Onsemi

Buck Regulator, Synchronous, 3.33 MHz, 1 A

FAN53745

Description

The FAN53745 is a low quiescent current step-down DC/DC converter that delivers a regulated output voltage from an input supply of 2.3 V to 5.5 V. The combination of built-in power transistors, synchronous rectification, and a tiny solution size make the device ideal for portable applications.

The converter normally operates in PWM Mode at a typical fixed-frequency of 3.33 MHz. At moderate and light loads, the device will transition into PFM Mode to maintain high efficiency and excellent transient response. Additionally, a low power Shutdown Mode reduces power consumption when the device is disabled.

The FAN53745 is available in 6-bump, 0.4 mm pitch, Wafer-Level Chip-Scale Package (WLCSP).

Features

- Proprietary Current Mode Architecture
- Wide Input Voltage Range: 2.3 V to 5.5 V
- 1 A Load Capability
- PFM / PWM Modes for High Efficiency
- I²C-compatible Interface
- Programmable Output Voltage: 0.9 V to 3.3 V
- Programmable Current Limit: 440 mA to 2090 mA
- Internal Soft-Start
- Protection Faults (OT, Input UVLO, Output Short and Reverse Current)
- Automatic Pass-Through Operation
- Hardware Reset when Holding SCL Low
- Pb-Free and RoHS Compliant

Applications

- Smart Phones
- Smart Watch
- Health Monitoring
- Sensor Drive
- Energy Harvesting
- Utility and Safety Modules
- RF Modules



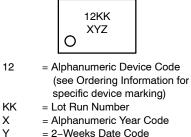
DATA SHEET



CASE 567WU

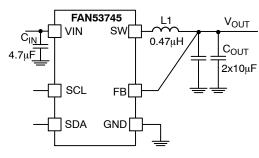
WLCSP6

MARKING DIAGRAM



- = 2-Weeks Date Code
- = Assembly Plant Code

Ζ





ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 2 of this data sheet.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Device Marking	Output Voltage	Slave Address	Temperature Range	Package	Shipping †
FAN53745UC00X	MJ	2.5 V	7h'20	–40°C to +85°C	6-bump WLCSP,	Tape & Reel
FAN53745UC01X	MK	2.0 V	7h'30		S/B 1.50 x 0.94	
FAN53745UC02X (In Development)	MM	2.6 V	7h'32			

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

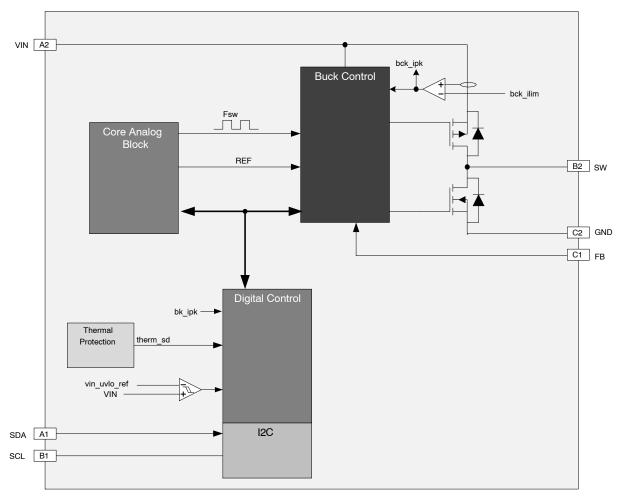


Figure 2. Block Diagram

PRODUCT PIN ASSIGNMENTS

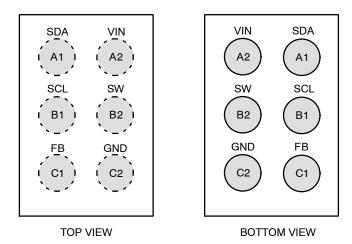


Figure 3. Pin Arrangement

PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Name	Description
A1	SDA	Serial Interface Data. I ² C input/output data line pin. Do not leave this pin floating.
A2	VIN	Input Voltage. Power input to converter. Place input decoupling capacitor as close to the this pin as possible.
B1	SCL	Serial Interface Clock. I ² C Clock input pin. Holding this pin low for 100 ms will generate a hardware reset. Do not leave this pin floating.
B2	SW	Switching Node. Connect to one side of the inductor.
C1	FB	Feedback. Connect to positive side of output capacitor.
C2	GND	Ground. Power and IC ground. All signals are referenced to this pin.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
V _{IN}	Input Voltage		-0.3	-	6.0	V
V _{SW}	Voltage on SW Pin		-0.3	-	6.0	V
V _{CTRL}	SDA and SCL Pins		-0.3	-	(Note 1)	V
	FB Pin		-0.3	-	(Note 1)	V
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Protection Level	Human Body Model	-	2.0	-	kV
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge Protection Level	Charged Device Model	-	500	-	V
TJ	Junction Temperature		-40	-	+150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temp		-40	-	+150	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. Lesser of 6 V or VIN + 0.3 V.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Q_JA	Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance		-	65	-	°C/W

 Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is a function of application and board layout. This data is measured with two-layer 2s2p with VIAs boards in accordance to JEDEC standard JESD51. Special attention must be paid not to exceed junction temperature TJ(max) at a given ambient temperature TA.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V _{IN}	Supply Voltage Range		2.3	-	5.5	V
L	Inductor		-	0.47	-	μΗ
C _{IN}	Input Capacitor		-	4.7	-	μF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitor		-	2x10	-	μF
I _{OUT}	Output Current		-	-	1000	mA
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature		-40	-	+85	°C
TJ	Junction Temperature		-40	-	+125	°C

Functional operation above the stresses listed in the Recommended Operating Ranges is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses beyond the Recommended Operating Ranges limits may affect device reliability.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Minimum and maximum values are at $V_{IN} = 3.8$ V, $V_{OUT} = 0.9$ to 3.3 V, $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C
unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = 25°C, V _{IN} = 3.8 V, V _{OUT} = 2.6 V)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
OPERATING C	URRENT					
IRESET	Shutdown Supply Current	ENABLE bit = 0, No Load, SCL pulled low	-	0.25	0.8	μΑ
I _{IDLE}	Standby Supply Current	ENABLE bit = 0, No Load	-	15.4	13	μΑ
IQ _{PFM}	PFM Quiescent Current	ENABLE bit = 1, PFM Mode, Non Switching, No Load	-	43	57	μΑ
IQ _{PWM}	PWM Quiescent Current (Note 4)	ENABLE bit = 1, FPWM Mode, No Load	-	8.5	15	mA
IQ _{PT_PFM}	PASS-THRU from PFM Current Consumption (Note 4)	$ENABLE = 1, V_{OUT_TARGET} > V_{IN} > V_{UVLO}$	-	80	93	μΑ
IQ _{PT_PWM}	PASS-THRU from PWM Current Consumption (Note 4)	ENABLE bit = 1, V _{OUT_TARGET} > V _{IN} > V _{UVLO}	_	80	93	μΑ

OUTPUT VOLTAGE

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VO _{MIN}	Programmable Output Voltage		-	0.900	-	V
VO _{MAX}	Range		-	3.300	-	V
VO _{DVS}	Programmable Voltage Slew Rate		_	0.5, 1.0, 1.25, 2.0, 2.5, 3.75, 5, 10	-	mV/μs
VO _{DVS_ACC}	Programmable Voltage Slew Rate for 0.5 to 3.75 mV/μs Scaling Settings	V_{IN} = 2.3 to 4.9 V & V_{IN} > V_{OUT} + 500 mV	-10	-	+10	%
	Programmable Voltage Slew Rate for 5 mV/ μ s and 10 mV/ μ s	V_{IN} = 2.3 to 4.9 V & V_{IN} > V_{OUT} + 500 mV	-20	-	+20	%
T _{DVS}	Period from I ² C command to ramp start	$V_{\rm IN}$ = 2.3 to 4.9 V & $V_{\rm IN}$ > $V_{\rm OUT}$ + 500 mV	-	-	40	μs

PWM VOLTAGE ACCURACY

VOUT _{ACC}	Output Voltage Accuracy	V_{IN} = 2.3 to 4.9 V & V_{\text{IN}} > V_{\text{OUT}} + 500 mV, V_{OUT} = 0.9 V to 1.5 V, Forced PWM Mode, I_{OUT} = 0 A	-20	-	+20	mV
		V_{IN} = 2.3 to 4.9 V & V_{IN} > V_{OUT} + 500 mV, V_{OUT} = 1.5 V to 3.3 V, Forced PWM Mode, I_{OUT} = 0 A	-1.5	-	+1.5	%

PFM VOLTAGE ACCURACY

VOUT _{ACC}	Output Voltage Accuracy	V_{IN} = 2.3 to 4.9 V & V_{IN} > V_{OUT} + 500 mV, V_{OUT} = 0.9 V to 1.5 V, PFM Mode, I_{OUT} = 0 A	-45	-	+45	mV
		V_{IN} = 2.3 to 4.9 V & V_{\text{IN}} > V_{\text{OUT}} + 500 mV, V_{OUT} = 1.5 V to 3.3 V, PFM Mode, I_{OUT} = 0 A	-2.75	-	+2.75	%

