

3-Level NPC Inverter Module

Product Preview

NXH600N105H7F5S1HG

The NXH600N105H7F5S1HG is a power module in F5BP containing an I-type neutral point clamped three-level inverter. The integrated field stop trench IGBTs and FRDs provide lower conduction and switching losses, enabling designers to achieve high efficiency, higher power and superior reliability.

Features

- I-type Neutral Point Clamped Three-level Inverter Module
- 1050 V Field Stop 7 IGBTs
- Low Inductive Layout
- Solder Pins
- Integrated NTC Thermistor
- This Device is Pb-Free, Halide Free and is RoHS Compliant

Typical Applications

- Energy Storage System
- Solar Inverters

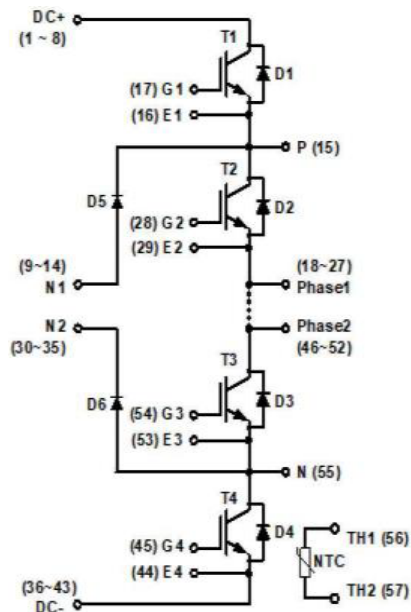
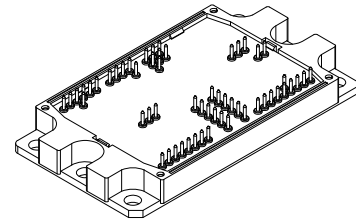


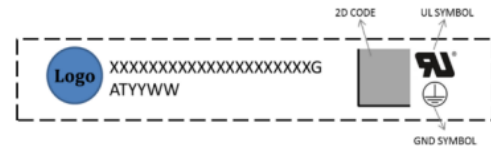
Figure 1. NXH600N105H7F5S1HG Schematic Diagram

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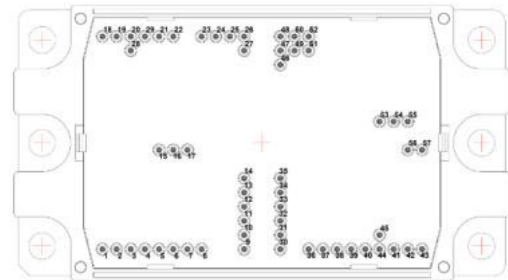
PIM57 112.00x62.00x12.00
CASE 180CV

MARKING DIAGRAM



XXXXX = Device Code
G = Pb-Free Package
AT = Assembly & Test Site Code
YYWW = Year and Work Week Code

PIN CONNECTIONS



ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 5 of this data sheet.

NXH600N105H7F5S1HG

MODULE CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Temperature under Switching Condition	T_{VJOP}	-40 to 150	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-40 to 125	°C
Isolation Test Voltage, $t = 2$ s, 50 Hz (Note 1)	V_{is}	4800	V_{RMS}
Stray Inductance	L_{sCE}	15	nH
Terminal Connection Torque (M5, Screw)	M	3 to 5	Nm
Weight	G	245	g
Creepage Distance (Terminal to Heatsink)		17.46	mm
Creepage Distance (Terminal to Terminal)		6.48	mm
Clearance Distance (Terminal to Heatsink)		15.62	mm
Clearance Distance (Terminal to Terminal)		5.05	mm
Comparative Tracking Index	CTI	>600	

1. 4800 V_{ACRMS} for 2 second duration is equivalent to 4000 V_{ACRMS} for 1 minute duration.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_J = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
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OUTER IGBT (T1, T4)

Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CES}	1050	V
Gate-Emitter Voltage Positive Transient Gate-Emitter Voltage ($T_{pulse} = 5$ μ s, $D < 0.10$)	V_{GE}	± 20 30	V
Continuous Collector Current @ $T_c = 80$ °C ($T_J = 175$ °C)	I_C	429	A
Pulsed Peak Collector Current @ $T_c = 80$ °C ($T_J = 175$ °C), $T_{pulse} = 1$ ms	I_{Cpulse}	1287	A
Power Dissipation ($T_J = 175$ °C, $T_c = 80$ °C)	P_{tot}	1080	W
Minimum Operating Junction Temperature	T_{JMIN}	-40	°C
Maximum Operating Junction Temperature	T_{JMAX}	175	°C

INNER IGBT (T2, T3)

Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CES}	1050	V
Gate-Emitter Voltage Positive Transient Gate-Emitter Voltage ($T_{pulse} = 5$ μ s, $D < 0.10$)	V_{GE}	+20 30	V
Continuous Collector Current @ $T_c = 80$ °C ($T_J = 175$ °C)	I_C	429	A
Pulsed Peak Collector Current @ $T_c = 80$ °C ($T_J = 175$ °C), $T_{pulse} = 1$ ms	I_{Cpulse}	1287	A
Power Dissipation ($T_J = 175$ °C, $T_c = 80$ °C)	P_{tot}	1080	W
Minimum Operating Junction Temperature	T_{JMIN}	-40	°C
Maximum Operating Junction Temperature	T_{JMAX}	175	°C

SIC NEUTRAL POINT DIODE (D5, D6)

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	1200	V
Continuous Forward Current @ $T_c = 80$ °C	I_F	195	A
Repetitive Peak Forward Current ($T_J = 175$ °C), $T_{pulse} = 1$ ms	I_{FRM}	585	A
Maximum Power Dissipation @ $T_c = 80$ °C ($T_J = 175$ °C)	P_{tot}	419	W
Minimum Operating Junction Temperature	T_{JMIN}	-40	°C
Maximum Operating Junction Temperature	T_{JMAX}	175	°C

SIC INVERSE DIODES (D1, D4)

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	1200	V
Continuous Forward Current @ $T_c = 80$ °C	I_F	287	A
Repetitive Peak Forward Current ($T_J = 175$ °C), $T_{pulse} = 1$ ms	I_{FRM}	861	A

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_J = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted) (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
SIC INVERSE DIODES (D1, D4)			
Maximum Power Dissipation @ $T_c = 80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($T_J = 175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)	P_{tot}	646	W
Minimum Operating Junction Temperature	$T_{J\text{MIN}}$	-40	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Maximum Operating Junction Temperature	$T_{J\text{MAX}}$	175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
INVERSE DIODES (D2, D3)			
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	1050	V
Continuous Forward Current @ $T_c = 80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	I_F	303	A
Repetitive Peak Forward Current ($T_J = 175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$), $T_{\text{pulse}} = 1\text{ ms}$	I_{FRM}	909	A
Maximum Power Dissipation @ $T_c = 80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($T_J = 175\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)	P_{tot}	833	W
Minimum Operating Junction Temperature	$T_{J\text{MIN}}$	-40	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Maximum Operating Junction Temperature	$T_{J\text{MAX}}$	175	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

2. Refer to ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS, RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGES and/or APPLICATION INFORMATION for Safe Operating parameters

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_J = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OUTER IGBT (T1, T4)						
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	$V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{CE}} = 1050\text{ V}$	I_{CES}	–	–	500	μA
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{ V}$, $I_C = 600\text{ A}$, $T_J = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	$V_{\text{CE(sat)}}$	–	1.6	2.3	V
	$V_{\text{GE}} = 15\text{ V}$, $I_C = 600\text{ A}$, $T_J = 150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		–	2.0	–	
Gate-Emitter Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{GE}} = V_{\text{CE}}$, $I_C = 600\text{ mA}$	$V_{\text{GE(TH)}}$	4.0	5.5	6.9	V
Gate Leakage Current	$V_{\text{GE}} = 20\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{CE}} = 0\text{ V}$	I_{GES}	–	–	1	μA
Internal Gate Resistor		R_g	–	0.58	–	Ω
Turn-off safe operating area	$V_{\text{CC}} < 800\text{ V}$, $R_{\text{G, off}} \geq 30\text{ }\Omega$, $T_{\text{vj}} < 150\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		–	800	–	A
Turn-on Delay Time	$T_J = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{\text{CE}} = 600\text{ V}$, $I_C = 200\text{ A}$ $V_{\text{GE}} = -9\text{ V to } +15\text{ V}$, $R_{\text{G, on}} = 7\text{ }\Omega$, $R_{\text{G, off}} = 21\text{ }\Omega$	$t_{\text{d(on)}}$	–	235	–	ns
Rise Time		t_r	–	48	–	
Turn-off Delay Time		$t_{\text{d(off)}}$	–	1500	–	
Fall Time		t_f	–	18	–	
Turn-on Switching Loss per Pulse		E_{on}	–	6310	–	μJ
Turn off Switching Loss per Pulse		E_{off}	–	9000	–	
Turn-on Delay Time	$T_J = 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{\text{CE}} = 600\text{ V}$, $I_C = 200\text{ A}$ $V_{\text{GE}} = -9\text{ V to } +15\text{ V}$, $R_{\text{G, on}} = 7\text{ }\Omega$, $R_{\text{G, off}} = 21\text{ }\Omega$	$t_{\text{d(on)}}$	–	212	–	ns
Rise Time		t_r	–	52	–	
Turn-off Delay Time		$t_{\text{d(off)}}$	–	1641	–	
Fall Time		t_f	–	16	–	
Turn-on Switching Loss per Pulse		E_{on}	–	6860	–	μJ
Turn-off Switching Loss per Pulse		E_{off}	–	12020	–	
Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{CE}} = 20\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 100\text{ kHz}$	C_{ies}	–	48597	–	pF
Output Capacitance		C_{oes}	–	1836	–	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		C_{res}	–	277	–	
Total Gate Charge	$V_{\text{CE}} = 600\text{ V}$, $I_C = 57\text{ A}$, $V_{\text{GE}} = -15/+20\text{ V}$	Q_g	–	3048	–	nC

