NCP10970AGEVB

Dual Output (with 3.3 V LDO) PSU for High Voltage Input Evaluation Board User's Manual

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EVAL BOARD USER'S MANUAL

DESCRIPTION

The NCP10970AGEVB evaluation board is a non−isolated buck topology converter which provides adjustable output voltage up to 16 V and fixed linear output voltage 3.3 V. Input voltage range is from ~30 V_{rms} up to 440 V_{rms}. The board is also ready for DC input voltage up to 620 V.

Nominal output current of the board is 150 mA. This current is divided between switcher output and LDO output, i.e. when LDO provides 100 mA of output current, there is 50 mA on switcher output.

The NCP10970A1 is SOIC−16 power management IC combines HV switcher, LDO, internal circuitry for creating the input voltage for LDO in very effective way and internal comparator circuitry. The switcher works in a DCM mode for better efficiency, EMI and surge robustness. To ensure low no−load standby power and good efficiency at light load, the device is equipped with a skip mode operation.

A dedicated comparator circuitry provides a means to instruct the external control section that an over−temperature or over−current point has been reached. The comparator input is biased by a precise constant current source and output is an open−drain type. The speed of comparator is driven by a voltage value on STBY pin.

KEY FEATURES

- Wide Input Voltage Range up to 440 V_{rms}
- Adjustable Output Voltage up to 16 V
- Fixed Linear Output Voltage 3.3 V
- High Efficiency
- Complies with CoC5 Tier2
- Low EMI Emissions
- Over−Current Protection
- Over−Voltage Protection
- Internal TSD Protection
- Integrated Comparator

Table 1. GENERAL PARAMETERS

Device	Applications	Input Voltage	Output Voltage / Current	V_{OUT} Ripple	I/O Isolation
NCP10970A1	White goods, IoT devices, E−metering applications, power sources driven by MCU	Up to 440 V_{rms}	15 V switcher output 3.3 V LDO output 150 mA shared between 15 V and 3.3 V output	< 100 mV	Non−isolated
Efficiency	**No−load Input Power**	**Operating Temperature**	**Cooling**	**Topology**	**Board Size**
see efficiency graphs and table in page 4	21 mW @ 115 V_{rms} 30 mW @ 230 V_{rms} 55 mW @ 600 V	0 – 50°C	Passive cooling	Buck	68 x 37 mm

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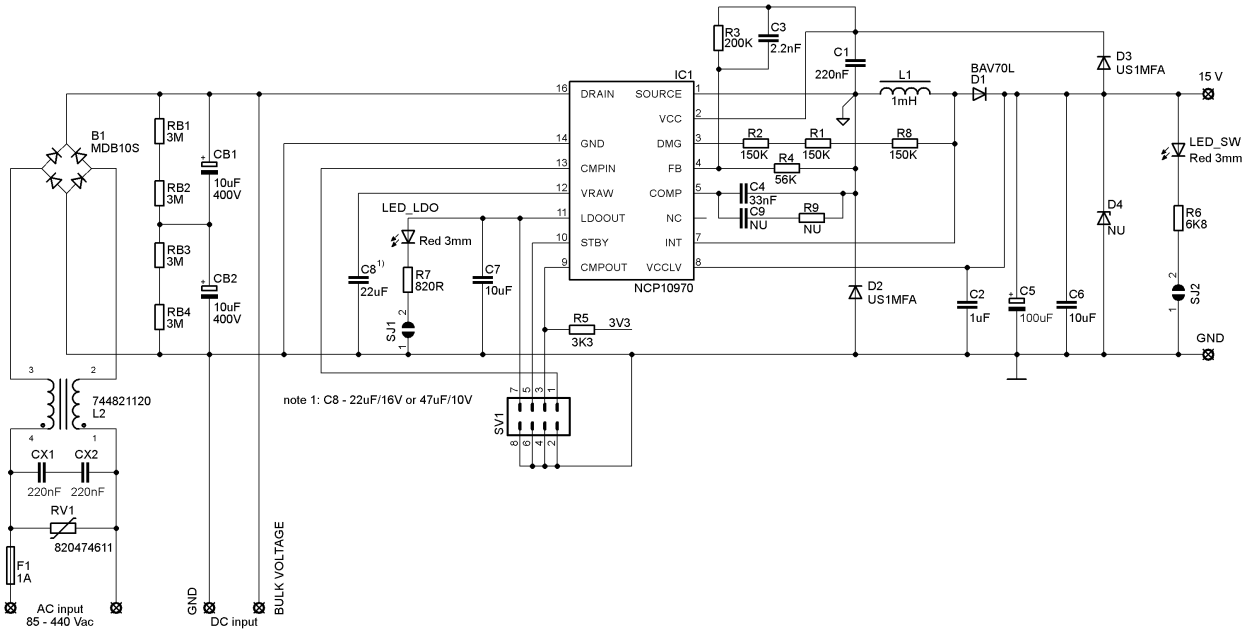


Figure 1. Schematic Diagram of NCP10970AGEVB Board

DETAILED DESCRIPTIONS OF THE EVALUATION BOARD

The 1 A time−lag fuse, to withstand the inrush current, protects the input of the converter. There is also the varistor RV_1 placed behind the fuse as a differential mode lighting surge protection.

The EMI filter consists from the common−mode power line choke L_2 and X−capacitors CX_1 and CX_2 connected in series to withstand the high input voltage.

The power stage is a buck topology and it consists of the bridge rectifier B_1, bulk capacitors CB_1 and CB_2 with voltage balancing resistors RB_1–RB_4, switcher in IC_1, inductor L_1, diodes D_1 and D_2 and output capacitors C_5 with decoupling ceramic capacitor C_6.

The voltages on all pins of switcher IC_1 (pin 1 to 5 and pin 16) are related to SOURCE pin, which is common ground of the switcher.

The output voltage is controlled based on the portion of the output voltage on FB pin from resistor divider R_3 and R_4 through diode D_3. The voltage on resistor R_4 is compared with internal reference voltage V_{REF} = 3.3 V.

Capacitor C_3 in parallel to resistor R_3 makes the feedback loop faster.

The supply capacitor C_1 connected to VCC pin ensures the stability of the switcher supply voltage. Its value also affects the switching behavior of the switcher. It means, low value bring faster response but causes high output voltage during no−load as well.

The capacitor C_4 connected to COMP pin creates a type I compensation network, i.e. the value affects the gain and phase margin of the feedback loop.

Sensing signal of the end of the inductor demagnetization is connected to DGM pin through resistors R_1, R_2 and R_8. These resistors have to withstand the voltage of input power source and reduce the maximum current value to 2 mA during on−time. During off−time, these resistors R_1, R_2 and R_8 create a resistor divider with 47 kΩ internal resistor R_{int}.

The Zener diode D_4 is prepared to clamp output voltage when it is needed, otherwise high output voltage causes Over−Voltage Protection on VCC pin.

The low−voltage part of the IC_1 is supplied via VCCLV pin with connected ceramic capacitor C_2 for better decoupling from output voltage. This capacitor also provides stability of supply voltage when the internal switch connected to VCCLV pin supplies the input of the LDO regulator.

VRAW pin is the input of the LDO regulator. The current is transferred from inductor L_1 through INT pin and internal switch to the capacitor C_8 connected to VRAW pin. The capacitor C_8 determines the ripple of VRAW voltage and provides the energy during skip mode operation of switcher – no switching pulses, i.e. the energy for LDO cannot be transferred through INT switch. Therefore, it is recommended to use capacitor with X7R dielectric and 22 μF / 16 V as minimum value or 47 μF / 10 V.