CURRENT LIMIT

ILIM _{PWM_ACC}	Peak Inductor Current Limit Accuracy	Peak current accuracy for \leq 1.0 A pk setting, open loop	-25	-	+25	%
		Peak current accuracy for > 1.0 A pk setting, open loop	-12	-	+12	%
ILIM _{PFM_ACC}		PFM peak current accuracy for < 1.0 A pk setting, open loop	-30	-	+30	%
		PFM peak current accuracy for > 1.0 A pk setting, open loop	-20	-	+20	%
ILIM _{NEG}	Negative Current		-700	-1000	-1300	mA

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
PFM <-> PWM	THRESHOLDS	•				-
I _{PFM}	I _{OUT} where part transitions into PFM		-	103	-	mA
I _{PWM}	I _{OUT} where part transitions into PWM		-	135	-	mA
UVLO DETECT	ION					<u>.</u>
V_{UVLO_RISE}	Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold	Rising V _{IN}	2.10	2.15	2.20	V
V _{UVLO_FALL}	Under-Voltage Lockout Threshold	Falling V _{IN}	2.00	2.05	2.10	V
V _{UVLO_HYS}	UVLO Hystersis		-	100	-	mV
POWER MOSFI	ETs RDSON					-
RDS _{ON_NMOS}	NMOS Resistance (Ball-to-Ball)	V _{IN} = V _{GS} = 3.8 V	-	92	-	mΩ
RD _{ON_PMOS}	PMOS Resistance (Ball-to-Ball)	V _{IN} = V _{GS} = 3.8 V	-	125	-	mΩ
GENERAL		•				
F _{SW}	Switching Frequency	PWM, I _{OUT} = 0 A	3.00	3.33	3.67	MHz
R _{BK DIS}	Output Discharge Resistance		80	100	120	Ω
	D PERFORMANCE (Note 4)			•	•	
V _{IL}	SDA and SCL Logic Low threshold		-	-	0.4	V
V _{IH}	SDA and SCL Logic High threshold		1.2	_	5.5	V
V _{OL}	SDA Logic Low Output	3 mA Sink	-	-	0.4	V
I _{OL}	SDA Sink Current		2.0	-	-	mA
f _{SCL}	SCL Clock Frequency	Fast Mode Plus		-	1000	kHz
t _{BUF}	Bus-Free Time Between STOP and START Conditions (Note 4)	Fast Mode Plus	0.5	-	-	μs
t _{HD} ; STA	START or Repeated START Hold Time	Fast Mode Plus	260	_	-	ns
t _{LOW}	SCL LOW Period	Fast Mode Plus	0.5	-	-	μs
thigh	SCL HIGH Period	Fast Mode–Plus	260	-	-	ns
t _{SU} ; STA	Repeated START Setup Time	Fast Mode-Plus	260	-	-	ns
t _{SU} ; DAT	Data Setup Time	Fast Mode Plus	50	-	-	ns
t _{VD} ; DAT	Data Valid Time	Fast Mode Plus	-	-	450	ns
t _{VD} ; ACK	Data Valid Acknowledge Time	Fast Mode Plus	-	-	450	ns
t _R	SDA and SCL Rise Time (Note 4)	Fast Mode Plus	-	-	120	ns
t _F	SDA and SCL Fall Time (Note 4)	Fast Mode Plus, V _{DD} = 1.8 V	6.55	-	120	ns
t _{SU} ; STO	Stop Condition Setup Time	Fast Mode Plus	260	-	-	ns
Ci	SDA and SCL Input Capacitance (Note 5)		-	-	10	pF

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Minimum and maximum values are at V_{IN} = 3.8 V, V_{OUT} = 0.9 to 3.3 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Minimum and maximum values are at $V_{IN} = 3.8 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 0.9 \text{ to } 3.3 \text{ V}$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = 3.8 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2.6 \text{ V}$) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I ² C TIMING AN	D PERFORMANCE (Note 4)					
Cb	Capacitive Load for SDA and SCL (Note 5)		-	-	550	pF
t _{SP}	Spike pulse width that input filter must be suppress	SCL, SDA only	0	-	50	ns

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

3. Refer to Typical Characteristics waveforms/graphs for closed loop data and variation with input supply and temperature. Electrical specifications reflects both steady state and dynamic close loop data associated with the recommended external components.

4. Guaranteed by Design. Characterized on the ATE or Bench

5. Guaranteed by Design Only. Not Characterized or Production Tested

SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS (The following system specifications are guaranteed by designed and verified during bench evaluation, but are not performed in production testing. Recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise noted are, $V_{IN} = 2.3$ V to 4.9 V & $V_{IN} > V_{OUT} + 500$ mV, $T_A = -40^{\circ}$ C to $+85^{\circ}$ C, $V_{OUT} = 2.6$ V. Typical values are based on $V_{IN} = 3.8$ V, $V_{OUT} = 2.6$ V and $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C. System Specifications area based on circuit per Figure 1. L = 0.47 μ H, $C_{IN} = 4.7$ μ F, $C_{OUT} = 2 \times 10 \ \mu$ F) (Note 6)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit				
VOUT REGULATION										
LOAD _{REG}	Load Regulation	1 mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 1000 mA, V_{IN} = 2.3 to 4.9 V & V_{IN} \geq V_{OUT} + 500 mV, V_{OUT} = 0.9, 1.5, 2.6, 3.2 V FPWM	-5	-	+5	mV/A				
V _{TRRP}	Load Transient	I_{OUT} = 0 mA <-> 1 A, T_{R} = T_{F} = 500 mA/ms, Auto Mode, V_{IN} = 3.8 V, V_{OUT} = 1.5, 2.6 and 3.2 V	-30	-	+45	mV				
LINE _{TRAN}	Line Transient	V_{IN} = 3.0 V <-> 3.6 V, 100 mV/µs, I_{OUT} = 300 mA, PWM, V_{OUT} = 2.6 V	-35	-	+35	mV				

RIPPLE

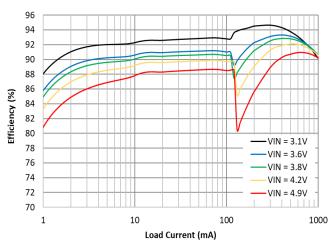
V _{RIPPLE}	Output Ripple	V_{IN} = 2.3 to 4.9 V, I_{OUT} = 1 mA and 10 mA, PFM Mode, V_{OUT} = 1.5, 2.6 and 3.2 V	_	31	50	mV
V _{RIPPLE}	Output Ripple	V _{IN} = 2.3 to 4.9 V, I _{OUT} = 500 mA and 1.0 A, V _{OUT} = 1.5, 2.6 and 3.2 V, PWM Mode	-	5	15	mV

6. System Specification are tested closed loop while using the recommended external components table.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 3.8 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2.6 \text{ V}$, Auto Mode, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, circuit and components according to the recommended external components and layout.

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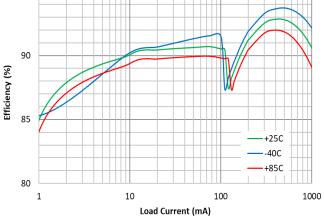


Figure 5. Efficiency vs. Load Current and Temperature

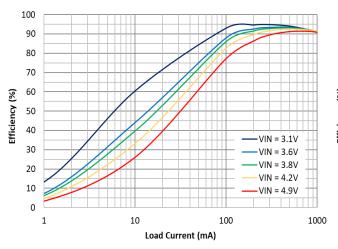


Figure 6. Efficiency vs. Load Current and Input Voltage, FPWM Mode

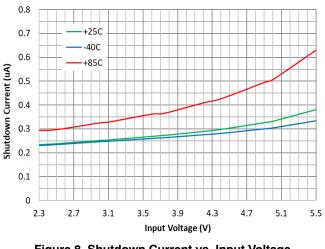


Figure 8. Shutdown Current vs. Input Voltage and Temperature

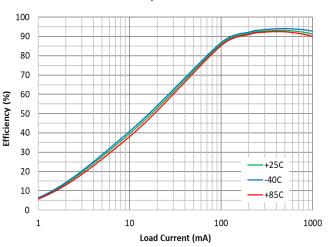
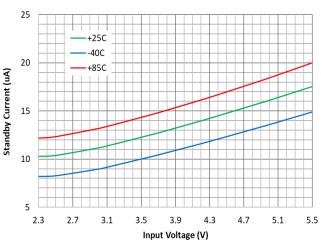


Figure 7. Efficiency vs. Load Current and Temperature, FPWM Mode

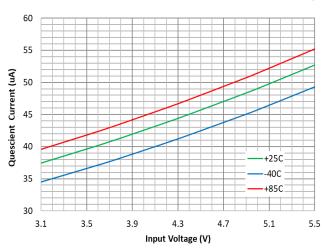




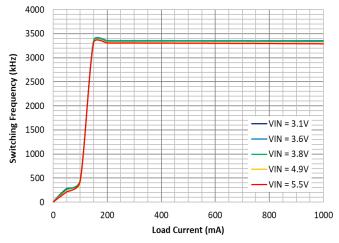
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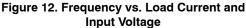
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

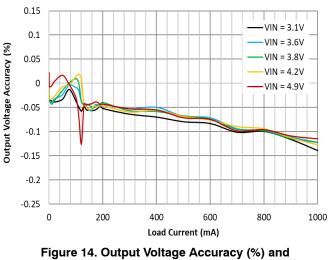
Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 3.8 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2.6 \text{ V}$, Auto Mode, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, circuit and components according to the recommended external components and layout.