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted) (continued)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
OUTER IGBT (T1, T4)						
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-heatsink	Thermal grease, Thickness = 2 Mil ±2%, = 2.9 W/mK	R _{thJH}	–	0.139	–	°C/W
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-case		R _{thJC}	–	0.088	–	°C/W
SiC NEUTRAL POINT DIODE (D5, D6)						
Diode Forward Voltage	I _F = 200 A, T _J = 25 °C	V _F	–	1.6	1.75	V
	I _F = 200 A, T _J = 150 °C		–	2.1	–	
Reverse Recovery Time	T _J = 25 °C V _{CE} = 600 V, I _C = 200 A V _{GE} = –9 V to +15 V, R _{G, on} = 7 Ω	t _{rr}	–	21	–	ns
Reverse Recovery Charge		Q _{rr}	–	595	–	nC
Peak Reverse Recovery Current		I _{RRM}	–	43	–	A
Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery Current		di/dt	–	3.5	–	A/ns
Reverse Recovery Energy		E _{rr}	–	117	–	μJ
Reverse Recovery Time		T _J = 125 °C V _{CE} = 600 V, I _C = 200 A V _{GE} = –9 V to +15 V, R _{G, on} = 7 Ω	t _{rr}	–	20	–
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q _{rr}		–	602	–	nC
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	I _{RRM}		–	42	–	A
Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery Current	di/dt		–	3.2	–	A/ns
Reverse Recovery Energy	E _{rr}		–	150	–	μJ
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-heatsink	Thermal grease, Thickness = 2 Mil ±2%, = 2.87 W/mK		R _{thJH}	–	0.297	–
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-case		R _{thJC}	–	0.227	–	°C/W
INNER IGBT (T2, T3)						
Collector-Emitter Cutoff Current	V _{GE} = 0 V, V _{CE} = 1050 V	I _{CES}	–	–	500	μA
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{GE} = 15 V, I _C = 600 A, T _J = 25°C	V _{CE(sat)}	–	1.6	2.3	V
	V _{GE} = 15 V, I _C = 600 A, T _J = 150°C		–	2.0	–	
Gate-Emitter Threshold Voltage	V _{GE} = V _{CE} , I _C = 600 mA	V _{GE(TH)}	4.0	5.5	6.9	V
Gate Leakage Current	V _{GE} = 20 V, V _{CE} = 0 V	I _{GES}	–	–	1	μA
Internal Gate Resistor		R _g	–	0.58	–	Ω
Turn-off Safe Operating Area	V _{CC} < 800V, R _{G, off} ≥ 30 Ω, T _{vj} < 150 °C		–	800	–	A
Turn-on Delay Time	T _J = 25 °C V _{CE} = 600 V, I _C = 200 A V _{GE} = –9 V to +15 V, R _{G, on} = 7 Ω, R _{G, off} = 21 Ω	t _{d(on)}	–	238	–	ns
Rise Time		t _r	–	56	–	
Turn-off Delay Time		t _{d(off)}	–	1506	–	
Fall Time		t _f	–	7.2	–	
Turn-on Switching Loss per Pulse		E _{on}	–	6570	–	μJ
Turn off Switching Loss per Pulse		E _{off}	–	9090	–	
Turn-on Delay Time	T _J = 125 °C V _{CE} = 600 V, I _C = 200 A V _{GE} = –9 V to +15 V, R _{G, on} = 7 Ω, R _{G, off} = 21 Ω	t _{d(on)}	–	216	–	ns
Rise Time		t _r	–	57	–	
Turn-off Delay Time		t _{d(off)}	–	1638	–	
Fall Time		t _f	–	17	–	
Turn-on Switching Loss per Pulse		E _{on}	–	6890	–	μJ
Turn-off Switching Loss per Pulse		E _{off}	–	10910	–	
Input Capacitance	V _{CE} = 20 V, V _{GE} = 0 V, f = 100 kHz	C _{ies}	–	48597	–	pF
Output Capacitance		C _{oes}	–	1836	–	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance		C _{res}	–	277	–	
Total Gate Charge	V _{CE} = 600 V, I _C = 57 A, V _{GE} = –15/+20 V	Q _g	–	3048	–	nC

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted) (continued)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
INNER IGBT (T2, T3)						
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-heatsink	Thermal grease, Thickness = 2 Mil ±2%, = 2.87 W/mK	R _{thJH}	–	0.139	–	°C/W
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-case		R _{thJC}	–	0.088	–	°C/W

SiC INVERSE DIODES (D1, D4)

Diode Forward Voltage	I _F = 300 A, T _J = 25 °C	V _F	–	1.6	1.75	V
	I _F = 300 A, T _J = 175 °C		–	2.1	–	
Reverse Recovery Time	T _J = 25 °C V _{CE} = 600 V, I _C = 200 A V _{GE} = –9 V to +15 V, R _{G, on} = 7 Ω	t _{rr}	–	37	–	ns
Reverse Recovery Charge		Q _{rr}	–	1167	–	nC
Peak Reverse Recovery Current		I _{RRM}	–	53	–	A
Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery Current		di/dt	–	2.92	–	A/ns
Reverse Recovery Energy		E _{rr}	–	235	–	μJ
Reverse Recovery Time		t _{rr}	–	40	–	ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	T _J = 125 °C V _{CE} = 600 V, I _C = 200 A V _{GE} = –9 V to +15 V, R _{G, on} = 7 Ω	Q _{rr}	–	1419	–	nC
Peak Reverse Recovery Current		I _{RRM}	–	61	–	A
Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery Current		di/dt	–	2.84	–	A/ns
Reverse Recovery Energy		E _{rr}	–	279	–	μJ
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-heatsink		R _{thJH}	–	0.202	–	°C/W
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-case	Thermal grease, Thickness = 2 Mil ±2%, = 2.87 W/mK	R _{thJC}	–	0.147	–	°C/W

INVERSE DIODES (D2, D3)

Diode Forward Voltage	I _F = 500 A, T _J = 25 °C	V _F	–	2.8	3.4	V
	I _F = 500 A, T _J = 175 °C		–	2.2	–	
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-heatsink	Thermal grease, Thickness = 2 Mil ±2%, = 2.87 W/mK	R _{thJH}	–	0.194	–	°C/W
Thermal Resistance – Chip-to-case		R _{thJC}	–	0.124	–	°C/W

THERMISTOR CHARACTERISTICS

Nominal Resistance	T = 25 °C	R ₂₅	–	5	–	kΩ
Nominal Resistance	T = 100 °C	R ₁₀₀	–	492.2	–	Ω
Deviation of R25		R/R	–1	–	1	%
Power Dissipation		P _D	–	5	–	mW
Power Dissipation Constant			–	1.3	–	mW/K
B-value	B(25/85), tolerance ±1%		–	3430	–	K

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Marking	Package	Shipping
NXH600N105H7F5S1HG	NXH600N105H7F5S1HG	F5 – PIM57 112x62 (Solder PIN) (Pb-Free / Halide Free)	8 Units / Blister Tray

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC – T1, T2, T3, T4 (IGBT)

