# Power MOSFET 30 Amps, 60 Volts

### P-Channel D<sup>2</sup>PAK

This Power MOSFET is designed to withstand high energy in the avalanche and commutation modes. Designed for low voltage, high speed switching applications in power supplies, converters and power motor controls, these devices are particularly well suited for bridge circuits where diode speed and commutating safe operating areas are critical and offer additional safety margin against unexpected voltage transients.

#### **Features**

- Avalanche Energy Specified
- I<sub>DSS</sub> and V<sub>DS(on)</sub> Specified at Elevated Temperature
- AEC-Q101 Qualified and PPAP Capable MTBV30P06V
- These Devices are Pb-Free and are RoHS Compliant

#### MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>C</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-to-Source Voltage	V <sub>DSS</sub>	60	Vdc
Drain-to-Gate Voltage ( $R_{GS} = 1.0 \text{ M}\Omega$ )	$V_{DGR}$	60	Vdc
Gate-to-Source Voltage - Continuous - Non-repetitive (t <sub>p</sub> ≤ 10 ms)	V <sub>GS</sub> V <sub>GSM</sub>	± 15 ± 25	Vdc Vpk
	I <sub>D</sub> I <sub>D</sub>	30 19 105	Adc Apk
Total Power Dissipation @ 25°C Derate above 25°C Total Power Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C (Note 1)	P <sub>D</sub>	125 0.83 3.0	W W/°C
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to 175	°C
	E <sub>AS</sub>	450	mJ
Thermal Resistance - Junction-to-Case - Junction-to-Ambient - Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1)	$egin{array}{c} R_{ heta JC} \ R_{ heta JA} \ R_{ heta JA} \end{array}$	1.2 62.5 50	°C/W
Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes, 1/8" from Case for 10 seconds	TL	260	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

 When surface mounted to an FR4 board using the minimum recommended pad size.

1

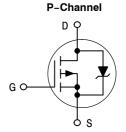


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# 30 AMPERES, 60 VOLTS

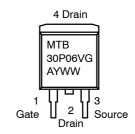
 $R_{DS(on)} = 80 \text{ m}\Omega$ 





D<sup>2</sup>PAK CASE 418B STYLE 2

#### **MARKING DIAGRAM & PIN ASSIGNMENT**



A = Assembly Location

= Year

WW = Work Week

G = Pb-Free Package

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>
MTB30P06VG	D <sup>2</sup> PAK (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail
MTB30P06VT4G	D <sup>2</sup> PAK (Pb-Free)	800 / Tape & Reel
MTBV30P06VT4G	D <sup>2</sup> PAK (Pb-Free)	800 / Tape & Reel