Input Voltage

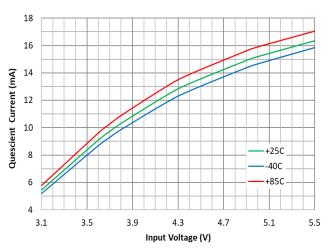


Figure 11. PWM Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage and Temperature

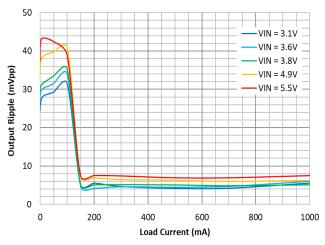
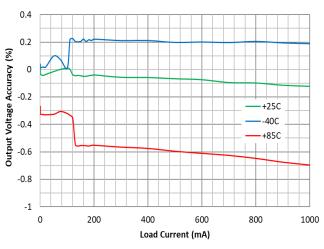


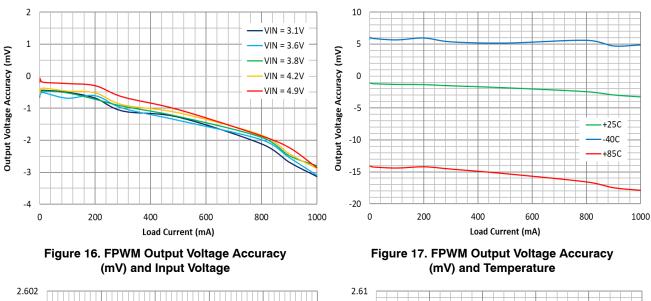
Figure 13. Output Ripple vs. Load Current and Input Voltage





TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 3.8 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2.6 \text{ V}$, Auto Mode, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, circuit and components according to the recommended external components and layout.



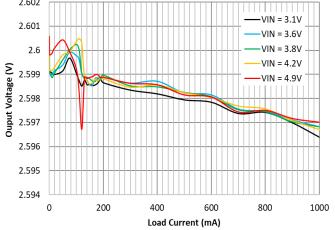


Figure 18. Load Regulation and Input Voltage

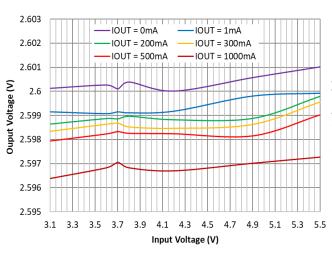


Figure 20. Line Regulation and Load Current

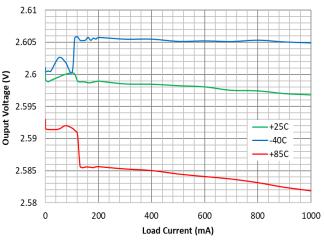
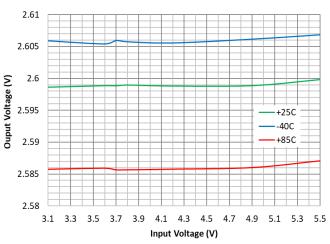
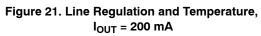


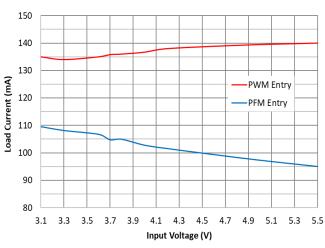
Figure 19. Load Regulation and Temperature

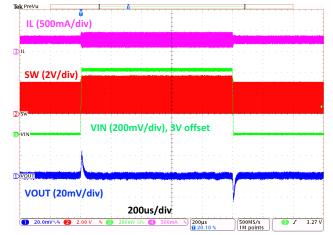




TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 3.8 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2.6 \text{ V}$, Auto Mode, $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, circuit and components according to the recommended external components and layout.







Tek Stop

IL (500mA/div

SW (2V/div)

VOUT (20mV/div)

1 20.0mV/\% 🔗 2.00

Tek Stop

JIOUT

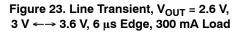
IOUT (100mÅ/div)

VOUT (20mV/div)

1 20.0mV 4 2 5.00 V 4 3 100mA Ω¹

VOUT

VIN (500mV/div), 3.8V offset



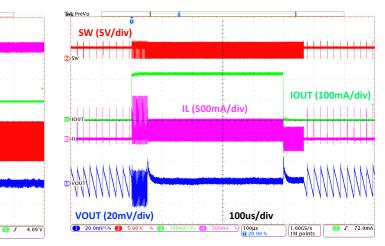


Figure 24. Line Transient, $V_{OUT} = 3.3 V$, 3.8 V $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ 4.4 V, 6 µs Edge, 300 mA Load

200µs

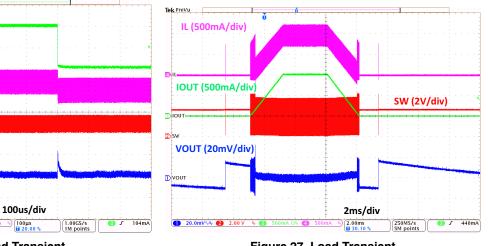
500MS/s 1M points

200us/div

IL (500mA/div)

SW (5V/div)

Figure 25. Load Transient 10 mA $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ 200 mA, 1 μ s Edge



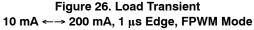


Figure 27. Load Transient 0 A $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ 1 A, 2 ms Edge

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = 3.8$ V, $V_{OUT} = 2.6$ V, Auto Mode, $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, circuit and components according to the recommended external components and layout.

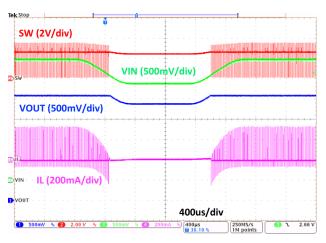


Figure 28. Pass Thru Operation, I_{OUT} = 10 mA, V_{IN} = 3 \leftrightarrow 2.4 V, V_{OUT} = 2.6 V

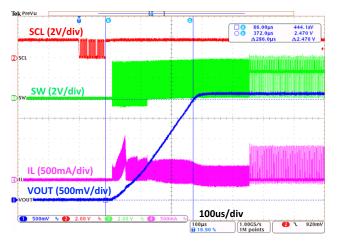


Figure 30. Startup into 100 mA Load

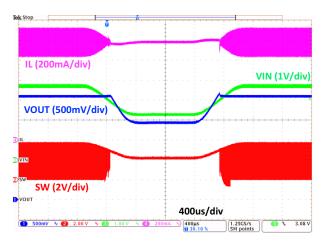


Figure 29. Pass Thru Operation, I_{OUT} = 1 A, V_{IN} = 3.8 $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ 2.4 V, V_{OUT} = 2.6 V

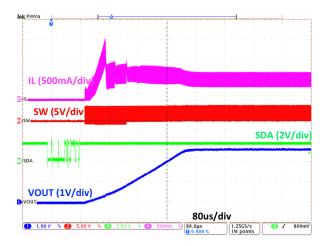


Figure 31. Startup into 500 mA Load

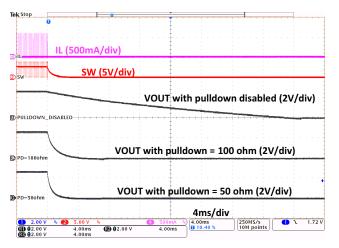


Figure 32. V_{OUT} Discharge with Different Pulldown Settings

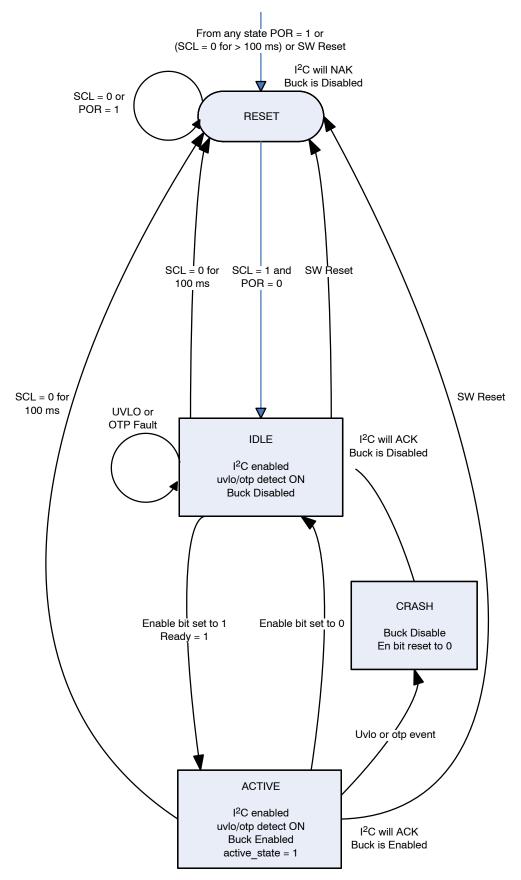
FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATIONS

Device Operation

Operation Description

The FAN53745 uses a proprietary current mode architecture with synchronous rectification to convert input voltages down to a regulated output voltage while limiting the peak inductor current.