The capacitor C_7 connected to LDOOUT pin ensures the stability and performance during normal operation and load transients on LDO rail. The PSRR performance based on capacitor C_7 value is shown in datasheet.

The indication of presence of output voltages providing the red LEDs connected to the outputs through solder jumpers SJ_1 and SJ_2.

CMPIN pin is the input pin of the integrated comparator. This pin is biased by a precise internal 120 μA current source – the over−temperature detection can be realized with PTC thermistor connected to this pin. The 100 nF capacitor can be connected in parallel to PTC thermistor for better behavior of over−temperature detection.

The output of the comparator CMPOUT pin crosses from High Z state to low state when voltage on CMPIN pin achieves 1 V. The output goes back to High Z state when voltage on CMPIN pin drops below 0.8 V. Detailed explanation of comparator is stated in datasheet.

STBY pin drives the speed of the comparator. The comparator is slow (300 ns delay) when this pin is grounded and fast (70 ns delay) when 3 V and more is connected to this pin – 5.5 V is maximum allowed voltage. The input of the STBY pin is internally grounded through 100 kΩ resistor.

PCB LAYOUT

The PCB is made as a double layer FR4 board with 35 μm copper cladding.

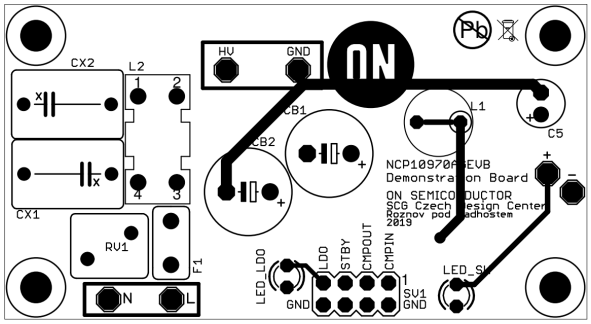
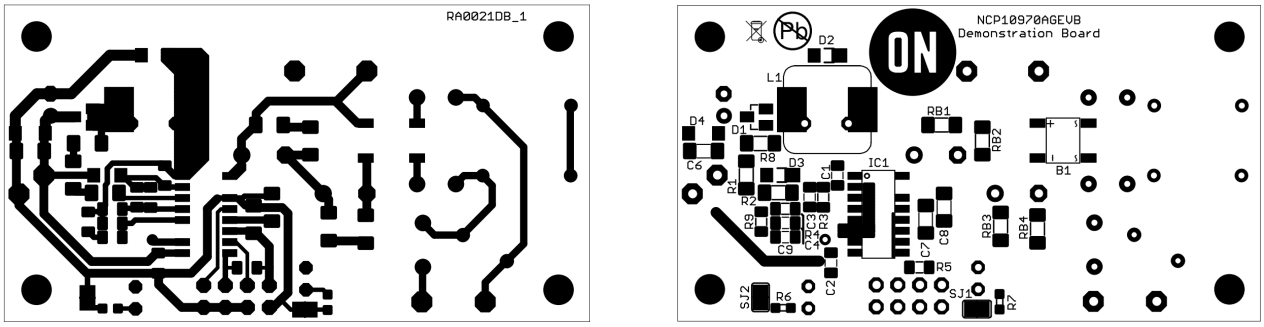
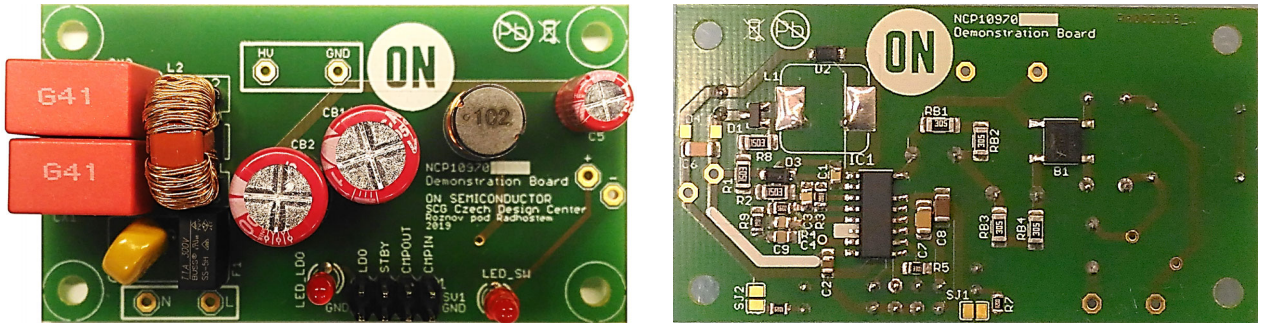


Figure 2. NCP10970AGEVB – Top Side Layer + Components



(a) (b)

Figure 3. NCP10970AGEVB – Bottom Side – (a) Layer, (b) Components



(a) (b)