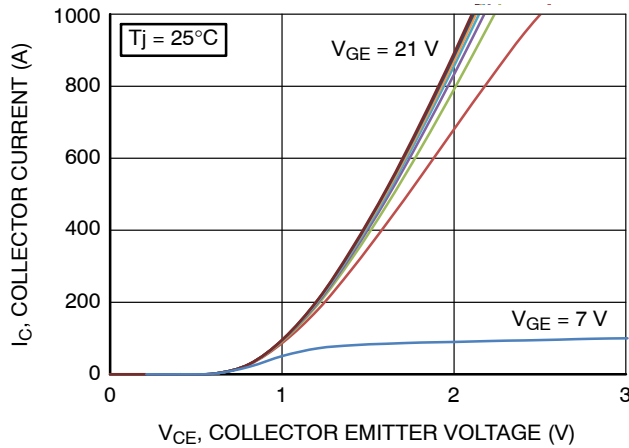


Figure 2. Typical Output Characteristics – IGBT

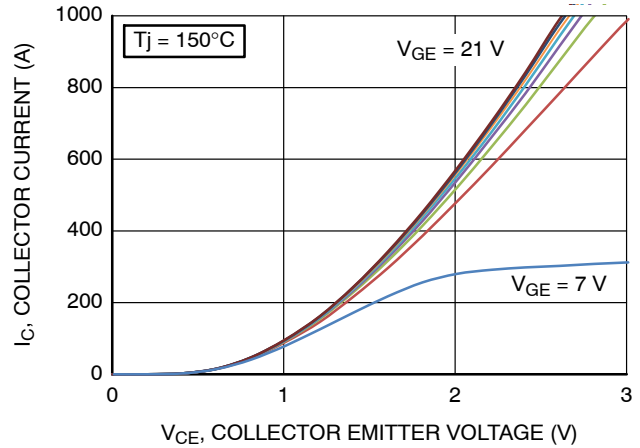


Figure 3. Typical Output Characteristics – IGBT

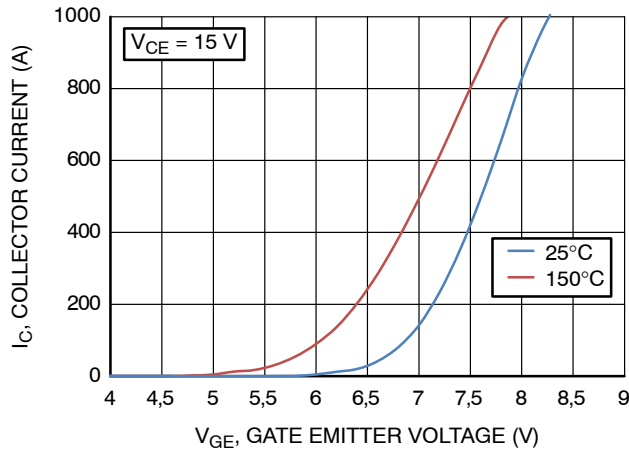


Figure 4. Transfer Characteristics – IGBT

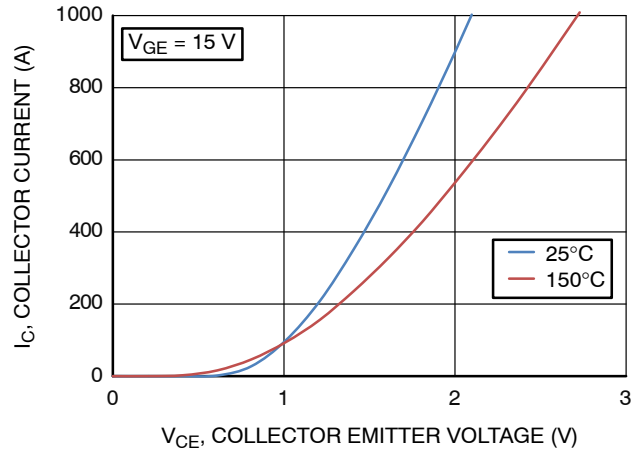


Figure 5. Saturation Voltage Characteristic – IGBT

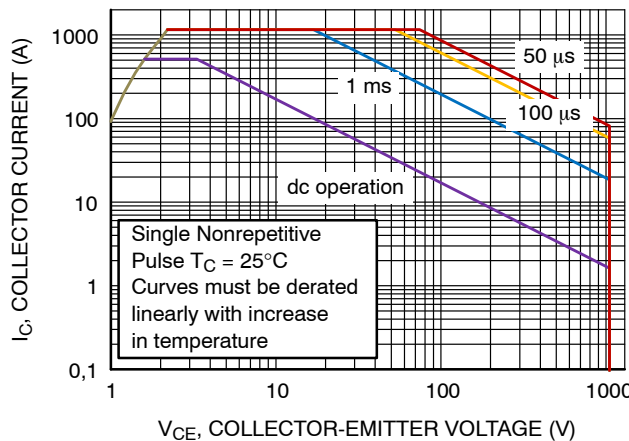


Figure 6. FBSOA

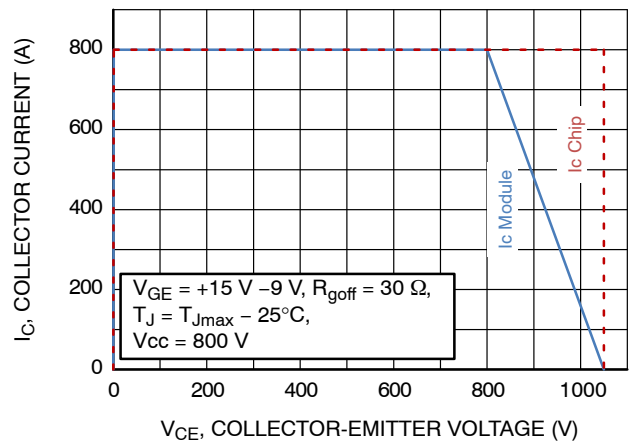


Figure 7. RBSOA (T1-T4)

NXH600N105H7F5S1HG

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC – T1, T2, T3, T4 (IGBT) (CONTINUED)

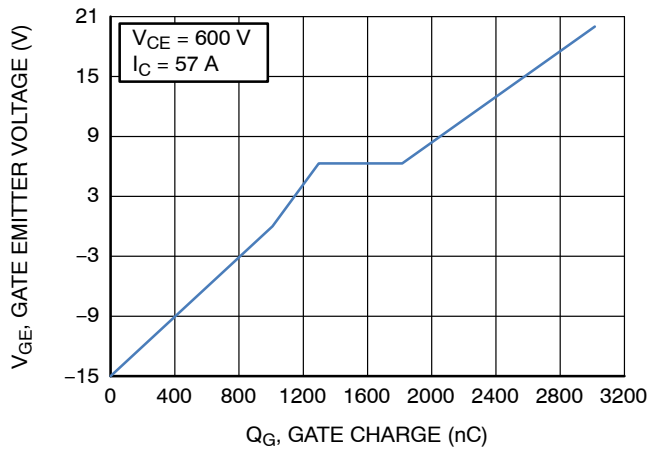


Figure 8. Gate Voltage vs. Gate Charge

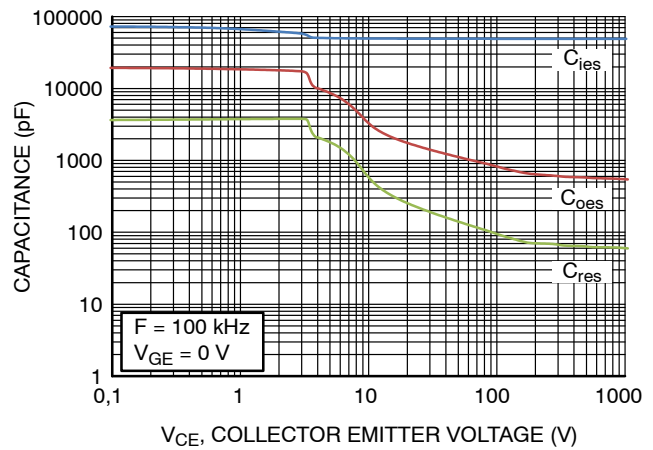


Figure 9. Capacitance vs. V_{CE}

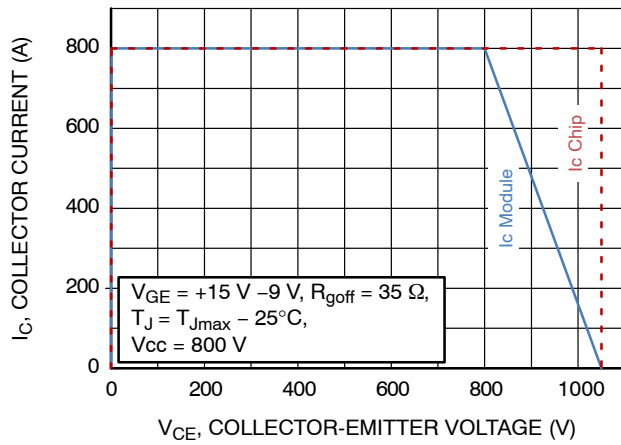


Figure 10. RBSOA (T2-T3)

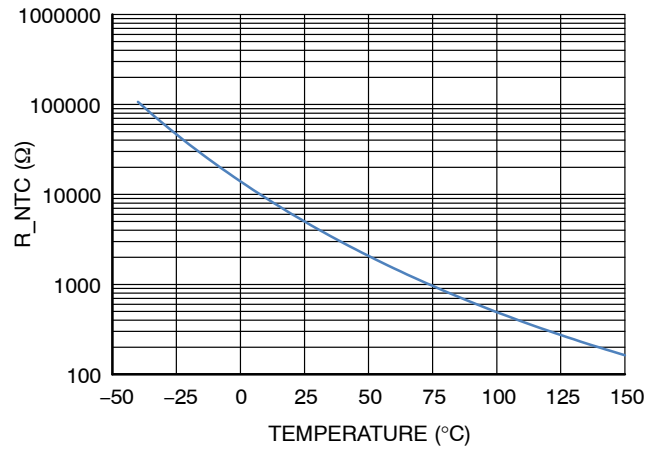


Figure 11. Temperature vs. NTC Value

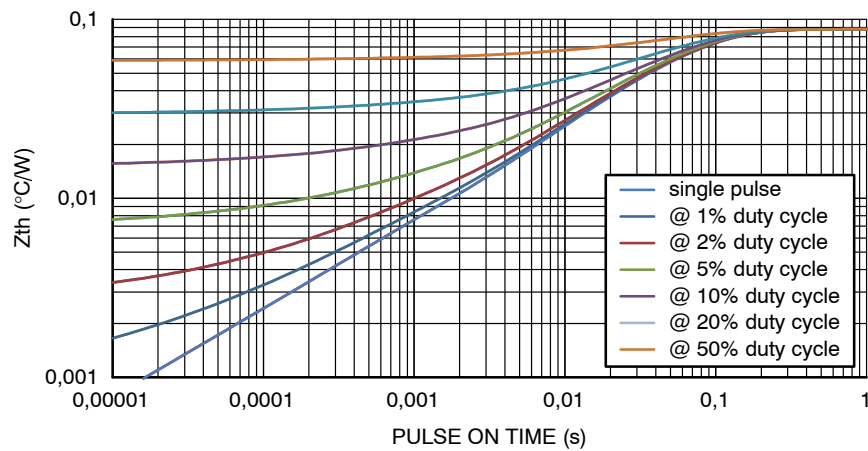


Figure 12. Transient Thermal Impedance (IGBT Z_{thjc})