During medium to heavy loading of the output, the FAN53745 operates in PWM operation to ensure excellent regulation. During light loading, the device automatically switches to PFM operation for high efficiency. To avoid potential noise interference by PFM switching frequencies with the load or other circuitry, the device can be programmed into Forced PWM operation. More details on PFM and PWM operation can be found under the Modes of Operation heading.



Ready status = ((idle_state or active_state) and pwr_ok and (over_temp_fault or uvlo_fault)

Figure 33. State Diagram

Device States

Reset State

When power is applied to the FAN53745, the device will go through a Power On Reset (POR) and then the FAN53745 checks the state of the I^2C SCL pin. If the SCL pin is low, the device will stay in the Reset State. If the SCL is high or if it at anytime goes high, the device moves to the Idle State. During Reset State, all I^2C registers are cleared to their default values and cannot be written to or read. If at anytime the input voltage were to fall below the POR threshold, the device will completely power off.

Software Reset

If the correct Reset code is written to the RESET register or the SCL pin is pulled low for more than 100 ms, the device will exit the present state (Active or Idle) and enter the Reset State. For a SW reset, by setting the Reset register, the device will only enter the Reset State momentarily to clear the registers and then the device will enter Idle State.

SCL Low Reset

If the device entered Reset because the SCL was held low for more than 100 ms, house keeping circuitry will be powered down to reduce power consumption and all registers will be reset to their default values. The device will remain in the Reset State as long as the SCL is held low. Once the SCL is released high, a wait time of ~20 μ s or more should be allowed for the I²C to properly read any I²C commands. After the housekeeping circuitry is stable, the READY bit will be set and the ENABLE bit can be set for the device to move from the Idle State to Active State.

Note: Care should be used when sharing the I^2C with another slave which may stretch the clock for more than 100 ms. If the application requires for the FAN53745 to ignore the SCL being held low, please consult your local On Semiconductor representative.

Idle State

In Idle State the I²C registers are read/write accessable and the UVLO comparator is activated. The READY bit in the Status Register 0x02h will be "1" while in the Idle State, providing there isn't a UVLO or OT fault. If the input voltage is less than UVLO rising threshold upon entering the Idle State from the Reset State, a UVLO fault will be generated and the device will stay in this state as long as POR < VIN < UVLO rising.

When the device enters Idle State due to either a UVLO or OT condition, the device waits 20 ms for the fault to clear. If the fault still exists after the 20 ms, the device will remain in the Idle State and READY = 0 until the fault clears. If the ENABLE bit is set to a "1" while either a UVLO or OT fault condition exists, the bit will be immediately cleared and the device will not advance to the Active State. Only after the fault has cleared and ENABLE is then set to "1" will the device move to the Active State.

Active State

In Active State, the buck converter is enabled and provides a regulated output voltage to the load. If during Active State the input voltage falls between POR and UVLO_Falling, the device will exit Active State, the Enable bit will be cleared and the device will return to an Idle State.

If the device temperature exceeds the OTP threshold while in the Active State, the Enable bit will be cleared and the device will return to the Idle State. The device will remain in the idle state until it cools below the hysteresis level and the ENABLE bit is set again to "1".

When a UVLO or OTP fault occurs, the associated STATUS and FAULT register bits are set. The Status bit will be cleared when the input voltage recovers or the die temperature returns below the hysteresis level. The Fault bits will remain set to "1" until they are read.

Startup Behavior

Startup Description

To enable the FAN53745, the ENABLE Register bit must be set to "1". The FAN53745 has internal soft–start which limits the input current from the battery by incrementing the voltage up to the target output voltage. This limits the current drawn and prevents brown out conditions. The device starts up within 520 μ s typical using the recommended external components table.

Shutdown Behavior

Disable

To disable the FAN53745, the ENABLE reg bit should be configured to code 0. When the part is disabled, the output will tristate. If the DISCHARGE SEL bits are set to something other than "00", the output will be discharged through the selected resistance. Otherwise, if DISCHARGE SEL = "00", the output will only be discharged by the load.

Active Pull Down

The FAN53745 has an active pull down to discharge the output capacitance. Once the ENABLE reg bit is set to 0, within ~2 µs, the active pull down is enabled and discharges the VOUT via an internal resistor. The strength of the pull down can be selected between 50 Ω , 100 Ω (Default), 200 Ω and open by setting the DISCHARGE SEL I²C bit. If the DISCHARGE I²C bit is set to 1, the resistor selected by DISCHARGE SEL will be used to discharge the output during voltage programming transitions from a higher to lower voltage.

Modes of Operation

PFM

Pulsed Frequency Modulation (PFM) operation adjusts the switching frequency relative to the load. By reducing the switching frequency at lighter load conditions, higher efficiency is realized at these light loads. In Automode operation, the device enters PFM mode when the load falls below IPFM threshold.

PWM

During Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) mode, the device switches at a nominal fixed frequency of 3.3 MHz, which reduces the values of the external components. During Auto Mode, the part enters PWM when load currents exceed IPWM typ. In PWM mode the device has excellent load regulation, ideal for powering loads which are sensitive to deviations in supply voltage. The FAN53745 can be forced into PWM (FPWM) regardless of the load current by setting FORCE PWM to a "1".

Pass Thru

To ensure there is not sub-harmonic behavior when Vin is close to the Vout_Target, the device enters Pass-Thru automatically. Using a proprietary method, the device maintains excellent regulation when transitioning into and out of Pass-Thru mode.

Protection Features

SHORT FAULT

If the output voltage falls below one-half the programmed voltage during normal operation, the device will declare a Short fault immediately without a debounce period and the SHORT FAULT bit will be set.

PFM Current Limit

During PFM operation, the peak current is limited to control the ripple and prevent the inductor from saturating. The open loop PFM current limit can be programmed between 500 mA and 1325 mA in 55 mA steps. Due to inherent delays, the closed loop PFM current limit is expected to be 10 to 15% higher than the open loop PFM ILIMIT threshold of the device. Once the current limit is set, it can be locked by setting the locking bit $V_{\rm LLIMIT}$ LOCK.

PWM Current Limit

A heavy load or short circuit on the output causes the current in the inductor to increase until a maximum current threshold is reached in the high–side switch. Upon reaching this point, the high–side switch turns off, preventing high currents from damaging the device. After 500 μ s of current limit, the regulator triggers an over–current fault, causing the regulator to shut down for about 20 ms before attempting a restart. If the fault is caused by a short circuit, the soft–start circuit attempts to restart after about 20 ms and produces a SHORT FAULT if the fault persisted.

The open Loop Peak Inductor Current Limit can be programmed via I^2C and range from 440 mA to 2090 mA max in 110 mA steps. Due to inherent delays, the closed loop current limit is expected to be 10 to 15% higher than the open loop ILIMIT threshold of the device.

UVLO

Rising

While in Idle or Active State, the UVLO detection is enabled. The FAN53745 is designed to check the input voltage before enabling the converter. For Idle State, the input voltage must be above the UVLO rising threshold when the ENABLE bit is set to enable the buck converter. Otherwise, once loaded by the buck converter, the input voltage may fall below the UVLO falling threshold, resulting in start–up hiccup behavior. If the voltage is below the UVLO rising threshold when the ENABLE bit is set, the UVLO fault and status bits will be set and the ENABLE bit cleared.

• Falling

If the input voltage falls below the UVLO_falling threshold during Active State, the buck ENABLE bit will be cleared, the device will go to the Idle State and the PASS-THRU and PFM-PWM bits in the Status Reg are set to their default values of "0" and "1" respectively.

Thermal Shutdown

When the die temperature increases, due to a high load condition and/or a high ambient temperature, the ENABLE bit is cleared and the device returns to Idle State and the OVER TEMP Status and Fault bits are set. The PASS-THRU and PFM-PWM bits in the Status Reg are set to their default values of "0" and "1" respectively.

By monitoring the OVER TEMP bit in the FAULT STATUS register, when the die temperature falls below the hysteresis temperature and OVER_TEMP falls to "0", the buck can be re-enabled.

Negative Current Limit

The FAN53745 has a negative current limit protection which limits the current through the NFET in PWM Mode. If a voltage is applied to the buck output and is higher than VOUT target while in PWM, a negative current will be detected. Once the inductor current hits -1 A for one cycle, the output begins to tristate until the applied voltage is released and the output voltage falls below the regulated voltage.

In PFM mode, the Zero Crossing Detection does not allow any negative current to flow within inductor, any voltage higher than vout target applied to output will cause the regulator to enter tri-state and block current back through inductor.

NOTE: If a voltage applied to VOUT is greater than VIN, the body diode of high side FET will conduct.

Output Voltage

Programmable Output Voltage

The FAN53745 output voltage can be programmed in 10 mV steps from 1.5 to 3.3 V using the VESL register. The voltage transition is implemented by stepping through the voltage programming DAC up–to/down–to the new target voltage. The FAN53745 provides DVS functionality where

by the period of time between each step can be controlled by setting the DVS register bits.

Limiting the Programmable Range

If a new voltage value is written into the VSEL register which is either lower than VMIN or higher than VMAX, the DAC will scale but the value will not be programmed. The output voltage will remain at the present value.

If a new value for VMIN or VMAX is written to the registers and is either higher than or lower than respectively of the present voltage in the VSEL register, the output voltage will remain at its present value until programmed to a valid VSEL value.