Figure 4. NCP10970AGEVB Board Photo – (a) Top Side, (b) Bottom Side

MEASUREMENTS – GRAPHS AND TABLES

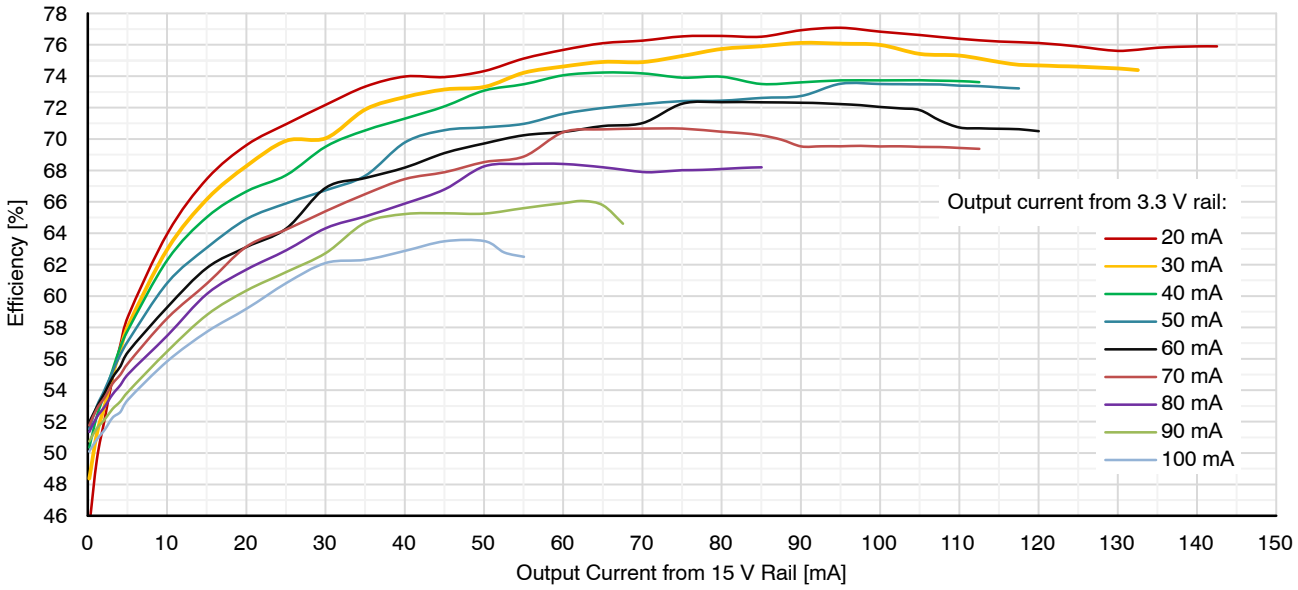


Figure 5. Efficiency Graph of NCP10970AGEVB for 115 V_{rms} / 60 Hz

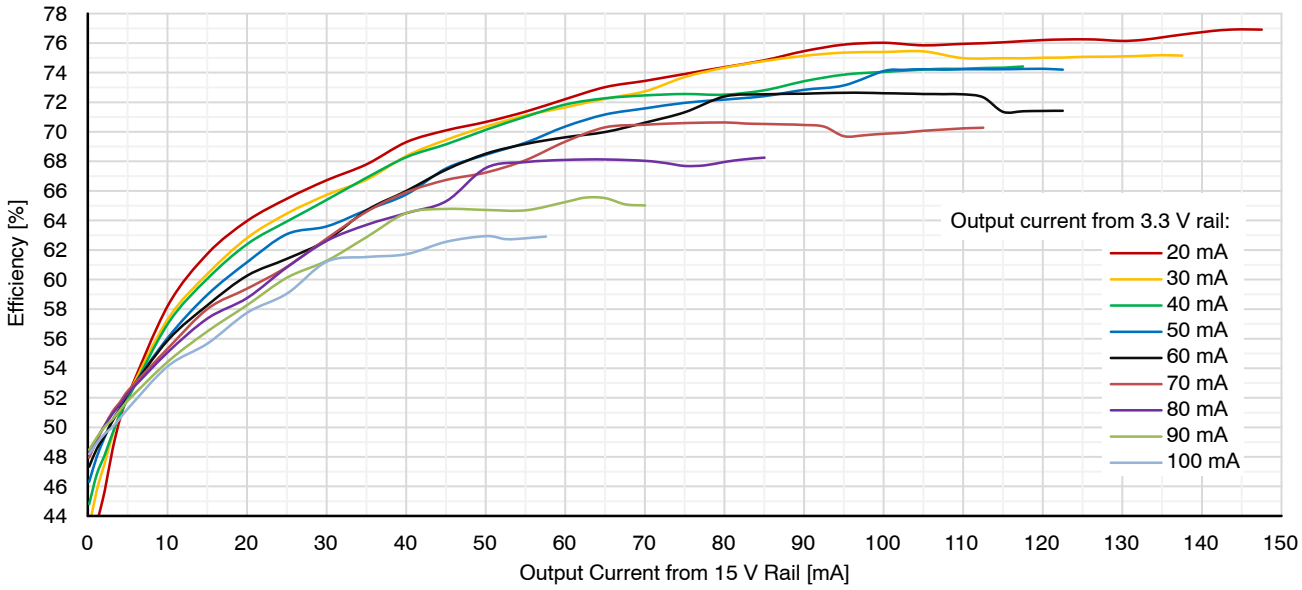


Figure 6. Efficiency Graph of NCP10970AGEVB for 230 V_{rms} / 50 Hz

Table 2. EFFICIENCY TABLE

Output Load	Input Voltage		
	115 V_{rms}	230 V_{rms}	600 V
I_{OUT} = 15 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA	65.5%	60.3%	53.0%
I_{OUT} = 15 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 60 mA	62.0%	57.8%	51.5%
I_{OUT} = 15 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 80 mA	59.7%	56.8%	51.8%
I_{OUT} = 15 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 100 mA	57.3%	55.8%	50.9%
I_{OUT} = 30 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 100 mA	61.6%	60.9%	57.5%
I_{OUT} = 50 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 100 mA	62.5%	62.5%	59.3%

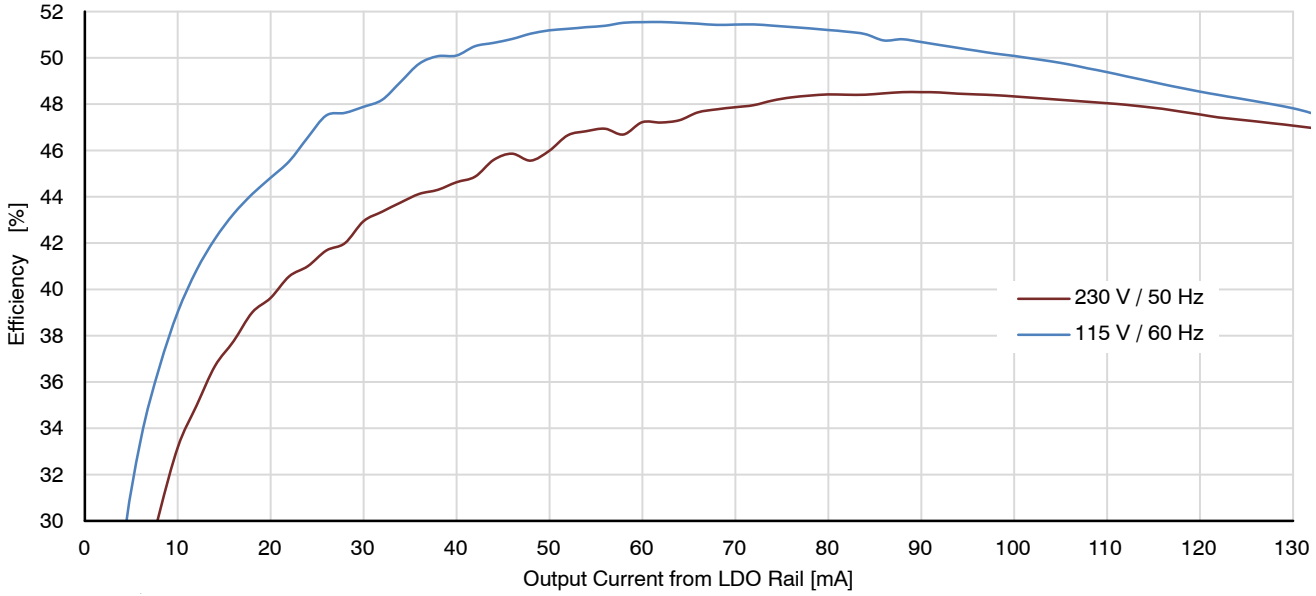


Figure 7. Efficiency Graph of NCP10970AGEVB as HV LDO – the 15 V Rail is not Loaded

Table 3. NO−LOAD INPUT POWER TABLE

Input Voltage	No−load Input Power I_{OUT} = Unloaded I_{LDOOUT} = Unloaded	Application Standby I_{OUT} = 0.5 mA I_{LDOOUT} = 3 mA
115 V_{rms}	21 mW	46 mW
230 V_{rms}	30 mW	58 mW
400 V	34 mW	60 mW
600 V	55 mW	82 mW

*115/230 V_{rms} was applied on AC input terminals, 400/600 V was applied on DC input terminals