NXH600N105H7F5S1HG

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC – D1, D4 (SiC INVERSE DIODE)

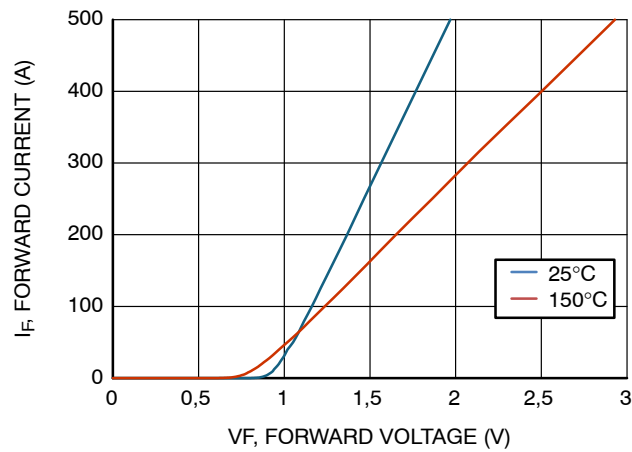


Figure 13. Inverse Diode Forward Characteristics

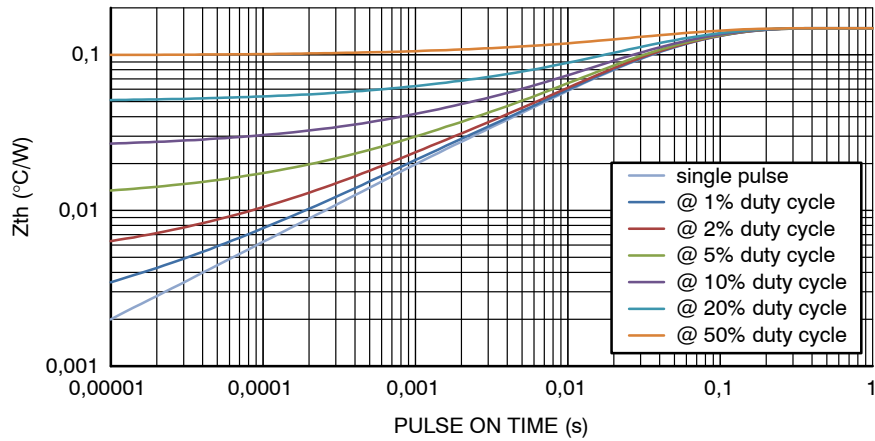


Figure 14. Transient Thermal Impedance (Inverse Diode Z_{thjc})

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC – D2, D3 (INVERSE DIODE)

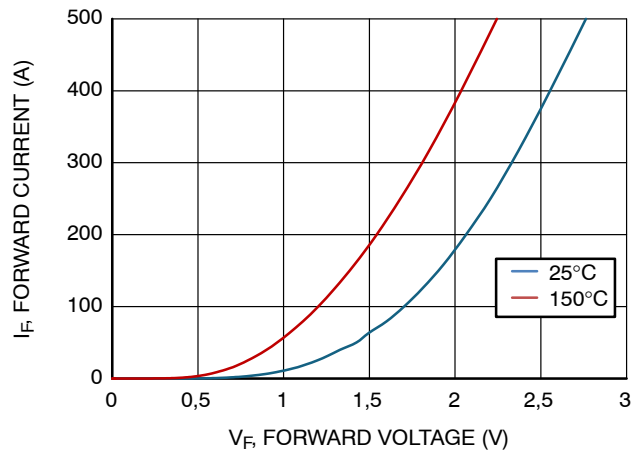


Figure 15. Inverse Diode Forward Characteristics

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC – D2, D3 (INVERSE DIODE) (CONTINUED)

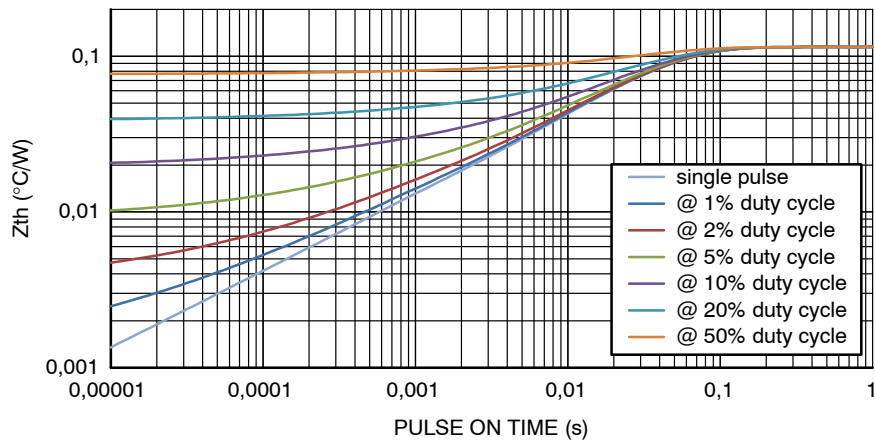


Figure 16. Transient Thermal Impedance (Inverse Diode Zthjc)

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC – D5, D6 (SiC NEUTRAL POINT DIODE)

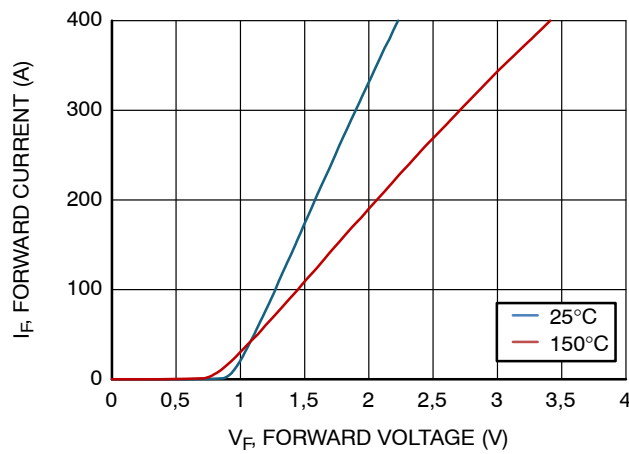


Figure 17. Neutral Diode Forward Characteristics

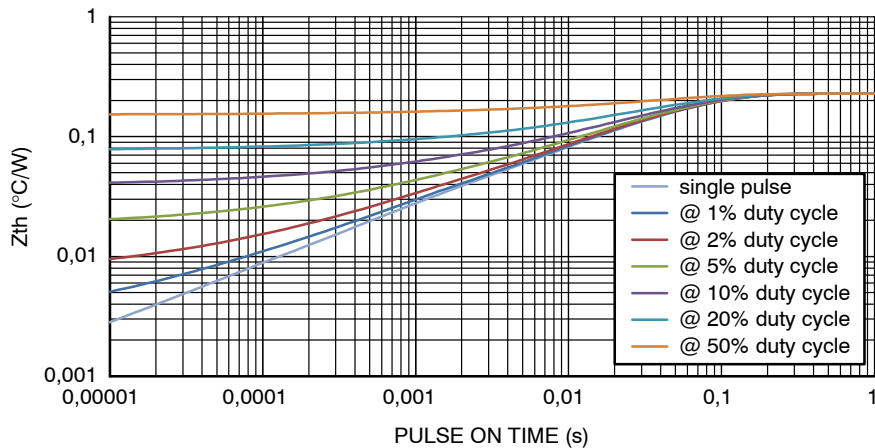


Figure 18. Transient Thermal Impedance (Neutral Point Diode Zthjc)