Dynamic Voltage Scaling

The FAN53745 DVS operation for programming the voltage to a new level can be controlled by setting the DVS register bits for rates of 0.5 to 10 mV/µs. If the DVS EN bit in the MODE Register, 0x03 is set to a "1" when the output voltage is commanded to a lower voltage, the DAC decrements through the programmable output voltage steps until the reference value for target voltage is reached. The output voltage will fall at a rate dependent on the amount of distributed capacitance and load. The speed of the reduction in voltage can be accelerated by setting the DISCHARGE register bit in the SHUTDOWN register. The discharge resistance will be disabled when the DAC reference value is reached. The drawings below provide an example of the behavior during rising and falling DVS control.

Note:

- If there is little or no load on the output during the ramp, some non-linear ramping of the output voltage may be observed during DVS ramping.
- Simply setting the DVS bit to a "1" does not initiate voltage change. Voltage change is only initiated when the VSEL register value is changed.

I²C Interface

Introduction

The FAN53745 serial interface is compatible with the Standard-mode, Fast-mode and Fast-mode Plus I²C bus specifications. The SCL pin is an input and the SDA pin is bi-directional with an open-drain output configuration. The

IC supports single register read and write transactions as well as multiple register read transactions.

Slave Address

The default I²C address for one of the device options is shown below. See Ordering Information for the other released device options and their default values. Contact **onsemi** to request configuration options.

Table 1. DEVICE ADDRESS VALUES

Device	Hex	Binary
FAN53745UC00X	7h20	0100000X

Table 2. 7–BIT BINARY ADDRESS

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	Х
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	R/W

READ = 1 WRITE = 0

I²C Timing Diagrams

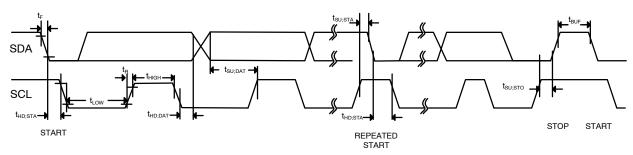


Figure 34. I²C Interface Timing for Fast-Mode Plus, Fast-Mode and Standard-Mode

Normally, data transfer occurs when the SCL is LOW. Data is clocked in on the rising edge of SCL. Typically data transitions at or after the subsequent falling edge of SCL to provide ample setup time for the next data bit to be ready before the subsequent rising edge of the SCL.

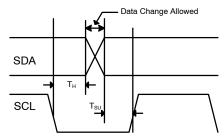
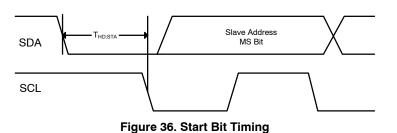


Figure 35. Data Transfer Timing

The idle state of I²C bus is with both SCL and SDA HIGH. Each bus transaction begins and ends with SDA and SCL HIGH. A transaction begins with a START condition, which is defined as SDA transitioning from High to LOW with SCL HIGH.



A valid transaction ends with a STOP condition which occurs when SDA transaction from LOW to HIGH while SCL remains HIGH.

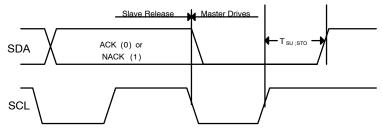


Figure 37. Stop Bit Timing

A REPEATED START condition is functionally equivalent to a STOP condition followed by a START condition. During a read from the IC, the master issues a REPEATED START after sending the register address and before re-sending the slave address. The REPEATED START is a HIGH to LOW transition on SDA while SCL is HIGH.

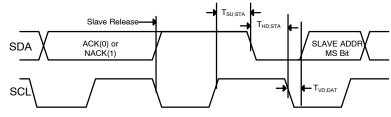
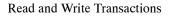


Figure 38. Repeated Start Timing



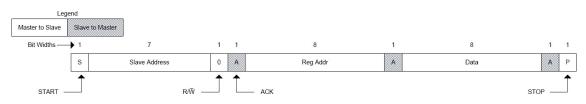


Figure 39. Single Register Write Transaction

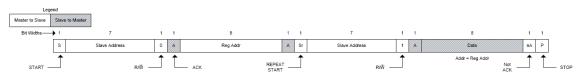


Figure 40. Single Register Read Transaction

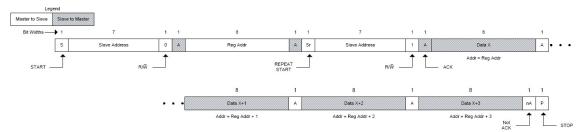


Figure 41. Multiple Register Write Transaction

I²C Hardware Reset

The FAN53745 can be reset and the I^2C registers cleared to their default values by pulling SCL low for more than 100 ms.

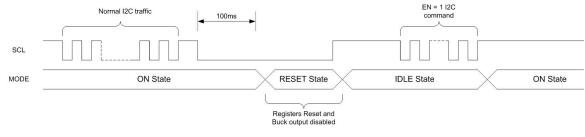


Figure 42. I²C Timing

FUNCTIONAL BEHAVIOR

Defined Behavior

PFM <-> PWM Thresholds

Device will transition into PWM when IOUT reaches IPWM and transition back to PFM when load current falls below IPFM.

REGISTER MAPPING TABLE

Table 3. REGISTER MAPPING

					Read Only	Write Only	Read / Write	Read / Clear	Write / Clear	
Address	Name	Bit[7]	Bit[6]	Bit[5]	Bit[4]	Bit[3]	Bit[2]	Bit[1]	Bit[0]	
0x00	Product ID_REV		Prod	uct ID		Silicon Revision				
0x01	FAULT FLAGS	0			STARTUP TIMEOUT FAULT	UVLO FAULT	OVER TEMP FAULT	SHORT FAULT	ILIM FAULT	
0x02	STATUS	0	READY	PASS-THRU OPERATION	PFM_PWM	UVLO	OVER TEMP	VOUT SHORT	CURRENT LIMIT	
0x03	MODE	ENABLE	FORCE_P WM	V_I_LIMIT_ LOCK	SS TIMEOUT	DVS EN	DVS			
0x04	VSEL				BUCK	VOUT				
0x05	VMIN				VOUT	_MIN				
0x06	VMAX				VOUT	_MAX				
0x07	SHUT DOWN			0		DISCHAF	DISCHARGE			
0x08	ILIMIT	PFM ILIM PWM IL								
0x09	RESET				SOFT_	RESET				

REGISTER DETAILS

Table 4. REGISTER DETAILS – 0X00 PRODUCT ID_REV

	0x00 Product ID	_REV			Default = 00000001
Bit	Name	Default	Туре		Description
7:4	Product ID	0000	Read	Code represents pa	rt number
				Code	< <effect>></effect>
				0000	FAN53745
				0001	Reserved
				0010	Reserved
				0011	Reserved
				0100	Reserved
				0101	Reserved
				0110	Reserved
				0111	Reserved
				1000	Reserved
				1001	Reserved
				1010	Reserved
				1011	Reserved
				1100	Reserved
				1101	Reserved
				1110	Reserved
				1111	Reserved
3:0	Silicon Revision	0001	Read	Represents silicon r	evision
				Code	Revision
				0000	Initial Silicon
				0001	Increment register with each iteration
				1111	

Table 5. REGISTER DETAILS – 0X01 FAULT FLAGS

	0x01 FAULT FLAGS	6			Default = 0000000
Bit	Name	Default	Туре		Description
7:5	UNUSED				
4	STARTUP TIMEOUT FAULT	0	R/CLR		eout fault status. This indicator is latched when irs and causes a fault. The flag is cleared upon
				Code	Start Up Time-Out Fault
				0	No startup timeout fault occurred
				1	A startup timeout fault occurred
3	UVLO FAULT	0	R/CLR	Displays UVLO fault occurs and causes a	t status. This indicator is latched when UVLO a fault. The flag is cleared upon read.
				Code	Under Voltage Fault Occurance
				0	No UVLO fault occurred
				1	A UVLO fault occurred
2	OVER TEMP FAULT	0	R/CLR		fault status. This indicator is latched when over uses a fault. The flag is cleared upon read.
				Code	Start Up Time-Out Fault
				0	No over temp fault
				1	An over temp fault occurred
1	SHORT FAULT	0	R/CLR		fault status. This indicator is latched when Vout uses a fault. The flag is cleared upon read.
				Code	Vout Short Fault
				0	The output has not shorted
				1	The output was shorted
0	ILIM FAULT	0	R/CLR		ion, if the peak current limit is hit continuously generated. The flag is cleared upon read.
				Code	Vout Short Fault
				0	The output has not shorted
				1	The output was shorted