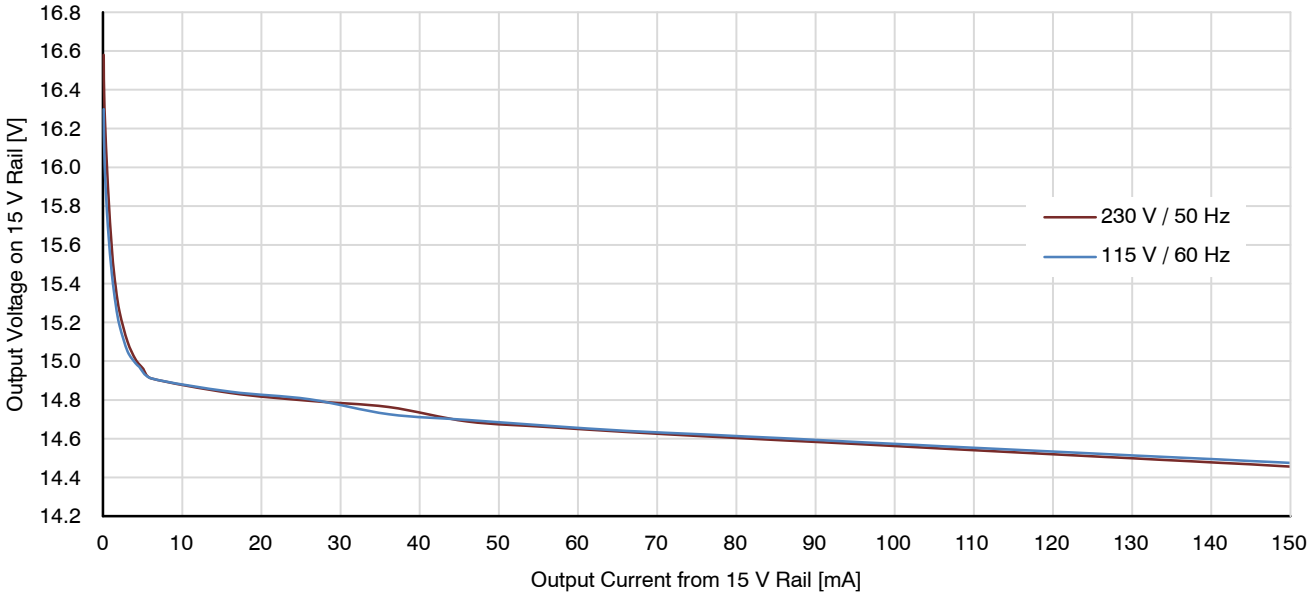


Figure 8. Output Voltage Regulation of NCP10970AGEVB

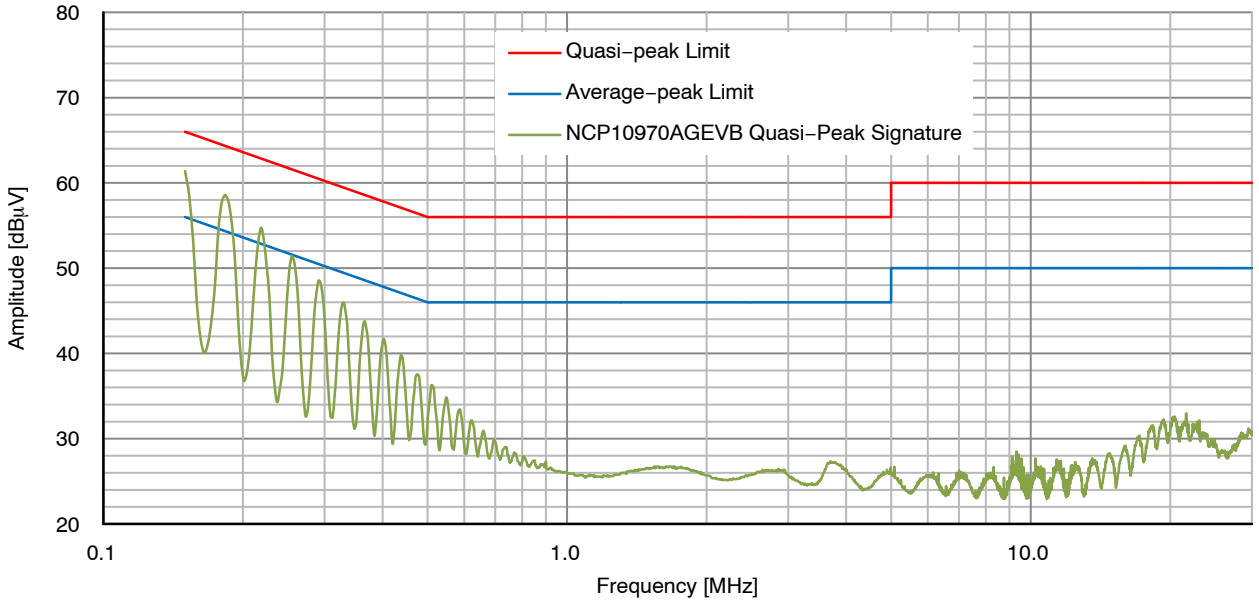


Figure 9. Quasi−Peak EMI Measurement NCP10970AGEVB, V_{IN} = 230 V_{rms}, I_{OUT} = 44 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 94 mA

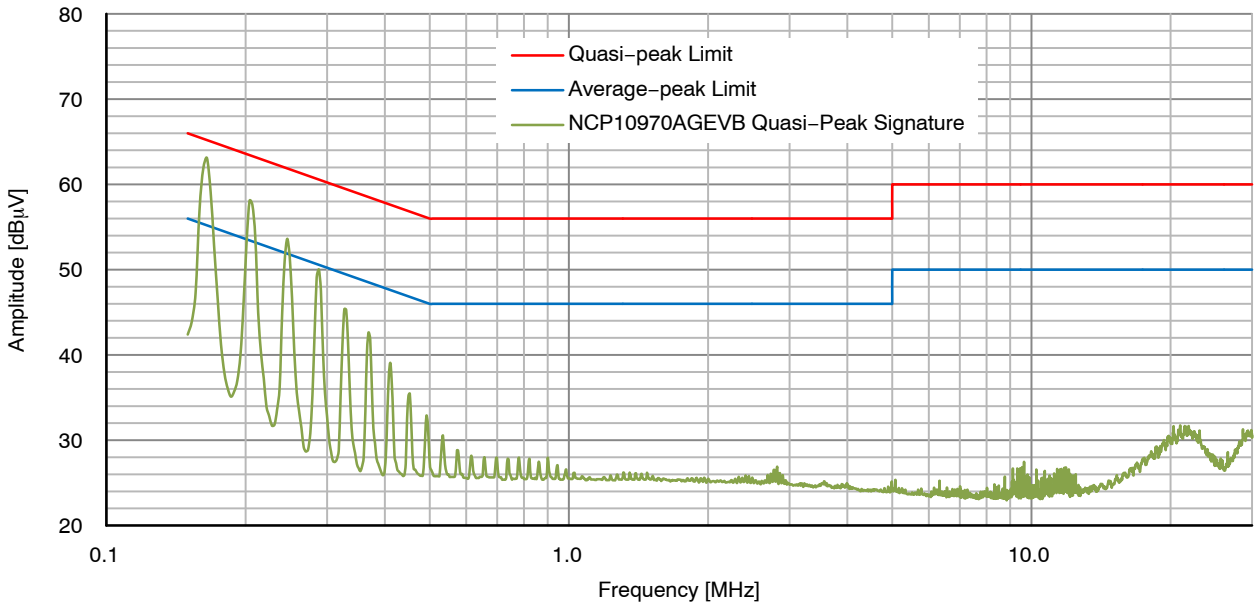


Figure 10. Quasi−Peak EMI Measurement NCP10970AGEVB, V_{IN} = 115 V_{rms}, I_{OUT} = 44 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 94 mA