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic			Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS		!		1	Į.	!
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage (V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 Vdc, I <sub>D</sub> = 0.25 mAdc) Temperature Coefficient (Positive	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	60 -	- 62	_ _	Vdc mV/°C	
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $(V_{DS} = 60 \text{ Vdc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc})$ $(V_{DS} = 60 \text{ Vdc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}, T_J)$	I <sub>DSS</sub>	- -	- -	10 100	μAdc	
Gate-Body Leakage Current (V <sub>GS</sub> =	± 15 Vdc, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 Vdc)	I <sub>GSS</sub>	-	-	100	nAdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)						
Gate Threshold Voltage (V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μAdc) Threshold Temperature Coefficient (Negative)			2.0	2.6 5.3	4.0 -	Vdc mV/°C
Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	(V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 Vdc, I <sub>D</sub> = 15 Adc)	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	-	0.067	0.08	Ω
Drain-Source On-Voltage (V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 Vdc, I <sub>D</sub> = 30 Adc) (V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 Vdc, I <sub>D</sub> = 15 Adc, T <sub>J</sub> = 150°C)			_ _	2.0	2.9 2.8	Vdc
Forward Transconductance ( $V_{DS} = 8.3 \text{ Vdc}$ , $I_D = 15 \text{ Adc}$ )	9FS	5.0	7.9	-	Mhos	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS						
Input Capacitance		C <sub>iss</sub>	-	1562	2190	pF
Output Capacitance	$(V_{DS} = 25 \text{ Vdc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz})$	C <sub>oss</sub>	-	524	730	
Transfer Capacitance		C <sub>rss</sub>	-	154	310	
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS	(Note 3)					
Turn-On Delay Time		t <sub>d(on)</sub>	-	14.7	30	ns
Rise Time	(V <sub>DD</sub> = 30 Vdc, I <sub>D</sub> = 30 Adc,	t <sub>r</sub>	-	25.9	50	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$V_{GS}$ = 10 Vdc, $R_G$ = 9.1 $\Omega$ )	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	-	98	200	
Fall Time		t <sub>f</sub>	-	52.4	100	
Gate Charge		Q <sub>T</sub>	-	54	80	nC
(See Figure 8)	(V <sub>DS</sub> = 48 Vdc, I <sub>D</sub> = 30 Adc,	Q <sub>1</sub>	-	9.0	-	
	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ Vdc}$	Q <sub>2</sub>	-	26	_	
		Q <sub>3</sub>	-	20	_	
SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE CHARAC	TERISTICS					
Forward On-Voltage	$(I_S = 30 \text{ Adc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc})$ $(I_S = 30 \text{ Adc}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ Vdc}, T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C})$	V <sub>SD</sub>	- -	2.3 1.9	3.0	Vdc
Reverse Recovery Time		t <sub>rr</sub>	-	175	-	ns
	(I <sub>S</sub> = 30 Adc, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 Vdc,	t <sub>a</sub>	-	107	_	]
	$dl_{S}/dt = 100 \text{ A/}{\mu}s$	t <sub>b</sub>	-	68	_	
Reverse Recovery Stored Charge		Q <sub>RR</sub>	-	0.965	_	μC
INTERNAL PACKAGE INDUCTANO	CE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO	1		•	•	
Internal Drain Inductance (Measured from contact screw or (Measured from the drain lead 0.	L <sub>D</sub>	_	3.5 4.5	-	nH	
Internal Source Inductance (Measured from the source lead	L <sub>S</sub>	_	7.5	-	nH	

Pulse Test: Pulse Width ≤ 300 μs, Duty Cycle ≤ 2%.
 Switching characteristics are independent of operating junction temperature.