Table 6. REGISTER DETAILS – 0X02 STATUS

	0x02 STATUS				Default = 00010000
Bit	Name	Default	Туре		Description
7	UNUSED				
6	READY	0	Read	Reset condition: 0	
				Code	DEVICE READY
				0	Indicates that either the device is not in Idle mode or that there is a UVLO or over temperature fault.
				1	Indicates that the device is in IDLE mode; that the input voltage is good and the die temperature is within safe operating range.
5	PASS-THRU OPERATION	0	Read	Reset condition: 0	
				The Pass-Thru Ope	ration bit gives the status of the converter.
				Code	State of Operation
				0	Converter functioning in PFM or PWM operation.
				1	Converter is in pass-thru mode
4	PFM_PWM	1	Read	Reset condition: 0	•
				This bit indicates the mode.	e device is operating in PFM mode or PWM
				Code	PFM or PWM Switching
				0	PFM operation
				1	Device is operating in fixed frequency PWM
3	UVLO	0	Read	Displays UVLO com	parator status.
				Code	UVLO Status
				0	Input voltage is good
				1	The input voltage is presently below the UVLO threshold
2	OVER TEMP	0	Read	Displays over temp of	comparator status.
				Code	Die Temperature Status
				0	The die temperature is safe for operation
				1	The die is too hot to operate
1	VOUT SHORT	0	Read	Displays Vout short	comparator status.
				Code	Output Shorted
				0	No Vout short fault
				1	The output is presently shorted or is in a state of recovery after a short
				This bit will be cleare	ed when the buck is disabled.
0	CURRENT LIMIT	0	Read	Displays over curren	t comparator status.
				Code	Current Limit Detect
				0	No over current fault
				1	The buck converter is presently hitting peak current limit

Table 7. REGISTER DETAILS – 0X03 MODE

	0x03 MODE				Default = 00011111
Bit	Name	Default	Туре		Description
7	ENABLE2	0	R/W		les/disables the buck regulator. Setting a code 0 vice, where as code 1 enables the device.
				Code	Effect
				0	Buck Converter disabled
				1	Buck Converter enabled
6	FORCE_PWM	0	R/W	Forces the part to current.	operate in PWM mode regardless of the load
				Code	Mode
				0	Auto (PFM/PWM depending on load current)
				1	Force PWM
5	V_I_LIMIT_LOCK	0	R/W	Reset condition: 0	
				Code	LOCK
				0	VMIN, VMAX, PFM and PWM Ilimit levels are not locked.
				1	Locks the minimum (VMIN), Maximum(VMAX) voltages and PFM and PWM current limits that the device can be programmed to.
4	SS TIMEOUT	1	R/W	This register activa	ates/deactivates the soft start time-out timer.
				Code	Status of Soft Start Timer
				0	The converter will continuous attempt to reach output regulation.
				1	A timer is activated when the converter is enabled. If the converter output fails to reach regulation in 2ms, a fault will be declared.
3	DVS EN	1	R/W	Reset condition: 0	
				This register bit er	nables/disables the DVS functionality
				Code	DVS Enable
				0	DVS operation is disabled
				1	DVS will be performed per Mode Control register bits 2:0
2:0	DVS	111	R/W	Reset condition: 0	
				DVS rate control r	egister bits
				Code	Voltage Scaling Rate
				000	0.5 mV/μs
				001	1.0 mV/µs
				010	1.5 mV/μs
				011	2.0 mV/μs
				100	2.5 mV/μs
				101	3.5 mV/µs
				110	5.0 mV/µs
				111	10 mV/µs
	1				·(; /=

Table 8. REGISTER DETAILS – 0X04 VSEL

	0x04 SEL			Defa	ult = 00 opti	on 101	01111, 01 oj	otion 01	1111101, 02	option	10111001																									
Bit	Name	Default	Туре				Descr	iption																												
7:0	BUCK_VOUT	00 option	R/W	Sets t	the buck reg	ulation t	arget voltag	e.																												
		10101111,		Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT																									
		01 option 01111101,		00	Reserved	40	1.280	80	2.030	C0	2.670																									
		02 option		01	Reserved	41	1.300	81	2.040	C1	2.680																									
		10111001		02	Reserved	42	1.320	82	2.050	C2	2.690																									
				03	Reserved	43	1.340	83	2.060	C3	2.700																									
				04	Reserved	44	1.360	84	2.070	C4	2.710																									
				05	Reserved	45	1.380	85	2.080	C5	2.720																									
				06	Reserved	46	1.400	86	2.090	C6	2.730																									
				07	Reserved	47	1.420	87	2.100	C7	2.740																									
				08	Reserved	48	1.440	88	2.110	C8	2.750																									
				09	Reserved	49	1.460	89	2.120	C9	2.760																									
				0A	Reserved	4A	1.480	8A	2.130	CA	2.770																									
				0B	Reserved	4B	1.500 V	8B	2.140	CB	2.780																									
				0C	Reserved	4C	1.510 V	8C	2.150	CC	2.790																									
				0D	Reserved	4D	1.520 V	8D	2.160	CD	2.800																									
				0E	Reserved	4E	1.530 V	8E	2.170	CE	2.810																									
				0F	Reserved	4F	1.540 V	8F	2.180	CF	2.820																									
				10	Reserved	50	1.550 V	90	2.190	D0	2.830																									
				11	Reserved	51	1.560 V	91	2.200	D1	2.840																									
				12	Reserved	52	1.570 V	92	2.210	D2	2.850																									
				13	Reserved	53	1.580 V	93	2.220	D3	2.860																									
				14	Reserved	54	1.590 V	94	2.230	D4	2.870																									
																													15	Reserved	55	1.600 V	95	2.240	D5	2.880
																		16	Reserved	56	1.610 V	96	2.250	D6	2.890											
										17	Reserved	57	1.620 V	97	2.260	D7	2.900																			
								18	Reserved	58	1.630 V	98	2.270	D8	2.910																					
				19	Reserved	59	1.640 V	99	2.280	D9	2.920																									
				1A	Reserved	5A	1.650 V	9A	2.290	DA	2.930																									
				1B	Reserved	5B	1.660 V	9B	2.300	DB	2.940																									
				1C	Reserved	5C	1.670 V	9C	2.310	DC	2.950																									
				1D	Reserved	5D	1.680 V	9D	2.320	DD	2.960																									
				1E	Reserved	5E	1.690 V	9E	2.330	DE	2.970																									
				1F	Reserved	5F	1.700 V	9F	2.340	DF	2.980																									
				20	Reserved	60	1.710 V	A0	2.350	E0	2.990																									
				21	Reserved	61	1.720 V	A1	2.360	E1	3.000																									
				22	Reserved	62	1.730 V	A2	2.370	E2	3.010																									
				23	Reserved	63	1.740 V	A3	2.380	E3	3.020																									
				24	Reserved	64	1.750 V	A4	2.390	E4	3.030																									

Table 8. REGISTER DETAILS - 0X04 VSEL (continued)

	0x04 SEL			Defa	ult = 00 opti	on 101	01111, 01 oj	ption 0	1111101, 02	option	10111001																								
Bit	Name	Default	Туре				Descr	iption																											
7:0	BUCK_VOUT	00 option	R/W	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT																								
		10101111,		25	Reserved	65	1.760 V	A5	2.400	E5	3.040																								
		01 option 01111101, 02 option		26	Reserved	66	1.770 V	A6	2.410	E6	3.050																								
				27	Reserved	67	1.780 V	A7	2.420	E7	3.060																								
		10111001		28	Reserved	68	1.790 V	A8	2.430	E8	3.070																								
				29	Reserved	69	1.800 V	A9	2.440	E9	3.080																								
				2A	Reserved	6A	1.810 V	AA	2.450	EA	3.090																								
				2B	Reserved	6B	1.820 V	AB	2.460	EB	3.100																								
				2C	Reserved	6C	1.830 V	AC	2.470	EC	3.110																								
				2D	0.900	6D	1.840 V	AD	2.480	ED	3.120																								
				2E	0.920	6E	1.850 V	AE	2.490	EE	3.130																								
				2F	0.940	6F	1.860 V	AF	2.500	EF	3.140																								
				30	0.960	70	1.870 V	B0	2.510	F0	3.150																								
					31	0.980	71	1.880 V	B1	2.520	F1	3.160																							
				32	1.000	72	1.890 V	B2	2.530	F2	3.170																								
				33	1.020	73	1.900 V	B3	2.540	F3	3.180																								
				34	1.040	74	1.910 V	B4	2.550	F4	3.190																								
				35	1.060	75	1.920 V	B5	2.560	F5	3.200																								
				36	1.080	76	1.930 V	B6	2.570	F6	3.210																								
				37	1.100	77	1.940 V	B7	2.580	F7	3.220																								
																						1						38	1.120	78	1.950 V	B8	2.590	F8	3.230
				39	1.140	79	1.960 V	B9	2.600	F9	3.240																								
				ЗA	1.160	7A	1.970 V	BA	2.610	FA	3.250																								
				3B	1.180	7B	1.980 V	BB	2.620	FB	3.260																								
			зC	1.200	7C	1.990 V	BC	2.630	FC	3.270																									
				3D	1.220	7D	2.000 V	BD	2.640	FD	3.280																								
							3E	1.240	7E	2.010 V	BE	2.650	FE	3.290																					
				3F	1.260	7F	2.020 V	BF	2.660	FF	3.300																								