MEASUREMENTS – WAVEFORMS

Startup and Power−down Behavior

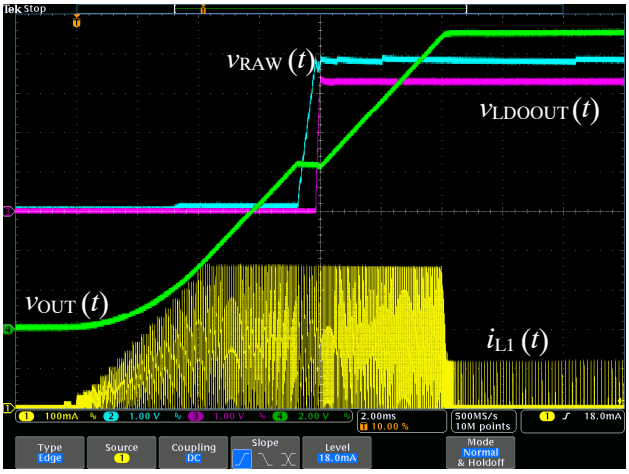


Figure 11. Startup at V_{IN} = 115 V, I_{OUT} = I_{LDOOUT} = Unloaded

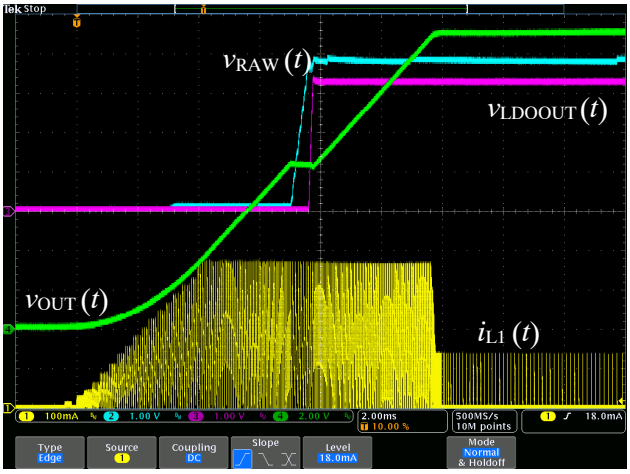


Figure 12. Startup at V_{IN} = 230 V, I_{OUT} = I_{LDOOUT} = Unloaded

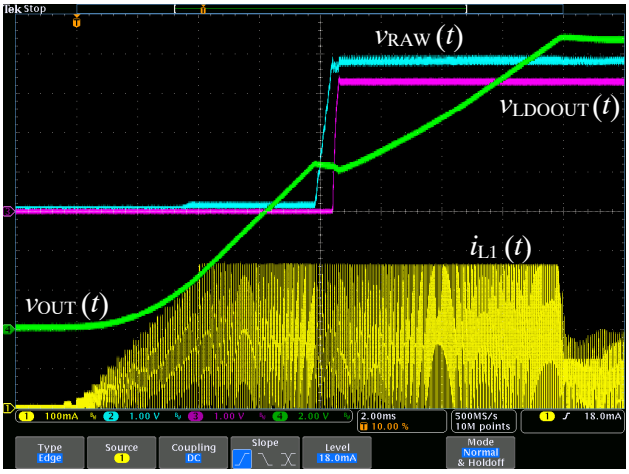


Figure 13. Startup at V_{IN} = 115 V, I_{OUT} = 15 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 60 mA

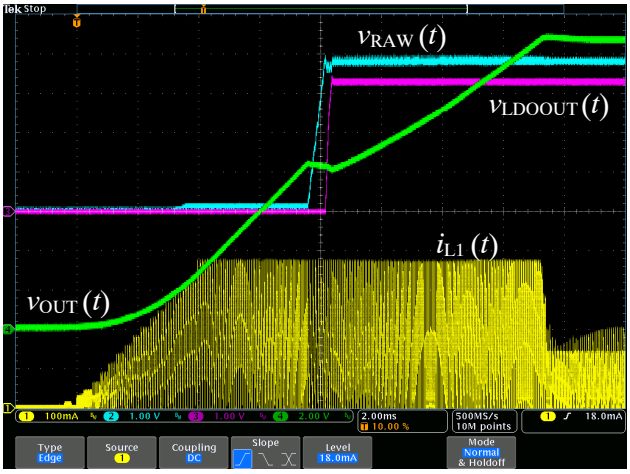


Figure 14. Startup at V_{IN} = 230 V, I_{OUT} = 15 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 60 mA

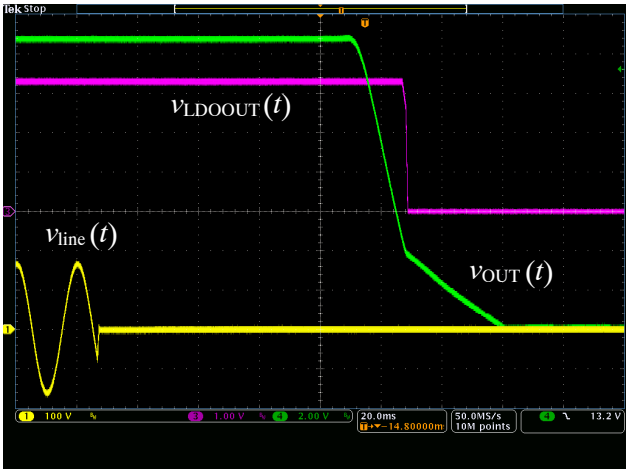


Figure 15. Power−down at V_{IN} = 115 V, I_{OUT} = 15 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 60 mA; Outputs are in Regulation for 80 ms

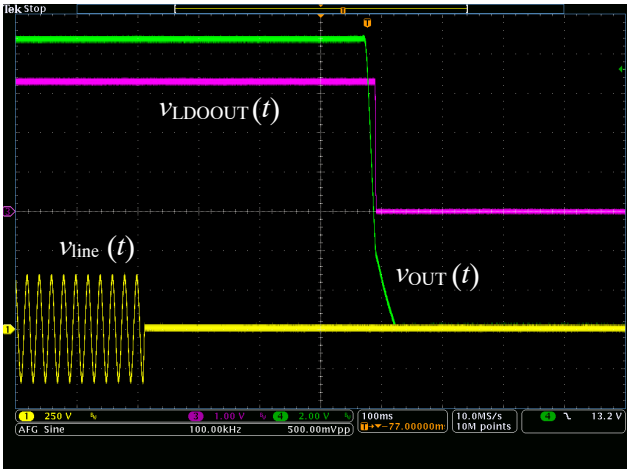


Figure 16. Power−down at V_{IN} = 230 V, I_{OUT} = 15 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 60 mA; Outputs are in Regulation for 350 ms

Output Voltage Ripple

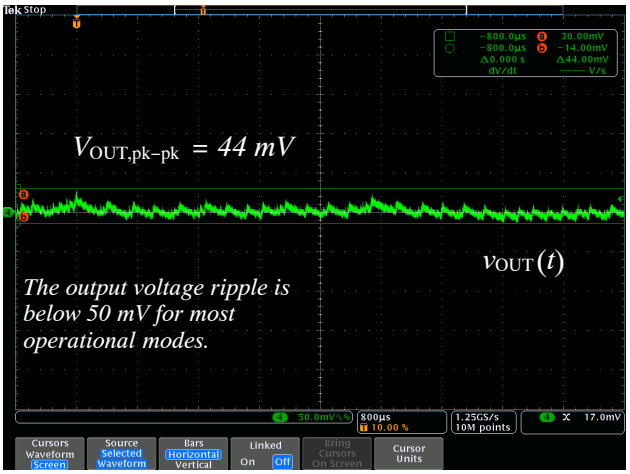


Figure 17. V_{OUT} Ripple for V_{IN} = 115 V, I_{OUT} = 5 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA

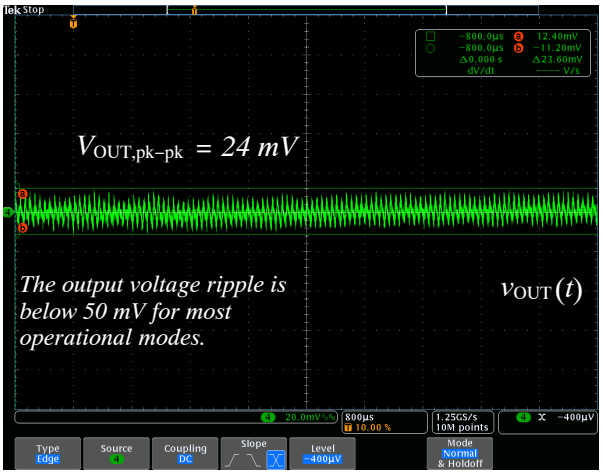


Figure 18. V_{OUT} Ripple for V_{IN} = 230 V, I_{OUT} = 15 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 60 mA