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC – T1 || D5 OR T4 || D6

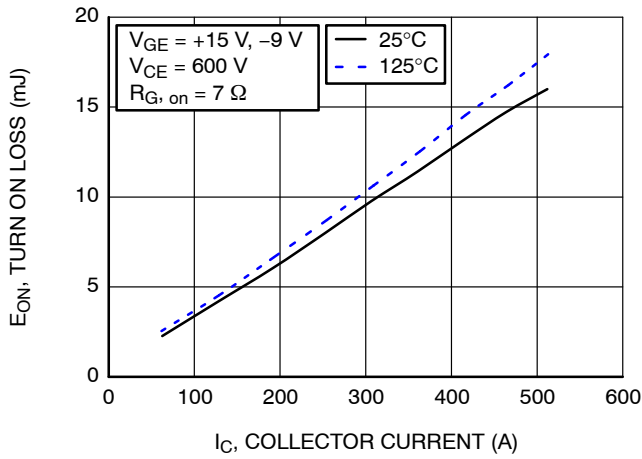


Figure 19. Typical Turn-On Loss vs. I_C

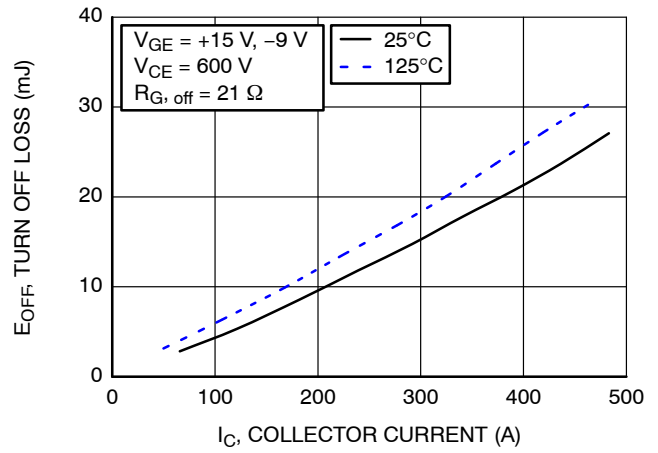


Figure 20. Typical Turn-Off Loss vs. I_C

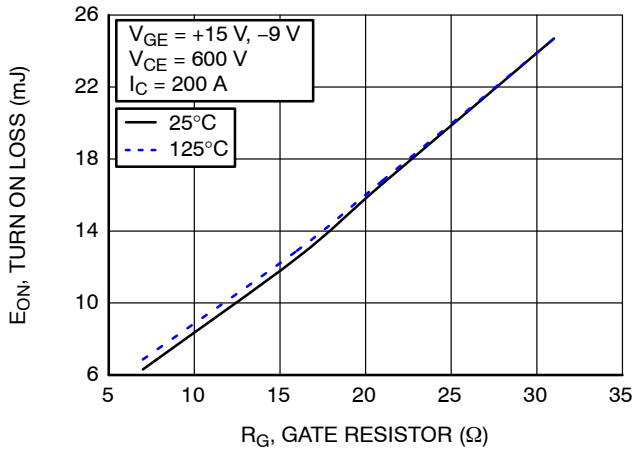


Figure 21. Typical Turn-On Loss vs. R_G

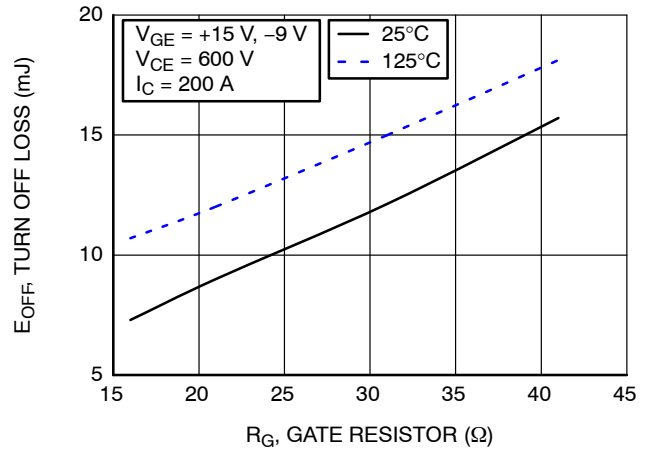


Figure 22. Typical Turn-Off Loss vs. R_G

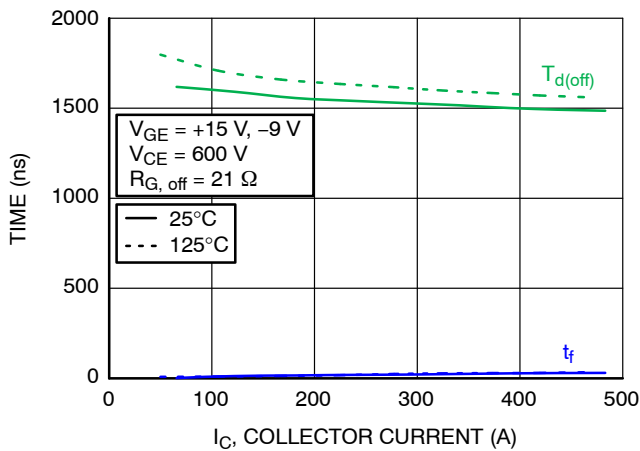


Figure 23. Typical Turn-Off Switching Time vs. I_C

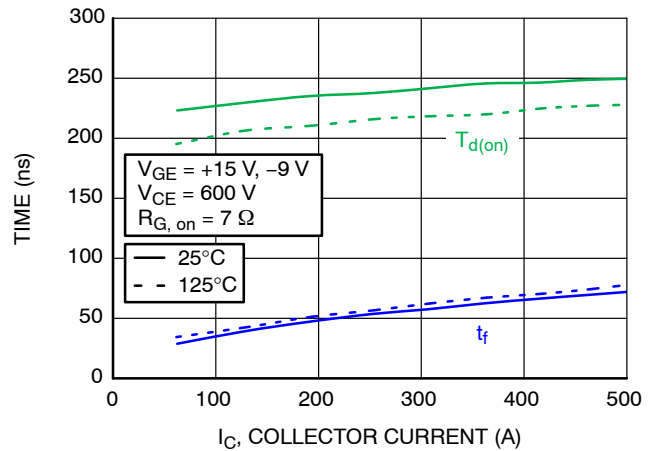


Figure 24. Typical Turn-On Switching Time vs. I_C

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC – T1 || D5 OR T4 || D6 (CONTINUED)