Table 9. REGISTER DETAILS – 0X05 VMIN

	0x05 VMIN			Default = 00101101								
Bit	Name	Default	Туре	Description								
7:0	VOUT_MIN	00101101	R/W	Sets	the minimum	voltage	e the buck ca	an be pi	rogrammed	to.		
				Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	
				00	Reserved	40	1.280	80	2.030	C0	2.670	
				01	Reserved	41	1.300	81	2.040	C1	2.680	
				02	Reserved	42	1.320	82	2.050	C2	2.690	
				03	Reserved	43	1.340	83	2.060	C3	2.700	
				04	Reserved	44	1.360	84	2.070	C4	2.710	
				05	Reserved	45	1.380	85	2.080	C5	2.720	
				06	Reserved	46	1.400	86	2.090	C6	2.730	
				07	Reserved	47	1.420	87	2.100	C7	2.740	
				08	Reserved	48	1.440	88	2.110	C8	2.750	
				09	Reserved	49	1.460	89	2.120	C9	2.760	
				0A	Reserved	4A	1.480	8A	2.130	CA	2.770	
				0B	Reserved	4B	1.500 V	8B	2.140	СВ	2.780	
				0C	Reserved	4C	1.510 V	8C	2.150	CC	2.790	
				0D	Reserved	4D	1.520 V	8D	2.160	CD	2.800	
				0E	Reserved	4E	1.530 V	8E	2.170	CE	2.810	
				0F	Reserved	4F	1.540 V	8F	2.180	CF	2.820	
				10	Reserved	50	1.550 V	90	2.190	D0	2.830	
				11	Reserved	51	1.560 V	91	2.200	D1	2.840	
				12	Reserved	52	1.570 V	92	2.210	D2	2.850	
				13	Reserved	53	1.580 V	93	2.220	D3	2.860	
				14	Reserved	54	1.590 V	94	2.230	D4	2.870	
				15	Reserved	55	1.600 V	95	2.240	D5	2.880	
				16	Reserved	56	1.610 V	96	2.250	D6	2.890	
				17	Reserved	57	1.620 V	97	2.260	D7	2.900	
				18	Reserved	58	1.630 V	98	2.270	D8	2.910	
				19	Reserved	59	1.640 V	99	2.280	D9	2.920	
				1A	Reserved	5A	1.650 V	9A	2.290	DA	2.930	
				1B	Reserved	5B	1.660 V	9B	2.300	DB	2.940	
				1C	Reserved	5C	1.670 V	9C	2.310	DC	2.950	
				1D	Reserved	5D	1.680 V	9D	2.320	DD	2.960	
				1E	Reserved	5E	1.690 V	9E	2.330	DE	2.970	
				1F	Reserved	5F	1.700 V	9F	2.340	DF	2.980	
				20	Reserved	60	1.710 V	A0	2.350	E0	2.990	
				21	Reserved	61	1.720 V	A1	2.360	E1	3.000	
				22	Reserved	62	1.730 V	A2	2.370	E2	3.010	
				23	Reserved	63	1.740 V	A3	2.380	E3	3.020	
				24	Reserved	64	1.750 V	A4	2.390	E4	3.030	

Table 9. REGISTER DETAILS - 0X05 VMIN (continued)

	0x05 VMIN			Default = 00101101							
Bit	Name	Default	Туре				Descr	iption			
7:0	VOUT_MIN	00101101	R/W	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT
				25	Reserved	65	1.760 V	A5	2.400	E5	3.040
				26	Reserved	66	1.770 V	A6	2.410	E6	3.050
				27	Reserved	67	1.780 V	A7	2.420	E7	3.060
				28	Reserved	68	1.790 V	A8	2.430	E8	3.070
				29	Reserved	69	1.800 V	A9	2.440	E9	3.080
				2A	Reserved	6A	1.810 V	AA	2.450	EA	3.090
				2B	Reserved	6B	1.820 V	AB	2.460	EB	3.100
				2C	Reserved	6C	1.830 V	AC	2.470	EC	3.110
				2D	0.900	6D	1.840 V	AD	2.480	ED	3.120
				2E	0.920	6E	1.850 V	AE	2.490	EE	3.130
				2F	0.940	6F	1.860 V	AF	2.500	EF	3.140
				30	0.960	70	1.870 V	B0	2.510	F0	3.150
				31	0.980	71	1.880 V	B1	2.520	F1	3.160
				32	1.000	72	1.890 V	B2	2.530	F2	3.170
				33	1.020	73	1.900 V	B3	2.540	F3	3.180
				34	1.040	74	1.910 V	B4	2.550	F4	3.190
				35	1.060	75	1.920 V	B5	2.560	F5	3.200
				36	1.080	76	1.930 V	B6	2.570	F6	3.210
				37	1.100	77	1.940 V	B7	2.580	F7	3.220
				38	1.120	78	1.950 V	B8	2.590	F8	3.230
				39	1.140	79	1.960 V	B9	2.600	F9	3.240
				ЗA	1.160	7A	1.970 V	BA	2.610	FA	3.250
				3B	1.180	7B	1.980 V	BB	2.620	FB	3.260
				3C	1.200	7C	1.990 V	BC	2.630	FC	3.270
				3D	1.220	7D	2.000 V	BD	2.640	FD	3.280
				3E	1.240	7E	2.010 V	BE	2.650	FE	3.290
				3F	1.260	7F	2.020 V	BF	2.660	FF	3.300

Table 10. REGISTER DETAILS - 0X06 MAX

	0x06 MAX			Default = 1111111							
Bit	Name	Default	Туре	Description							
7:0	VOUT_MAX	11111111	R/W	Sets t	he maximun	n voltag	e the buck c	an be p	rogrammed	to.	
				Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT
				00	Reserved	40	Reserved	80	2.030	C0	2.670
				01	Reserved	41	Reserved	81	2.040	C1	2.680
				02	Reserved	42	Reserved	82	2.050	C2	2.690
				03	Reserved	43	Reserved	83	2.060	C3	2.700
				04	Reserved	44	Reserved	84	2.070	C4	2.710
				05	Reserved	45	Reserved	85	2.080	C5	2.720
				06	Reserved	46	Reserved	86	2.090	C6	2.730
				07	Reserved	47	Reserved	87	2.100	C7	2.740
				08	Reserved	48	Reserved	88	2.110	C8	2.750
				09	Reserved	49	Reserved	89	2.120	C9	2.760
				0A	Reserved	4A	Reserved	8A	2.130	CA	2.770
				0B	Reserved	4B	1.500 V	8B	2.140	CB	2.780
				0C	Reserved	4C	1.510 V	8C	2.150	CC	2.790
				0D	Reserved	4D	1.520 V	8D	2.160	CD	2.800
				0E	Reserved	4E	1.530 V	8E	2.170	CE	2.810
				0F	Reserved	4F	1.540 V	8F	2.180	CF	2.820
				10	Reserved	50	1.550 V	90	2.190	D0	2.830
				11	Reserved	51	1.560 V	91	2.200	D1	2.840
				12	Reserved	52	1.570 V	92	2.210	D2	2.850
				13	Reserved	53	1.580 V	93	2.220	D3	2.860
				14	Reserved	54	1.590 V	94	2.230	D4	2.870
				15	Reserved	55	1.600 V	95	2.240	D5	2.880
				16	Reserved	56	1.610 V	96	2.250	D6	2.890
				17	Reserved	57	1.620 V	97	2.260	D7	2.900
				18	Reserved	58	1.630 V	98	2.270	D8	2.910
				19	Reserved	59	1.640 V	99	2.280	D9	2.920
				1A	Reserved	5A	1.650 V	9A	2.290	DA	2.930
				1B	Reserved	5B	1.660 V	9B	2.300	DB	2.940
				1C	Reserved	5C	1.670 V	9C	2.310	DC	2.950
				1D	Reserved	5D	1.680 V	9D	2.320	DD	2.960
				1E	Reserved	5E	1.690 V	9E	2.330	DE	2.970
				1F	Reserved	5F	1.700 V	9F	2.340	DF	2.980
				20	Reserved	60	1.710 V	A0	2.350	E0	2.990
				21	Reserved	61	1.720 V	A1	2.360	E1	3.000
				22	Reserved	62	1.730 V	A2	2.370	E2	3.010
				23	Reserved	63	1.740 V	A3	2.380	E3	3.020
				24	Reserved	64	1.750 V	A4	2.390	E4	3.030

Table 10. REGISTER DETAILS - 0X06 MAX (continued)

	0x06 MA)	K		Default = 1111111							
Bit	Name	Default	Туре				Descr	iption			
7:0	VOUT_MAX	11111111	R/W	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT	Hex	VOUT
				25	Reserved	65	1.760 V	A5	2.400	E5	3.040
				26	Reserved	66	1.770 V	A6	2.410	E6	3.050
				27	Reserved	67	1.780 V	A7	2.420	E7	3.060
				28	Reserved	68	1.790 V	A8	2.430	E8	3.070
				29	Reserved	69	1.800 V	A9	2.440	E9	3.080
				2A	Reserved	6A	1.810 V	AA	2.450	EA	3.090
				2B	Reserved	6B	1.820 V	AB	2.460	EB	3.100
				2	Reserved	6C	1.830 V	AC	2.470	EC	3.110
				2	Reserved	6D	1.840 V	AD	2.480	ED	3.120
				2	Reserved	6E	1.850 V	AE	2.490	EE	3.130
				2	Reserved	6F	1.860 V	AF	2.500	EF	3.140
				30	Reserved	70	1.870 V	B0	2.510	F0	3.150
				31	Reserved	71	1.880 V	B1	2.520	F1	3.160
				32	Reserved	72	1.890 V	B2	2.530	F2	3.170
				33	Reserved	73	1.900 V	B3	2.540	F3	3.180
				34	Reserved	74	1.910 V	B4	2.550	F4	3.190
				35	Reserved	75	1.920 V	B5	2.560	F5	3.200
				36	Reserved	76	1.930 V	B6	2.570	F6	3.210
				37	Reserved	77	1.940 V	B7	2.580	F7	3.220
				38	Reserved	78	1.950 V	B8	2.590	F8	3.230
				39	Reserved	79	1.960 V	B9	2.600	F9	3.240
				ЗA	Reserved	7A	1.970 V	BA	2.610	FA	3.250
				ЗB	Reserved	7B	1.980 V	BB	2.620	FB	3.260
				ЗC	Reserved	7C	1.990 V	BC	2.630	FC	3.270
				ЗD	Reserved	7D	2.000 V	BD	2.640	FD	3.280
				ЗE	Reserved	7E	2.010 V	BE	2.650	FE	3.290
				3F	Reserved	7F	2.020 V	BF	2.660	FF	3.300

