

Voltage Regulator – CMOS, Low Iq, SC70-5

100 mA

NCP612, NCV612

The NCP612/NCV612 series of fixed output linear regulators are designed for handheld communication equipment and portable battery powered applications which require low quiescent. The NCP612/NCV612 series features an ultra-low quiescent current of 40 μ A. Each device contains a voltage reference unit, an error amplifier, a PMOS power transistor, resistors for setting output voltage, current limit, and temperature limit protection circuits.

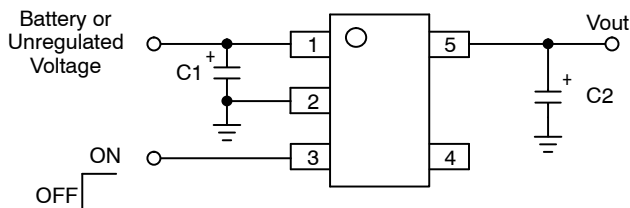
The NCP612/NCV612 has been designed to be used with low cost ceramic capacitors. The device is housed in the micro-miniature SC70-5 surface mount package. Standard voltage versions are 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 2.7, 2.8, 3.0, 3.1, 3.3, 3.7, and 5.0 V.

Features

- Low Quiescent Current of 40 μ A Typical
- Low Dropout Voltage of 230 mV at 100 mA and 3.0 V V_{out}
- Low Output Voltage Option
- Output Voltage Accuracy of 2.0%
- Temperature Range of -40°C to 85°C (NCP612)
Temperature Range of -40°C to 125°C (NCV612)
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC-Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable
- These are Pb-Free Devices

Typical Applications

- Cellular Phones
- Battery Powered Consumer Products
- Hand-Held Instruments
- Camcorders and Cameras



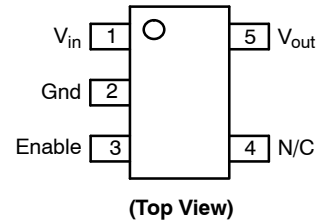
This device contains 86 active transistors

Figure 1. Typical Application Diagram

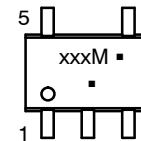


SC70-5
CASE 419A

PIN CONNECTIONS



MARKING DIAGRAM



xxx = Specific Device Code

M = Date Code*

■ = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 9 of this data sheet.

NOTE: Some of the devices on this data sheet have been **DISCONTINUED**. Please refer to the table on page 9.

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PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description
1	V _{in}	Positive power supply input voltage.
2	Gnd	Power supply ground.
3	Enable	This input is used to place the device into low-power standby. When this input is pulled low, the device is disabled. If this function is not used, Enable should be connected to V _{in} .
4	N/C	No internal connection.
5	V _{out}	Regulated output voltage.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Rating	Value	Unit
V _{in}	Input Voltage	0 to 6.0	V
Enable	Enable Voltage	-0.3 to V _{in} +0.3	V
V _{out}	Output Voltage	-0.3 to V _{in} +0.3	V
P _D R _{θJA}	Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics Power Dissipation Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient	Internally Limited 300	W °C/W
T _J	Operating Junction Temperature	+150	°C
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40 to +125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +150	°C

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. This device series contains ESD protection and exceeds the following tests:
Human Body Model 2000 V per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015
Machine Model Method 200 V
2. Latch-up capability (85 °C) ± 200 mA DC with trigger voltage.