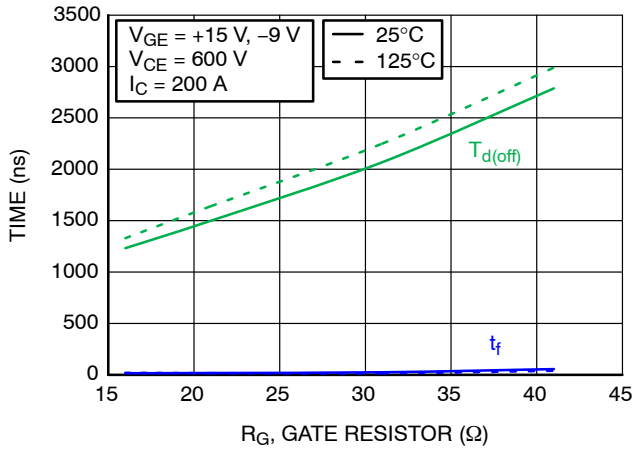


Figure 25. Typical Turn-Off Switching Time vs. R_G

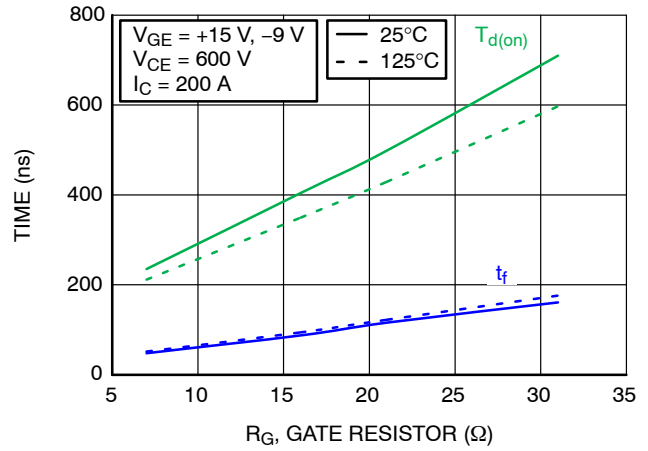


Figure 26. Typical Turn-On Switching Time vs. R_G

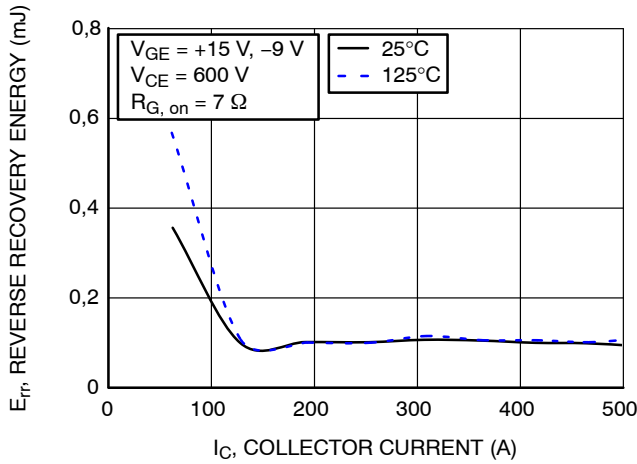


Figure 27. Typical Reverse Recovery Energy Loss vs. I_C

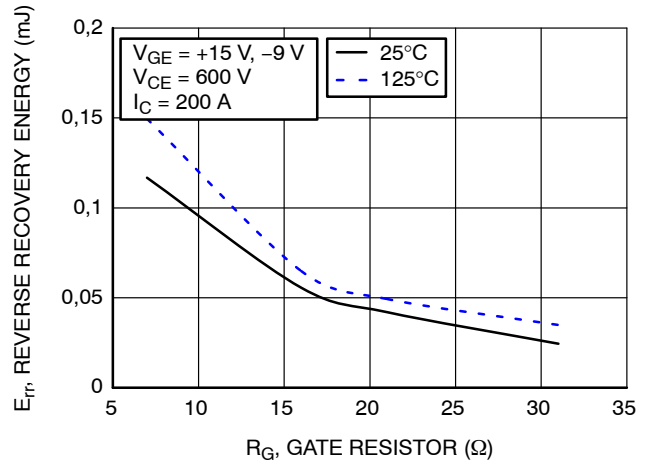


Figure 28. Typical Reverse Recovery Energy Loss vs. R_G

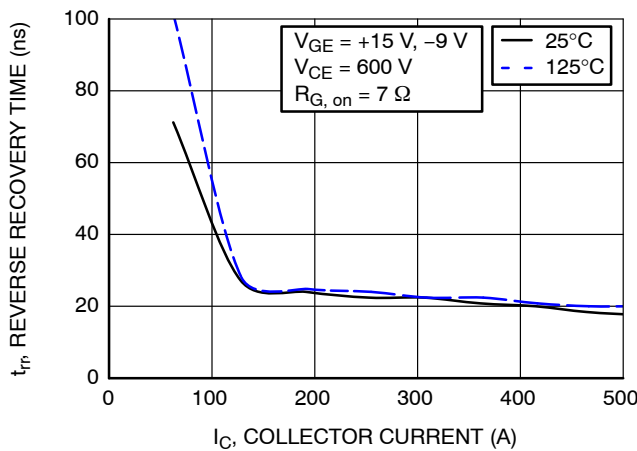


Figure 29. Typical Reverse Recovery Time vs. I_C

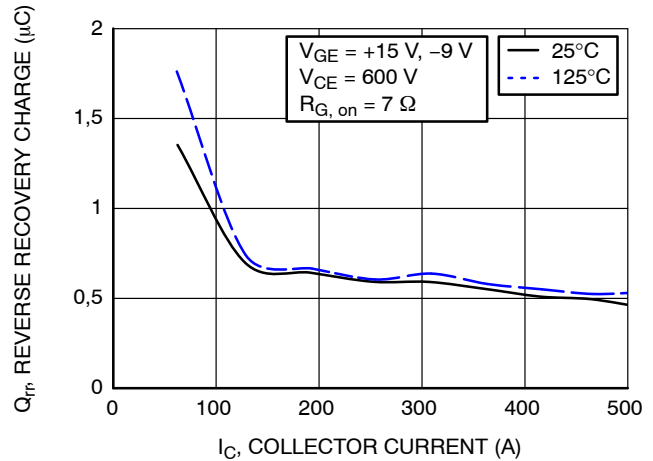


Figure 30. Typical Reverse Recovery Charge vs. I_C

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC – T1 || D5 OR T4 || D6 (CONTINUED)

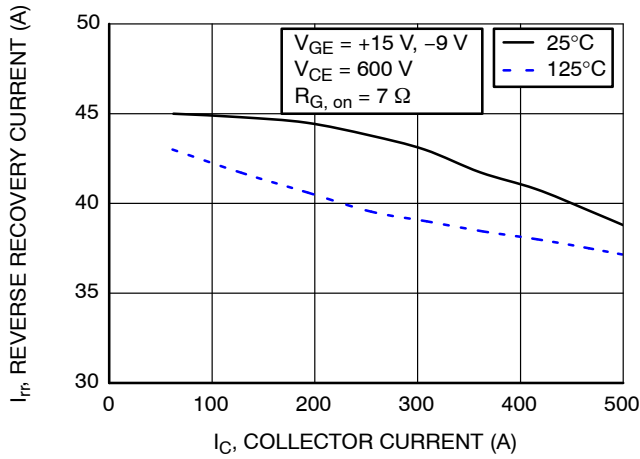


Figure 31. Typical Reverse Recovery Current vs. I_C

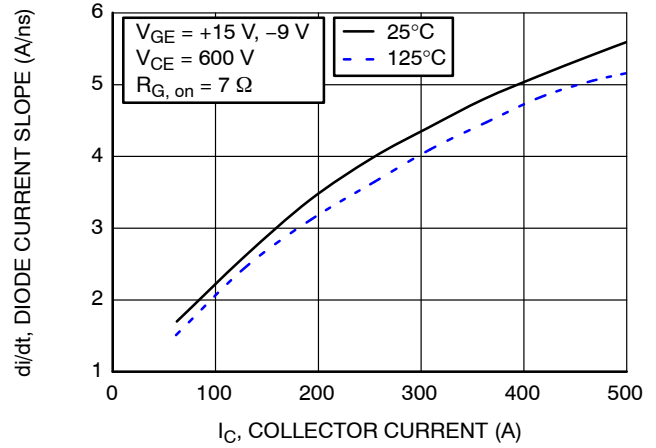


Figure 32. Typical di/dt vs. I_C

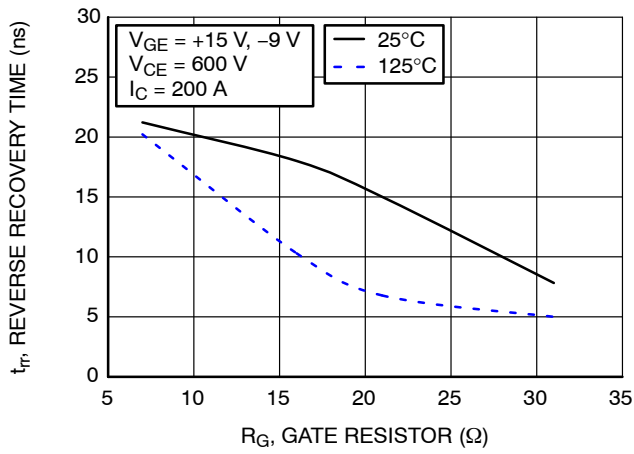


Figure 33. Typical Reverse Recovery Time vs. R_G

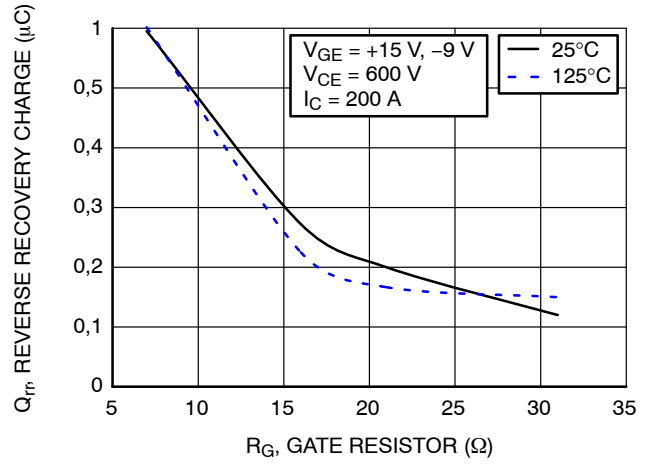


Figure 34. Typical Reverse Recovery Charge vs. R_G

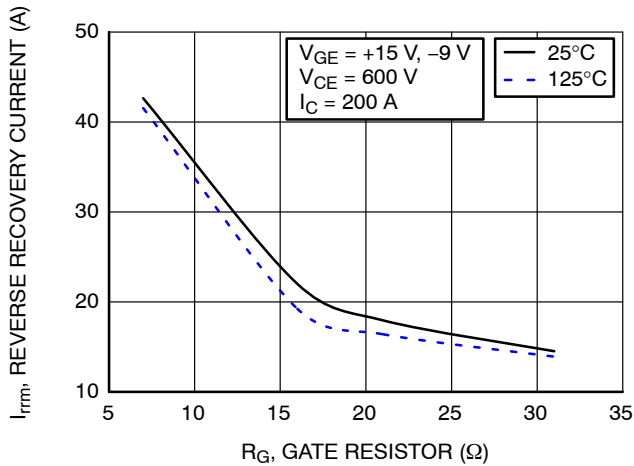


Figure 35. Typical Reverse Recovery Peak Current vs. R_G

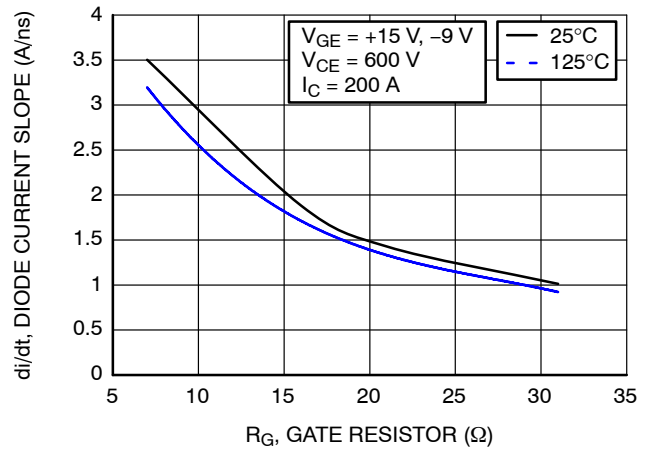


Figure 36. Typical di/dt vs. R_G

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC – T2 || D3,D4 OR T3 || D1,D2