#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

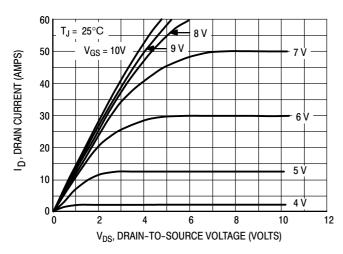


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics

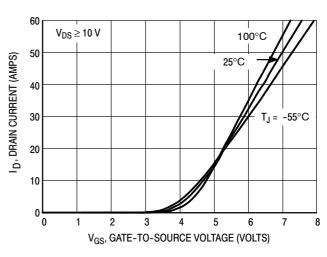


Figure 2. Transfer Characteristics

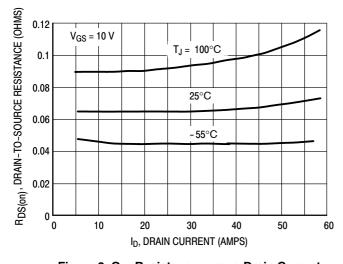


Figure 3. On-Resistance versus Drain Current and Temperature

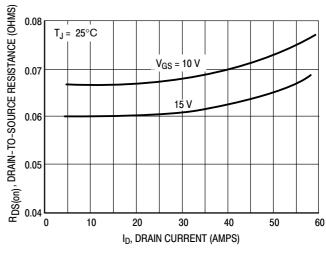


Figure 4. On-Resistance versus Drain Current and Gate Voltage

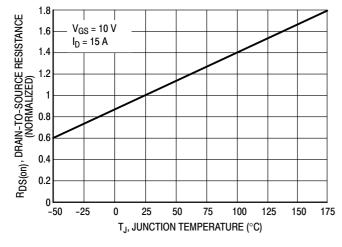


Figure 5. On–Resistance Variation with Temperature

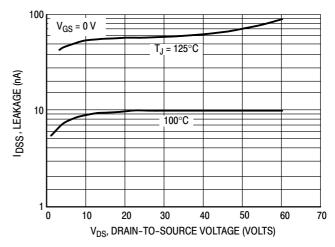


Figure 6. Drain-To-Source Leakage Current versus Voltage

#### POWER MOSFET SWITCHING

Switching behavior is most easily modeled and predicted by recognizing that the power MOSFET is charge controlled. The lengths of various switching intervals ( $\Delta t$ ) are determined by how fast the FET input capacitance can be charged by current from the generator.

The published capacitance data is difficult to use for calculating rise and fall because drain–gate capacitance varies greatly with applied voltage. Accordingly, gate charge data is used. In most cases, a satisfactory estimate of average input current  $(I_{G(AV)})$  can be made from a rudimentary analysis of the drive circuit so that

$$t = Q/I_{G(AV)}$$

During the rise and fall time interval when switching a resistive load,  $V_{GS}$  remains virtually constant at a level known as the plateau voltage,  $V_{SGP}$ . Therefore, rise and fall times may be approximated by the following:

$$t_r = Q_2 x R_G/(V_{GG} - V_{GSP})$$
  
$$t_f = Q_2 x R_G/V_{GSP}$$

where

 $V_{GG}$  = the gate drive voltage, which varies from zero to  $V_{GG}$   $R_G$  = the gate drive resistance

and  $Q_2$  and  $V_{\mbox{\footnotesize GSP}}$  are read from the gate charge curve.

During the turn-on and turn-off delay times, gate current is not constant. The simplest calculation uses appropriate values from the capacitance curves in a standard equation for voltage change in an RC network. The equations are:

$$t_{d(on)} = R_G C_{iss} In [V_{GG}/(V_{GG} - V_{GSP})]$$
  
$$t_{d(off)} = R_G C_{iss} In (V_{GG}/V_{GSP})$$

The capacitance ( $C_{iss}$ ) is read from the capacitance curve at a voltage corresponding to the off-state condition when calculating  $t_{d(on)}$  and is read at a voltage corresponding to the on-state when calculating  $t_{d(off)}$ .

At high switching speeds, parasitic circuit elements complicate the analysis. The inductance of the MOSFET source lead, inside the package and in the circuit wiring which is common to both the drain and gate current paths, produces a voltage at the source which reduces the gate drive current. The voltage is determined by Ldi/dt, but since di/dt is a function of drain current, the mathematical solution is complex. The MOSFET output capacitance also complicates the mathematics. And finally, MOSFETs have finite internal gate resistance which effectively adds to the resistance of the driving source, but the internal resistance is difficult to measure and, consequently, is not specified.

The resistive switching time variation versus gate resistance (Figure 9) shows how typical switching performance is affected by the parasitic circuit elements. If the parasitics were not present, the slope of the curves would maintain a value of unity regardless of the switching speed. The circuit used to obtain the data is constructed to minimize common inductance in the drain and gate circuit loops and is believed readily achievable with board mounted components. Most power electronic loads are inductive; the data in the figure is taken with a resistive load, which approximates an optimally snubbed inductive load. Power MOSFETs may be safely operated into an inductive load; however, snubbing reduces switching losses.

