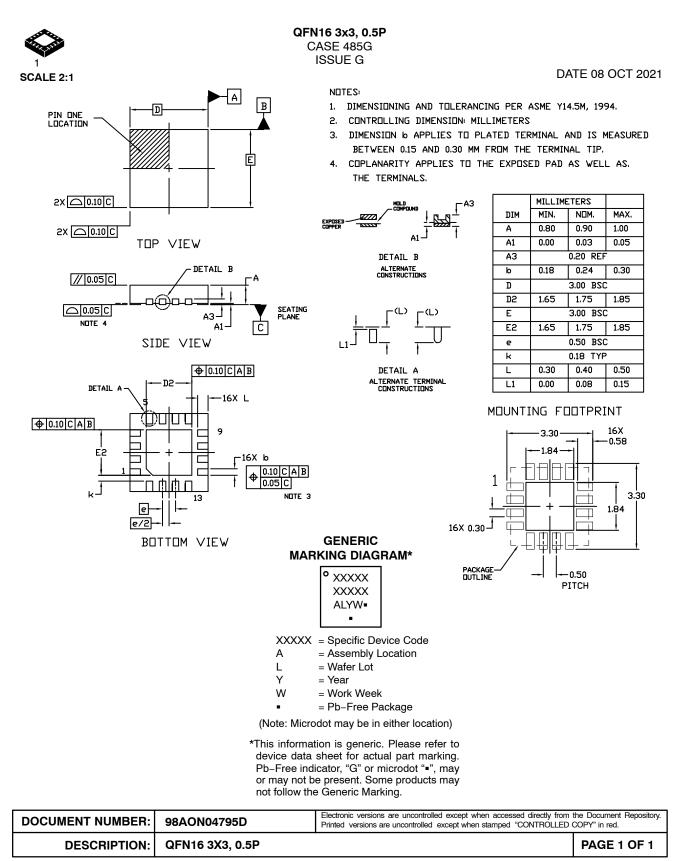
ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping [†]
NB6N14SMNG	QFN–16, 3 X 3 mm (Pb–Free)	123 Units / Rail
NB6N14SMNR2G	QFN–16, 3 X 3 mm (Pb–Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

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