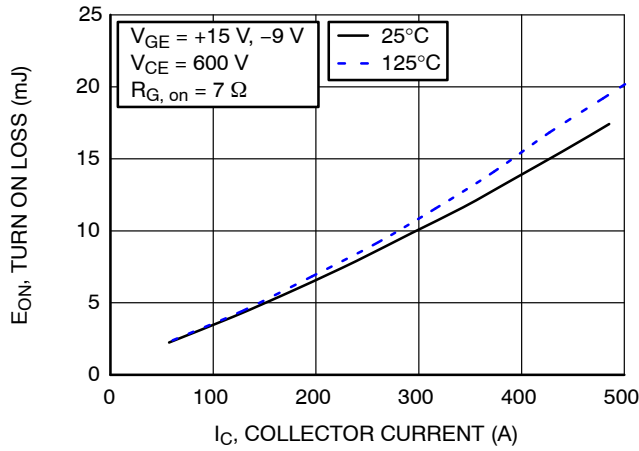


Figure 37. Typical Turn-On Loss vs. I_C

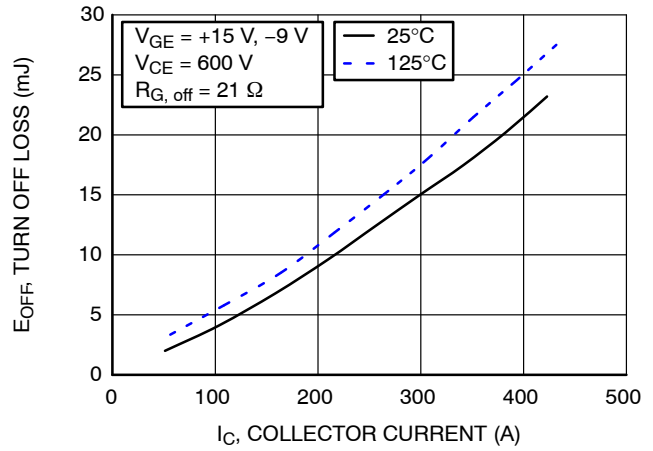


Figure 38. Typical Turn-Off Loss vs. I_C

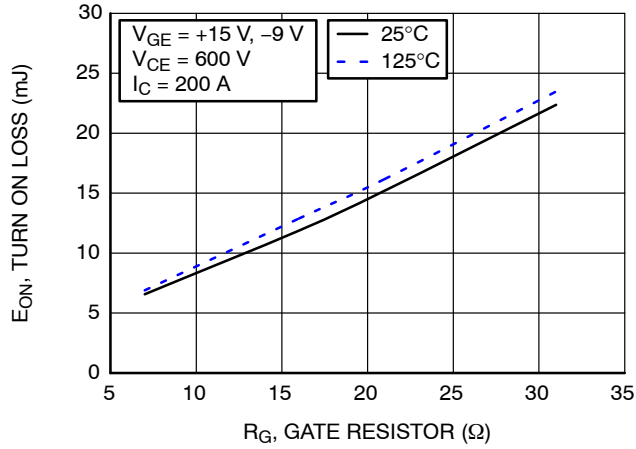


Figure 39. Typical Turn-On Loss vs. R_G

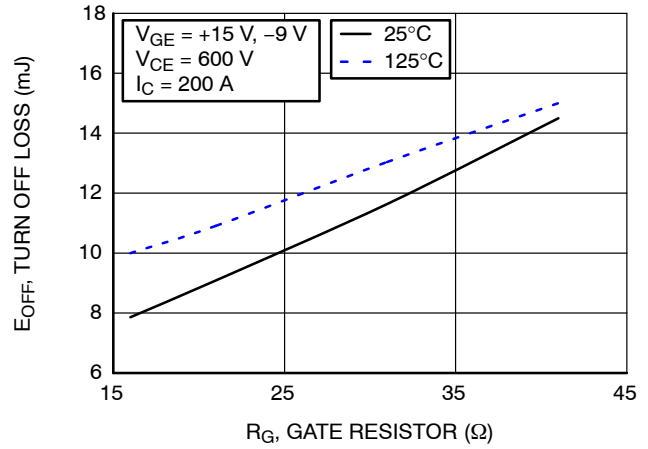


Figure 40. Typical Turn-Off Loss vs. R_G

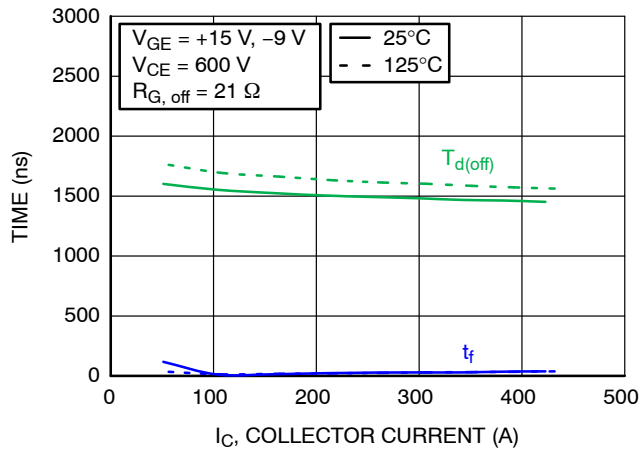


Figure 41. Typical Turn-Off Switching Time vs. I_C

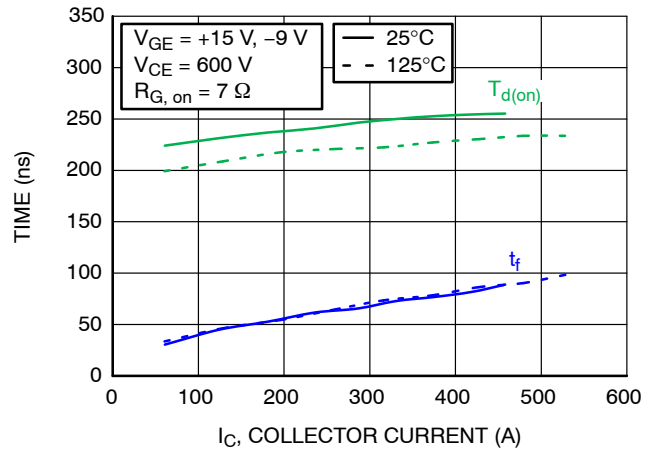


Figure 42. Typical Turn-On Switching Time vs. I_C

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC – T2 || D3,D4 OR T3 || D1,D2 (CONTINUED)