Table 11. REGISTER DETAILS – 0X07 SHUTDOWN

	0x07 SHUTDOW	N		Default = 0000100				
Bit	Name	Default	Туре		Description			
7:3	UNUSED							
2:1	DISCHARGE SEL	10	R/W	This register sets the	strength of the pulldown resistor.			
				Code	Strength of Pulldown			
				00	OPEN			
				01	200 Ω			
				10	100 Ω			
				11	50 Ω			
0	DISCHARGE	0	R/W	This register activates/deactivates the internal pulldown resisto Setting to Code 1, the pulldown is active when ENABLE goes f 1 to 0 and on any negative V _{OUT} transitions.				
				Code	Status of Pulldown			
				0	Pulldown not used (OFF)			
				1	Pulldown active during transition			

Table 12. REGISTER DETAILS - 0X08 ILIMIT

	0x08 ILIMI	Т			Default = 10101111				
Bit	Name	Default	Туре		Description				
7:4	PFM ILIM	1010	R/W	Reset condition: 0					
				Sets the open loop pea	ak PFM current limit				
				Code	PFM Peak Current Limit				
				0000	500 mA				
				0001	555 mA				
				0010	610 mA				
				0011	665 mA				
				0100	720 mA				
				0101	775 mA				
				0110	830 mA				
				0111	885 mA				
				1000	940 mA				
				1001	995 mA				
				1010	1050 mA				
				1011	1105 mA				
				1100	1160 mA				
				1101	1215 mA				
				1110	1270 mA				
				1111	1325 mA				

	0x08 ILIMIT			Default = 10101111				
Bit	Name	Default	Туре		Description			
3:0	PWM ILIM	1111	R/W	Sets the open loop peak inductor current limit thresholds. The Range is from 440 mA to 2090 mA in 110 mA steps.				
				Code	PWM Peak Current Limit			
				0000	440 mA			
				0001	550 mA			
				0010	660 mA			
				0011	770 mA			
				0100	880 mA			
				0101	990 mA			
				0110	1100 mA			
				0111	1210 mA			
				1000	1320 mA			
				1001	1430 mA			
				1010	1540 mA			
				1011	1650 mA			
				1100	1760 mA			
				1101	1870 mA			
				1110	1980 mA			
				1111	2090 mA			

Table 12. REGISTER DETAILS – 0X08 ILIMIT (continued)

Table 13. REGISTER DETAILS - 0X09 RESET

	0x09 RESET			Default = 0000000		
Bit	Name	Default	Туре	Description		
7:0	SOFT_RESET	00000000	Write	The software reset register allows all I ² C settings to be reverted to POR defaults when 0x45h code is written to it.		

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Component	Manufacturer	Part Number	Description	Case Size	Voltage Rating
CIN	Murata	GRM035R60J475ME15D	4.7 μF	0201/0603 (0.6 mm x 0.3 mm)	6.3 V
L	Samsung	CIGT201208EHR47MNE	0.47 μH I _{SAT} = 4.3 A I _{RAT} = 3.9 A R _{DC} = 31 Ω	0805/2012 (2 mm x 1.2 mm)	-
COUT	Murata	GRM155R60J106ME47D	2x 10 μF	0402/1005 (1.0 mm x 0.5 mm)	6.3 V

Table 14. PRIMARY COMPONENTS

Input Capacitor Considerations

The 2.2 μ F ceramic 0402 (1005 metric) input capacitor should be placed as close as possible between the VIN pin and GND to minimize the parasitic inductance. If a long wire is used to bring power to the IC, additional "bulk" capacitance (electrolytic or tantalum) should be placed between C_{IN} and the power source lead to reduce the ringing that can occur between the inductance of the power source leads and C_{IN}.

The effective capacitance value decreases as $V_{IN}\xspace$ increases due to DC bias effects.

Inductor Considerations

The output inductor must meet both the required inductance and the energy-handling capability of the application. The inductor value affects average current limit, the PWM-to-PFM transition point, output voltage ripple, and efficiency.

The ripple current (ΔI) of the regulator is:

$$\Delta I \approx (V_{OUT}/V_{IN}) \cdot ((V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) / (L \cdot fsw))$$
(eq. 1)

The maximum average load current, $I_{MAX(LOAD)}$, is related to the peak current limit, $I_{LIM(PK)}$, by the ripple current, given by:

$$I_{MAX(LOAD)} = I_{LIM(PK)} - \Delta I/2$$
 (eq. 2)

The FAN53745 is optimized for operation with $L = 0.47 \mu H$. The inductor should be rated to maintain at

least 80% of its value at $I_{LIM(PK)}$. It is recommended to select an inductor where its saturation current is above the $I_{LIM(PK)}$ value.

Efficiency is affected by the inductor DCR and inductance value. Decreasing the inductor value for a given physical size typically decreases the DCR; but because ΔI increases, the RMS current increases, as do the core and skin effect losses.

$$I_{RMS} = SQRT \left(I_{OUT(DC)}^{2} + \Delta I^{2} / 12 \right)$$
 (eq. 3)

The increased RMS current produces higher losses through the $R_{DS(ON)}$ of the IC MOSFETs, as well as the inductor DCR. Increasing the inductor value produces lower RMS currents, but degrades transient response. For a given physical inductor size, increased inductance usually results in an inductor with lower saturation current and higher DCR.

Output Capacitor Considerations

FAN53745 uses two 10 μ F 0402 (1005 metric) for an output capacitor. The effective capacitor of ceramic capacitors decrease as the bias voltage increases. To overcome this increasing the output capacitor has no effect on loop stability and therefore the COUT can be increased to reduce the output voltage ripple or to improve transient response. Output voltage ripple is defined as:

 $\Delta V_{OUT} = \Delta I_{L} \cdot \left[(f_{SW} \cdot C_{OUT} \cdot ESR^{2}/(2 \cdot D \cdot (1 - D))) + (1/(8 \cdot f_{SW} \cdot C_{OUT})) \right]$ (eq. 4)

Recommended Layout

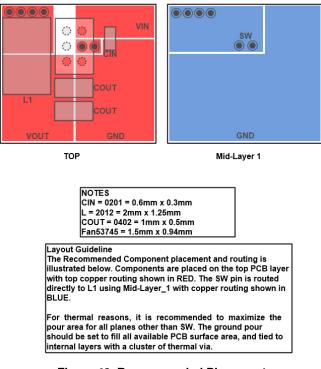


Figure 43. Recommended Placement

Layout Considerations

To minimize spikes at V_{OUT} , C_{OUT} must be placed as close as possible to P_{GND} and V_{OUT} , as shown in

For thermal reasons, it is suggested to maximize the pour area for all planes other than SW. Especially the ground pour should be set to fill all available PCB surface area and tied to internal layers with a cluster of thermal via.

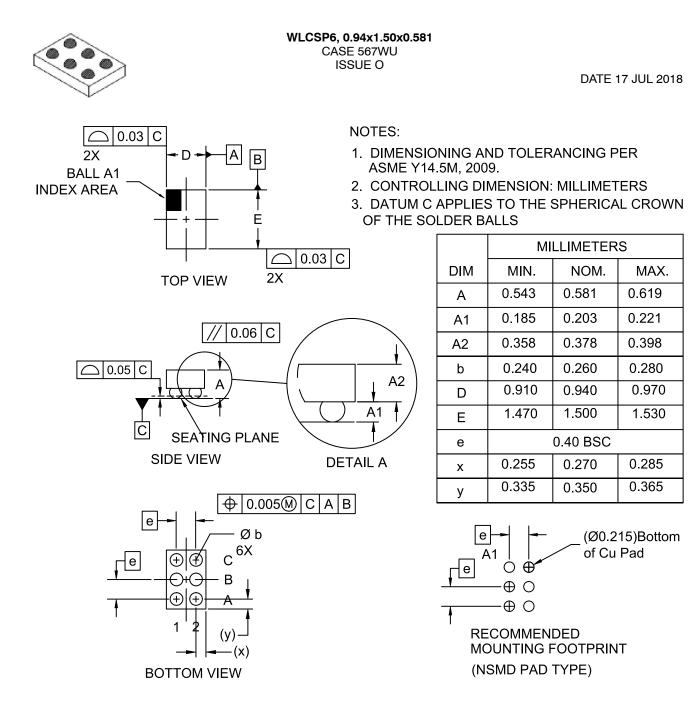
PACKAGE INFORMATION

Table 15. PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Product	D	E
FAN53745	0.94 mm +/- 30 μm	1.50 mm +/- 30 μm

7. Typical height to be 0.581 mm.





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