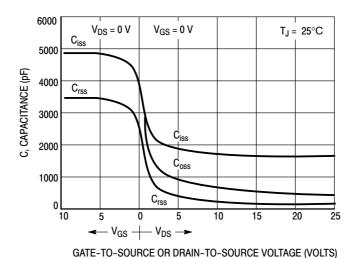


Figure 7. Capacitance Variation

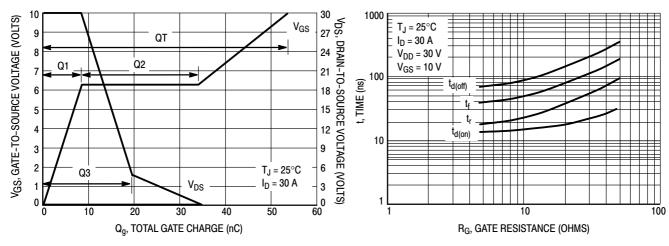


Figure 8. Gate-To-Source and Drain-To-Source Voltage versus Total Charge

Figure 9. Resistive Switching Time Variation versus Gate Resistance

#### DRAIN-TO-SOURCE DIODE CHARACTERISTICS

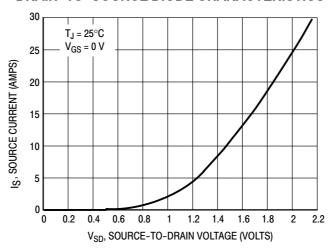


Figure 10. Diode Forward Voltage versus Current

#### SAFE OPERATING AREA

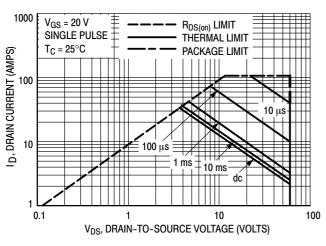
The Forward Biased Safe Operating Area curves define the maximum simultaneous drain-to-source voltage and drain current that a transistor can handle safely when it is forward biased. Curves are based upon maximum peak junction temperature and a case temperature (T<sub>C</sub>) of 25°C. Peak repetitive pulsed power limits are determined by using the thermal response data in conjunction with the procedures discussed in AN569, "Transient Thermal Resistance-General Data and Its Use"

Switching between the off-state and the on-state may traverse any load line provided neither rated peak current ( $I_{DM}$ ) nor rated voltage ( $V_{DSS}$ ) is exceeded and the transition time ( $t_p t_f$ ) do not exceed 10  $\mu s$ . In addition the total power averaged over a complete switching cycle must not exceed ( $T_{J(MAX)} - T_C$ )/( $R_{\theta JC}$ ).

A Power MOSFET designated E-FET can be safely used in switching circuits with unclamped inductive loads. For reliable operation, the stored energy from circuit inductance dissipated in the transistor while in avalanche must be less than the rated limit and adjusted for operating conditions differing from those specified. Although industry practice is to rate in terms of energy, avalanche energy capability is not a constant. The energy rating decreases non–linearly with an increase of peak current in avalanche and peak junction temperature.

Although many E–FETs can withstand the stress of drain–to–source avalanche at currents up to rated pulsed current ( $I_{DM}$ ), the energy rating is specified at rated continuous current ( $I_{D}$ ), in accordance with industry custom. The energy rating must be derated for temperature as shown in the accompanying graph (Figure 12). Maximum energy at currents below rated continuous  $I_{D}$  can safely be assumed to equal the values indicated.

#### **SAFE OPERATING AREA**



I<sub>D</sub> = 30 A F<sub>AS</sub>, SINGLE PULSE DRAIN-TO-SOURCE AS, AVALANCHE ENERGY (mJ) T<sub>J</sub>, STARTING JUNCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)