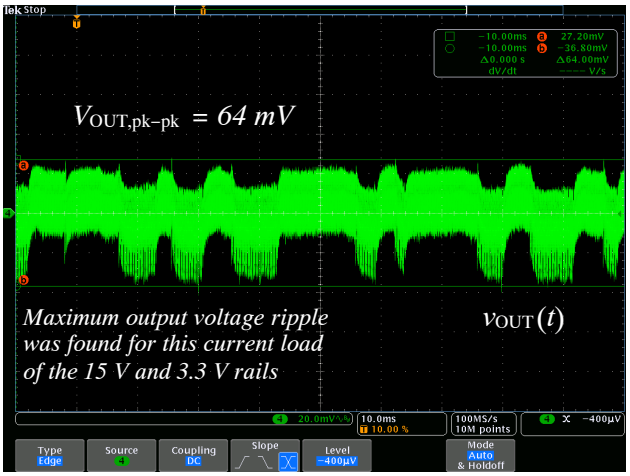


Figure 19. V_{OUT} Ripple for V_{IN} = 115 V, I_{OUT} = 88 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 52 mA

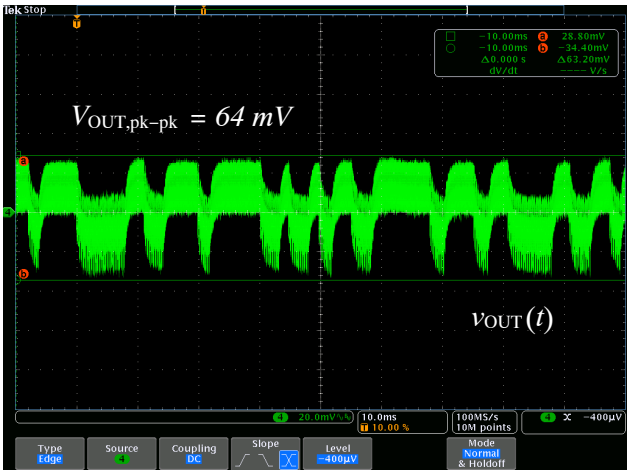


Figure 20. V_{OUT} Ripple for V_{IN} = 230 V, I_{OUT} = 53 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 77 mA

Load Transient Response

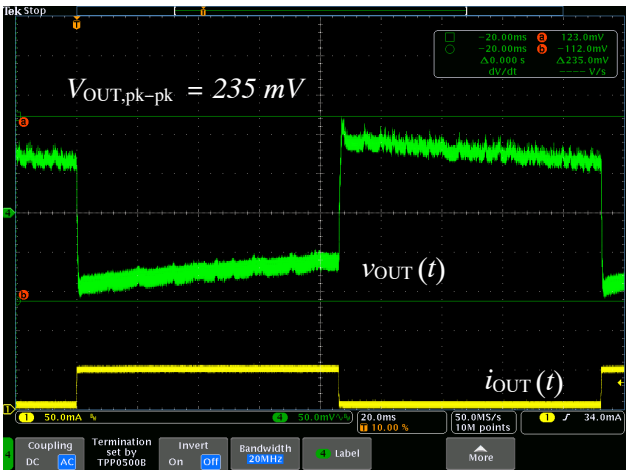


Figure 21. Response at I_{OUT} = 5 mA to 50 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA, V_{IN} = 115 V, Slew Rate 0.5 A/μs

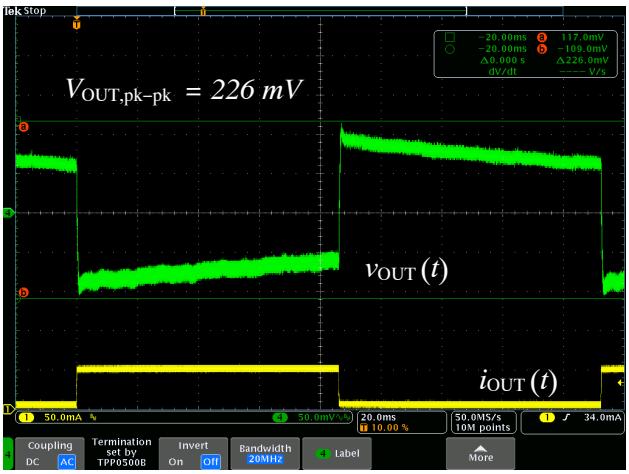


Figure 22. Response at I_{OUT} = 5 mA to 50 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA, V_{IN} = 230 V, Slew Rate 0.5 A/μs

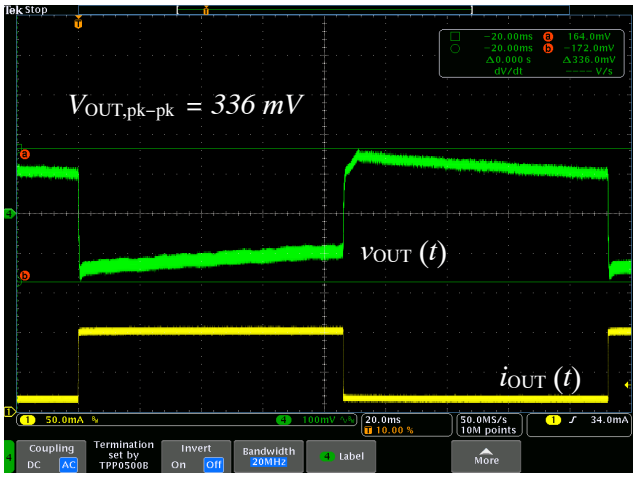


Figure 23. Response at I_{OUT} = 15 mA to 100 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA, V_{IN} = 115 V, Slew Rate 0.5 A/μs

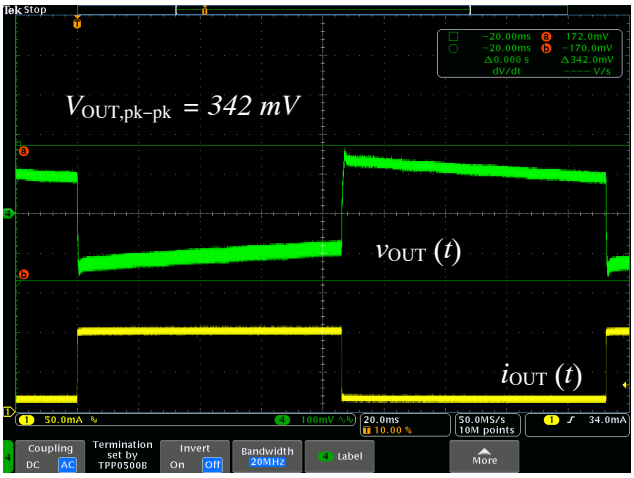


Figure 24. Response at I_{OUT} = 15 mA to 100 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA, V_{IN} = 230 V, Slew Rate 0.5 A/μs