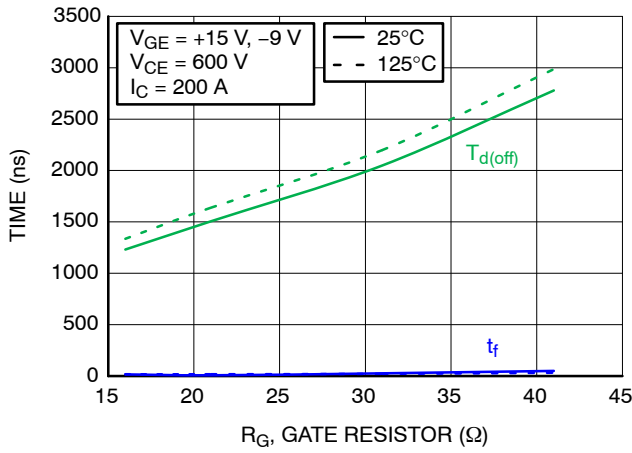


Figure 43. Typical Turn-Off Switching Time vs. R_G

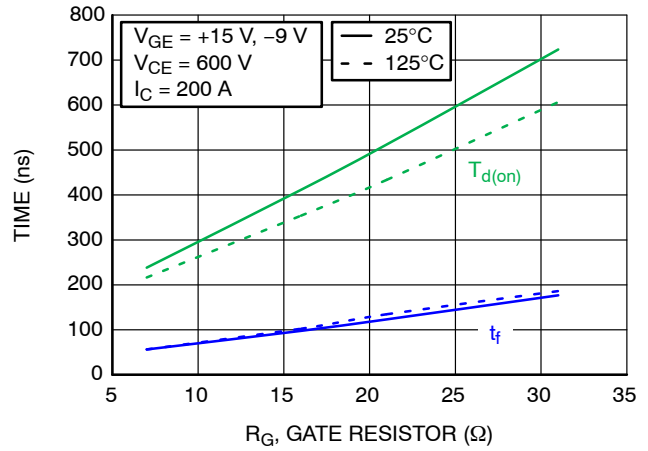


Figure 44. Typical Turn-On Switching Time vs. R_G

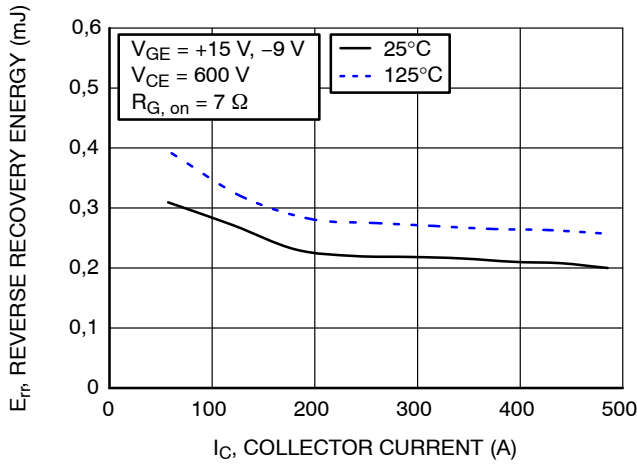


Figure 45. Typical Reverse Recovery Energy Loss vs. I_C

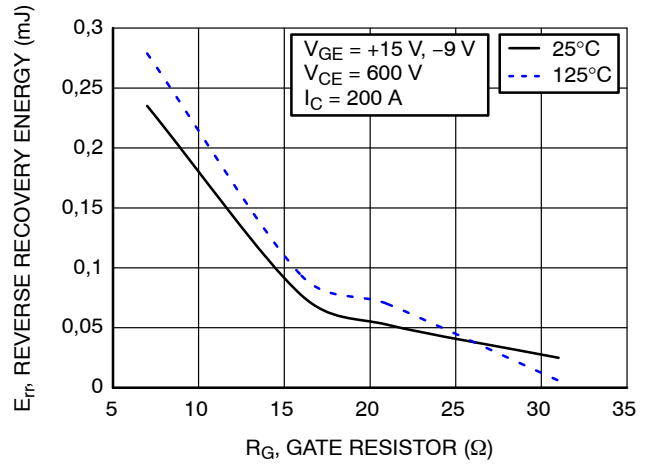


Figure 46. Typical Reverse Recovery Energy Loss vs. R_G

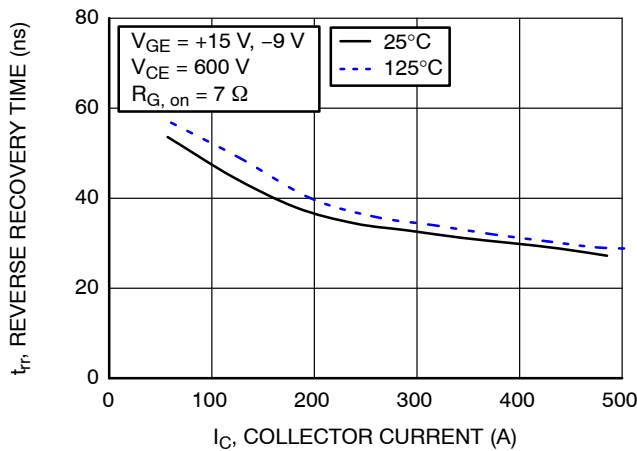


Figure 47. Typical Reverse Recovery Time vs. I_C

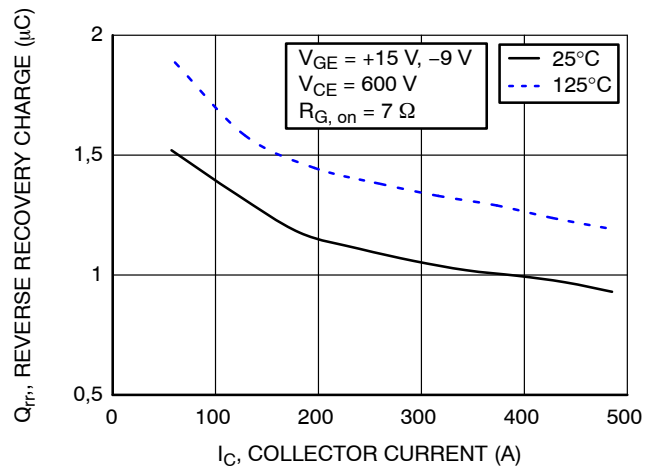


Figure 48. Typical Reverse Recovery Charge vs. I_C

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC – T2 || D3,D4 OR T3 || D1,D2 (CONTINUED)

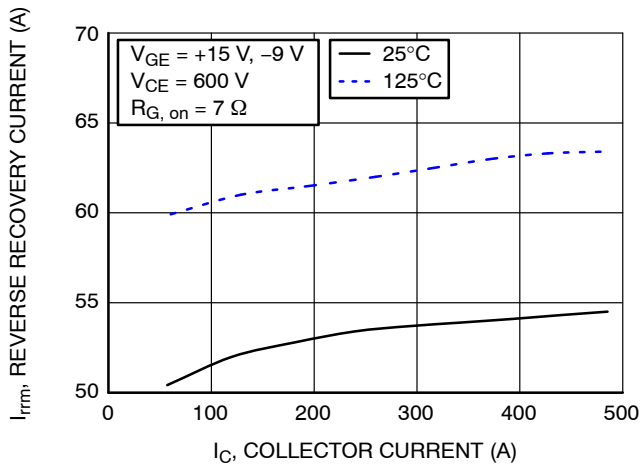


Figure 49. Typical Reverse Recovery Current vs. I_C

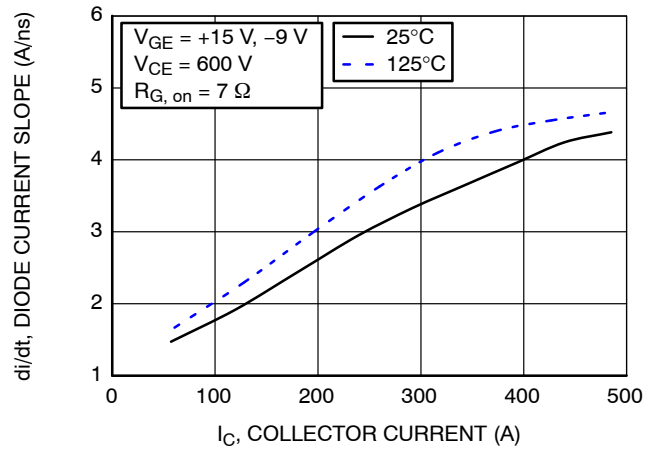


Figure 50. Typical di/dt vs. I_C

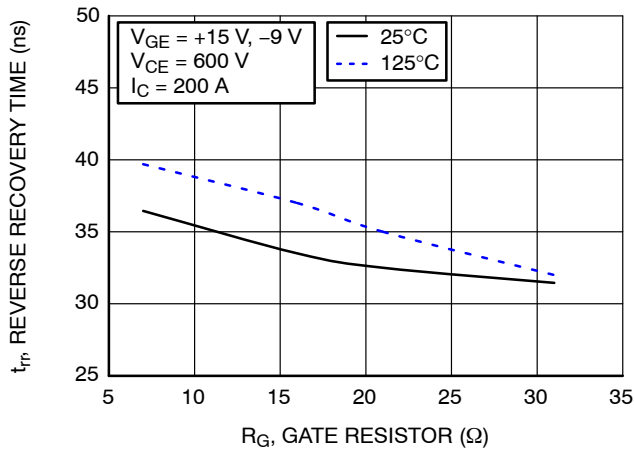


Figure 51. Typical Reverse Recovery Time vs. R_G

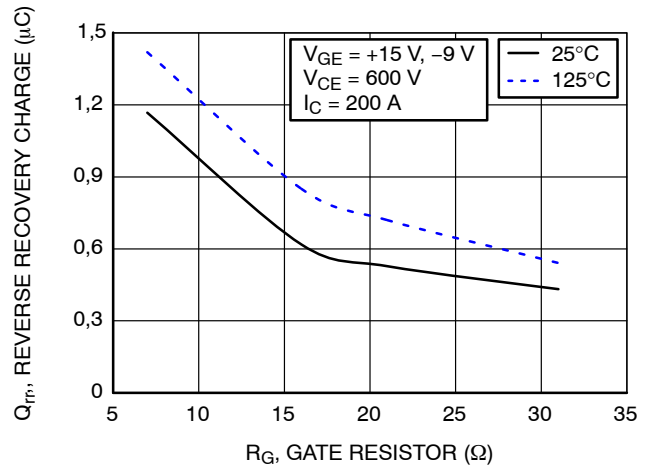


Figure 52. Typical Reverse Recovery Charge vs. R_G

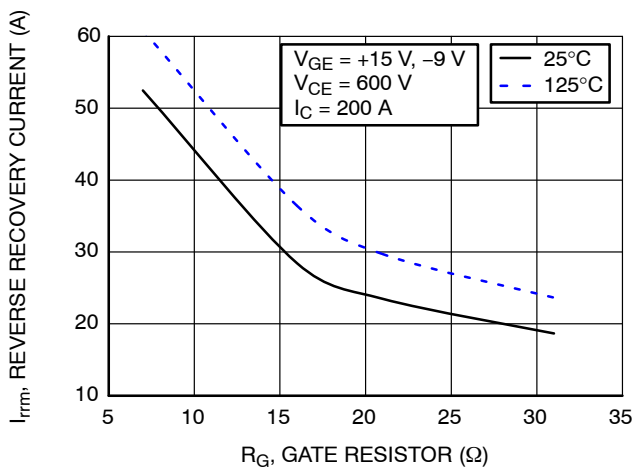


Figure 53. Typical Reverse Recovery Peak Current vs. R_G

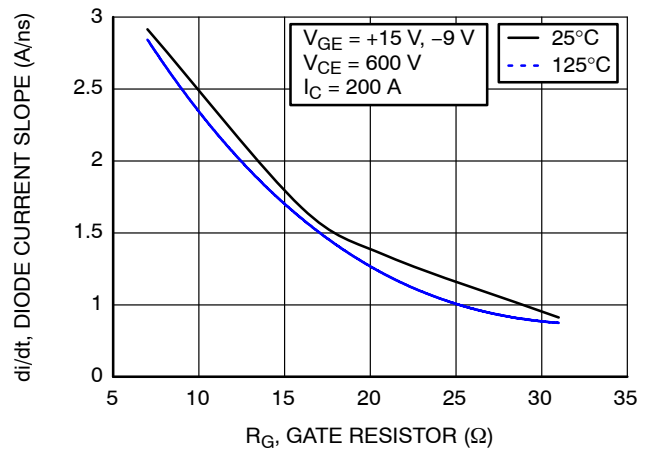


Figure 54. Typical di/dt vs. R_G