Figure 11. Maximum Rated Forward Biased Safe Operating Area

Figure 12. Maximum Avalanche Energy versus Starting Junction Temperature

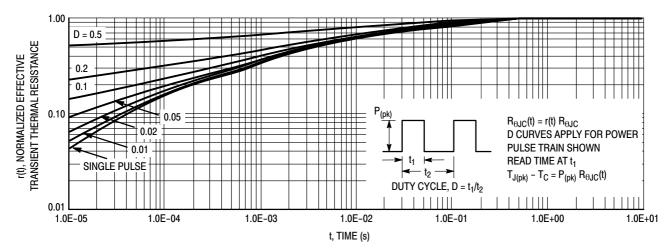


Figure 13. Thermal Response

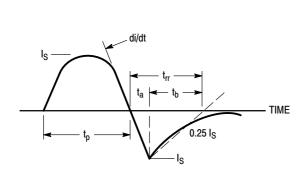


Figure 14. Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform

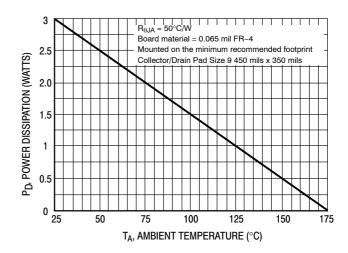


Figure 15. D<sup>2</sup>PAK Power Derating Curve

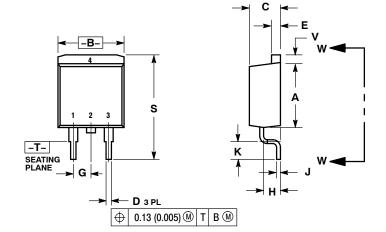




D<sup>2</sup>PAK 3 CASE 418B-04 **ISSUE L** 

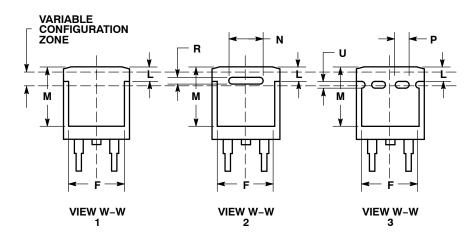
**DATE 17 FEB 2015** 

#### SCALE 1:1



- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
   CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
- 3. 418B-01 THRU 418B-03 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 418B-04.

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.340	0.380	8.64	9.65	
В	0.380	0.405	9.65	10.29	
С	0.160	0.190	4.06	4.83	
D	0.020	0.035	0.51	0.89	
E	0.045	0.055	1.14	1.40	
F	0.310	0.350	7.87	8.89	
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC		
Н	0.080	0.110	2.03	2.79	
J	0.018	0.025	0.46	0.64	
K	0.090	0.110	2.29	2.79	
L	0.052	0.072	1.32	1.83	
М	0.280	0.320	7.11	8.13	
N	0.197 REF		5.00	REF	
Р	0.079 REF		2.00	REF	
R	0.039 REF		0.99	.99 REF	
S	0.575	0.625	14.60	15.88	
٧	0.045	0.055	1.14	1.40	



STYLE 1: PIN 1. BASE 2. COLLECTOR
3. EMITTER
4. COLLECTOR

STYLE 2: PIN 1. GATE 2. DRAIN 3. SOURCE 4. DRAIN

STYLE 3:

PIN 1. ANODE 2. CATHODE 3. ANODE 4. CATHODE

STYLE 4: PIN 1. GATE 2. COLLECTOR 3. EMITTER

4. COLLECTOR

STYLE 5: PIN 1. CATHODE 2. ANODE 3. CATHODE 4. ANODE

STYLE 6: PIN 1. NO CONNECT 2. CATHODE 3. ANODE

4. CATHODE

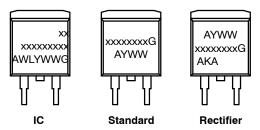
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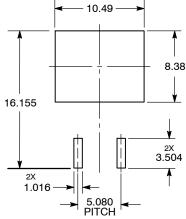
# GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM\*



xx = Specific Device Code A = Assembly Location

WL = Wafer Lot
Y = Year
WW = Work Week
G = Pb-Free Package
AKA = Polarity Indicator

#### **SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

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<sup>\*</sup>For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the **onsemi** Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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