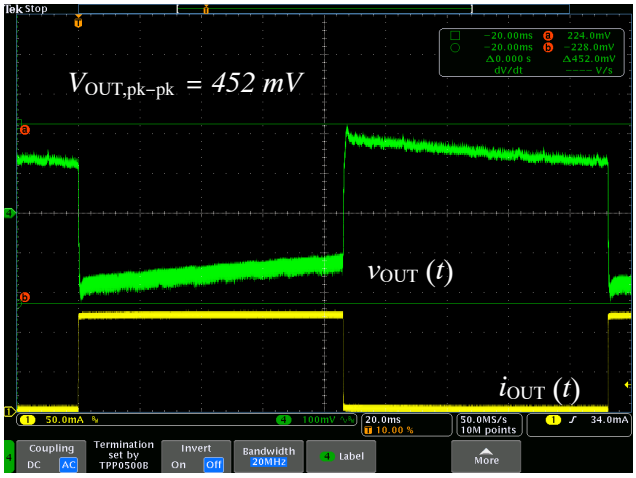


Figure 25. Response at I_{OUT} = 2 mA to 120 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA, V_{IN} = 115 V, Slew Rate 0.5 A/μs

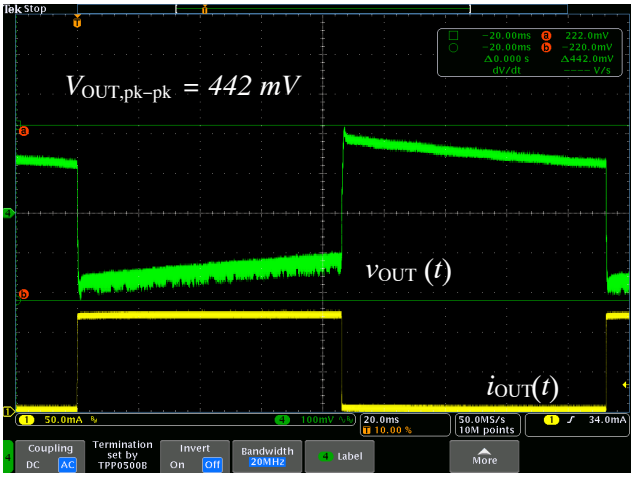


Figure 26. Response at I_{OUT} = 2 mA to 120 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA, V_{IN} = 230 V, Slew Rate 0.5 A/μs

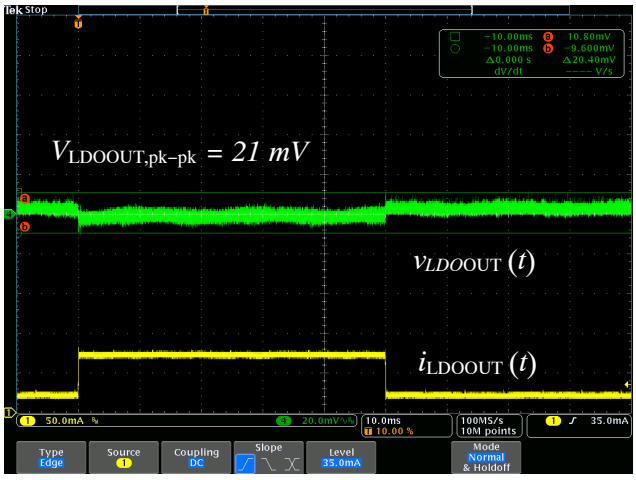


Figure 27. Response at I_{LDOOUT} = 20 mA to 75 mA, I_{OUT} = 5 mA, V_{IN} = 230 V, Slew Rate 0.5 A/μs

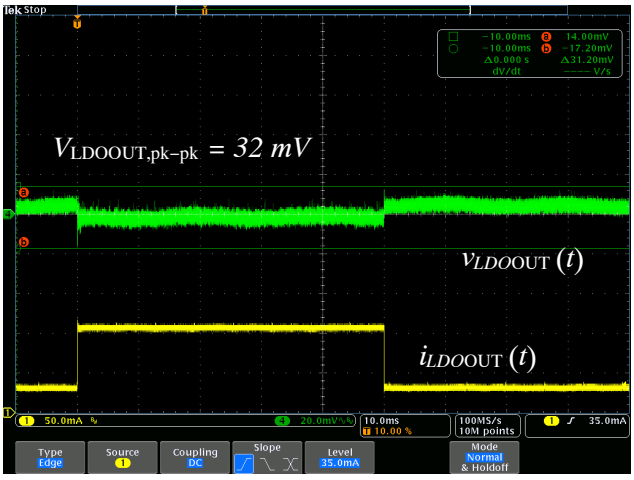


Figure 28. Response at I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA to 108 mA, I_{OUT} = 5 mA, V_{IN} = 230 V, Slew Rate 0.5 A/μs

Protections

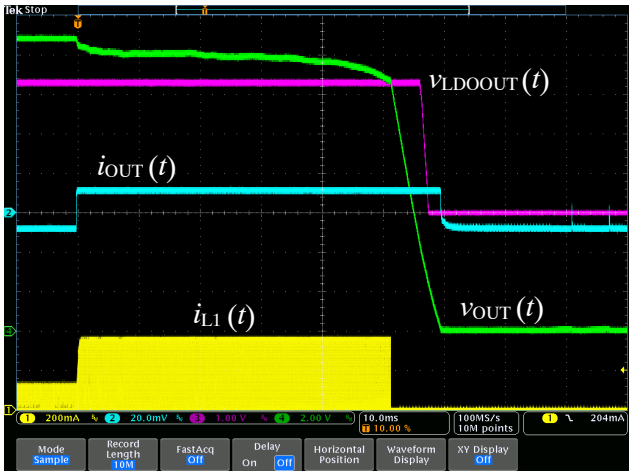


Figure 29. Timer−based Over−current Protection, I_{OUT} = 5mA to 150 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA, V_{IN} = 230 V

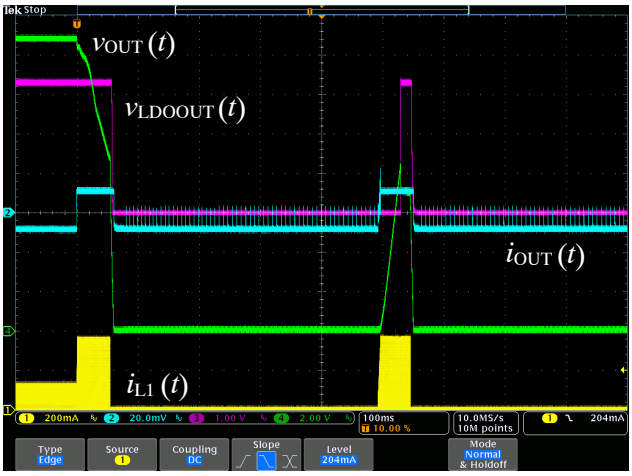


Figure 30. Auto−recovery Over−current Protection, I_{OUT} = 150 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA, V_{IN} = 230 V

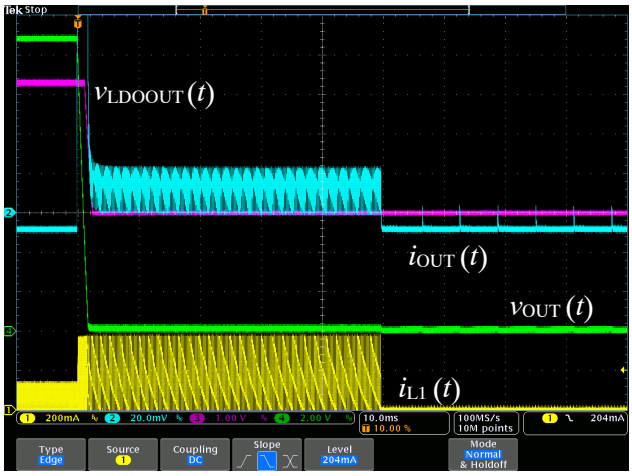


Figure 31. Timer−based Over−current Protection − Short Circuit, I_{OUT} = Short, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA, V_{IN} = 230 V

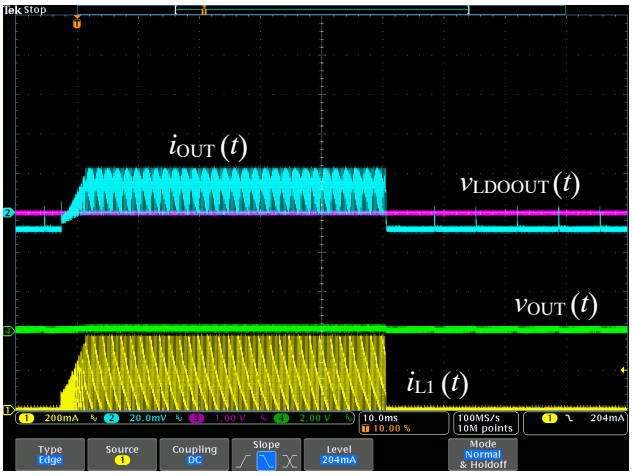


Figure 32. Short Circuit During Startup, I_{OUT} = Short, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 mA, V_{IN} = 230 V

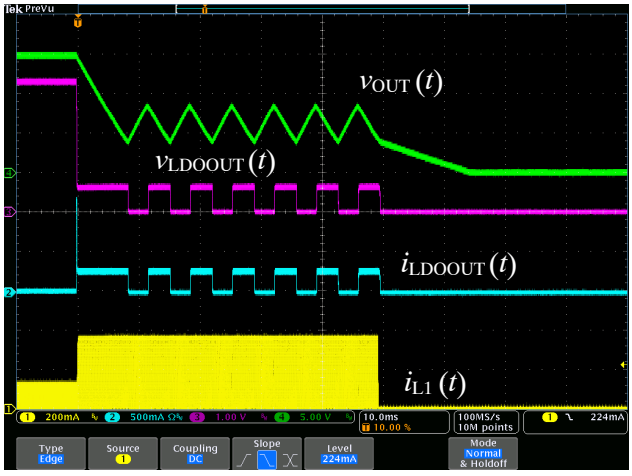


Figure 33. LDO Over−current Protection − Short Circuit on LDO Rail, I_{OUT} = 30 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = Short, V_{IN} = 230 V

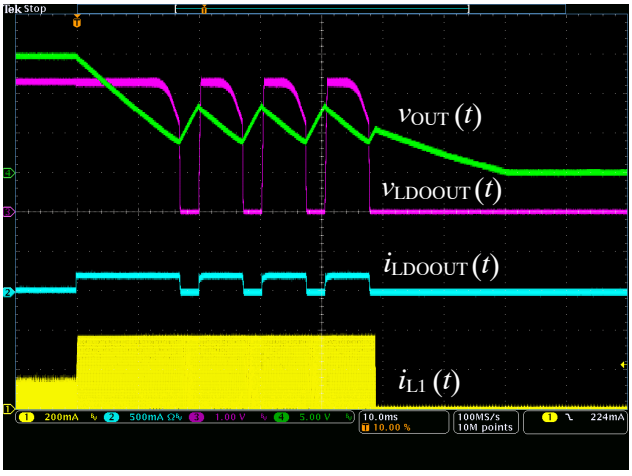


Figure 34. LDO Over−current Protection − Over−loaded LDO Rail, I_{OUT} = 30 mA, I_{LDOOUT} = 30 to 200 mA, V_{IN} = 230 V

Comparator Behavior

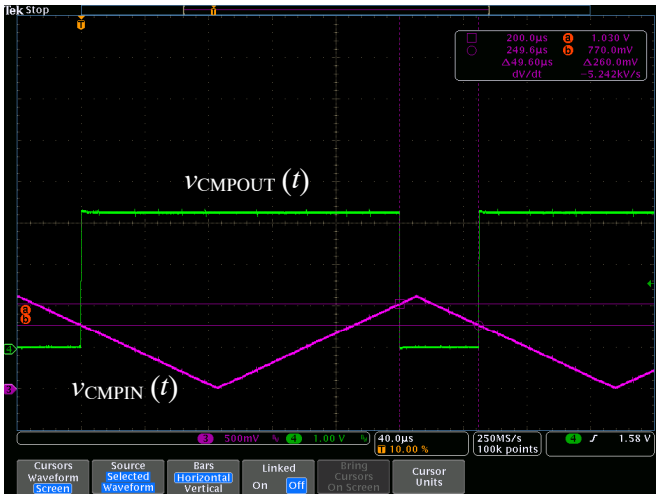


Figure 35. Comparator Behavior in Standby Mode, STBY Pin is Grounded

Table 4. BILL OF MATERIALS

QTY	Parts	Value	Tolerance	Package	Description	Manufacturer	Manufacturer part	Substitution Allowed
1	B1	MDB10S	–	TSSOP−4	Bridge Rectifier 1A, 1kV	ON Semiconductor	MDB10S	Yes
1	C1	220 nF	20%	0805	Capacitor MLCC, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
1	C2	1 μF / 25 V	20%	0805	Capacitor MLCC, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
1	C3	2.2 nF	20%	0805	Capacitor MLCC, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
1	C4	33 nF	20%	0805	Capacitor MLCC, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
1	C5	100 μF / 25 V	20%	TH	Electrolytic Capacitor	Wurth Elektronik	860080473006	Yes
2	C6, C7	10 μF / 25 V, X7R	20%	1206	Capacitor MLCC, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
1	C8	22 μF / 16 V, X7R	20%	1206	Capacitor MLCC, SMD	Murata	GRM31CZ71C226ME15L	Yes
0	C9	NU	20%	0805	Capacitor MLCC, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
2	CB1, CB2	10 μF / 400 V	20%	TH	Electrolytic Capacitor	Wurth Elektronik	860021375011	Yes
2	CX1, CX2	220 nF / 275 Vac	–	TH	X Capacitor	Wurth Elektronik	890324023028	Yes
1	D1	BAV70L	–	SOT−23−3	Switching Diode	ON Semiconductor	BAV70LT1G	Yes
2	D2, D3	US1MFA	–	SOD−123 FL	Superfast Rectifier	ON Semiconductor	US1MFA	Yes
0	D4	NU	–	SOD−123	Zener Diode	ON Semiconductor	–	Yes
1	F1	T1A	–	TH	Fuse	Bel Fuse	RST1	Yes
1	IC1	NCP10970A1	–	SOIC−16	Dual Output Controller	ON Semiconductor	NCP10970A1DR2G	No
1	L1	1 mH	–	TH SMD	Inductor 1 mH, 0.5A Inductor 1 mH, 0.4A	Wurth Elektronik	768772102 7687714102	Yes
1	L2	2 x 10 mH	–	TH	Common Mode Choke	Wurth Elektronik	744821110	Yes
2	LED_SW, LED_LDO	Red 3 mm	–	TH	Red LED 3mm	Various	Various	Yes
3	R1, R2, R8	150 kΩ	1%	1206	Resistor, SMD	Various	Various	
1	R3	200 kΩ	1%	0805	Resistor, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
1	R4	56 kΩ	1%	0805	Resistor, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
1	R5	3.3 kΩ	1%	0603	Resistor, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
1	R6	6.8 kΩ	1%	0603	Resistor, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
1	R7	820 Ω	1%	0603	Resistor, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
0	R9	NU	1%	0805	Resistor, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
4	RB1, RB2, RB3, RB4	3 MΩ	1%	1206	Resistor, SMD	Various	Various	Yes
0	RV1	NU	–	TH	Varistor	Wurth Elektronik	820474611	Yes

NOTES: All parts are Lead−free
TH = Through Hole

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