NCP612, NCV612

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($V_{in} = V_{out(nom.)} + 1.0\text{ V}$, $V_{enable} = V_{in}$, $C_{in} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_{out} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{out}	Output Voltage ($T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{out} = 10\text{ mA}$)				V
	1.5 V	1.455	1.5	1.545	
	1.8 V	1.746	1.8	1.854	
	2.5 V	2.425	2.5	2.575	
	2.7 V	2.646	2.7	2.754	
	2.8 V	2.744	2.8	2.856	
	3.0 V	2.940	3.0	3.060	
	3.1 V	3.038	3.1	3.162	
	3.3 V	3.234	3.3	3.366	
	3.7 V	3.626	3.7	3.774	
	5.0 V	4.900	5.0	5.100	
V_{out}	Output Voltage ($T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{out} = 10\text{ mA}$)				V
	1.5 V	1.455	1.5	1.545	
	1.8 V	1.746	1.8	1.854	
	2.5 V	2.425	2.5	2.575	
	2.7 V	2.619	2.7	2.781	
	2.8 V	2.716	2.8	2.884	
	3.0 V	2.910	3.0	3.090	
	3.1 V	3.007	3.1	3.193	
	3.3 V	3.201	3.3	3.399	
	3.7 V	3.626	3.7	3.774	
	5.0 V	4.900	5.0	5.100	
V_{out}	Output Voltage ($T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{out} = 10\text{ mA}$) NCV612 Only				V
	1.5 V	1.440	1.5	1.560	
	1.8 V	1.728	1.8	1.872	
	2.5 V	2.400	2.5	2.600	
	2.7 V	2.592	2.7	2.808	
	2.8 V	2.688	2.8	2.912	
	3.0 V	2.880	3.0	3.120	
	3.1 V	2.976	3.1	3.224	
	3.3 V	3.201	3.3	3.399	
	5.0 V	4.850	5.0	5.150	
V_{out}	Output Voltage ($T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{out} = 100\text{ mA}$)				V
	1.5 V	1.440	1.5	1.560	
	1.8 V	1.728	1.8	1.872	
	2.5 V	2.400	2.5	2.600	
	2.7 V	2.592	2.7	2.808	
	2.8 V	2.688	2.8	2.912	
	3.0 V	2.880	3.0	3.120	
	3.1 V	2.976	3.1	3.224	
	3.3 V	3.201	3.3	3.399	
	3.7 V	3.589	3.7	3.811	
	5.0 V	4.850	5.0	5.150	
Reg _{line}	Line Regulation ($I_{out} = 10\text{ mA}$)				mV/V
	1.5 V-4.4 V ($V_{in} = V_{out(nom.)} + 1.0\text{ V}$ to 6.0 V)	–	1.0	3.0	
	4.5 V-5.0 V ($V_{in} = 5.5\text{ V}$ to 6.0 V)	–	1.0	3.0	
Reg _{load}	Load Regulation ($I_{out} = 1.0\text{ mA}$ to 100 mA)	–	0.3	0.8	mV/mA
$I_{o(nom.)}$	Output Current ($V_{out} = (V_{out} \text{ at } I_{out} = 100\text{ mA}) - 3\%$)				mA
	1.5 V-3.9 V ($V_{in} = V_{out(nom.)} + 2.0\text{ V}$)	100	200	–	
	4.0 V-5.0 V ($V_{in} = 6.0\text{ V}$)	100	200	–	

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{in} = V_{out(nom.)} + 1.0\text{ V}$, $V_{enable} = V_{in}$, $C_{in} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_{out} = 1.0\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{in}-V_{out}$	Dropout Voltage ($T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{out} = 100\text{ mA}$, Measured at $V_{out(nom.)} - 3.0\%$)				mV
	1.5 V	–	530	680	
	1.8 V	–	420	560	
	2.5 V	–	270	380	
	2.7 V	–	270	380	
	2.8 V	–	250	380	
	3.0 V	–	230	380	
	3.1 V	–	210	380	
	3.3 V	–	200	380	
	3.7 V	–	180	380	
	5.0 V	–	160	300	
I_{GND}	Ground Current (Enable Input = V_{in} , $I_{out} = 1.0\text{ mA}$ to $I_{o(nom.)}$)	–	40	90	μA
I_Q	Quiescent Current ($T_A = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$) (Enable Input = 0 V)	–	0.03	1.0	μA
	(Enable Input = V_{in} , $I_{out} = 1.0\text{ mA}$ to $I_{o(nom.)}$)	–	40	90	
$I_{out(max)}$	Output Short Circuit Current ($V_{out} = 0\text{ V}$)				mA
	1.5 V-3.9 V ($V_{in} = V_{out(nom.)} + 2.0\text{ V}$) 4.0 V-5.0 V ($V_{in} = 6.0\text{ V}$)	150 150	300 300	600 600	
V_n	Output Voltage Noise ($f = 100\text{ Hz}$ to 100 kHz) $I_{out} = 30\text{ mA}$, $C_{out} = 1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$	–	100	–	μVrms
$V_{th(en)}$	Enable Input Threshold Voltage (Voltage Increasing, Output Turns On, Logic High)	0.95	–	–	V
	(Voltage Decreasing, Output Turns Off, Logic Low)	–	–	0.3	
T_C	Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	–	± 100	–	ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

3. Maximum package power dissipation limits must be observed.

$$PD = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

4. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

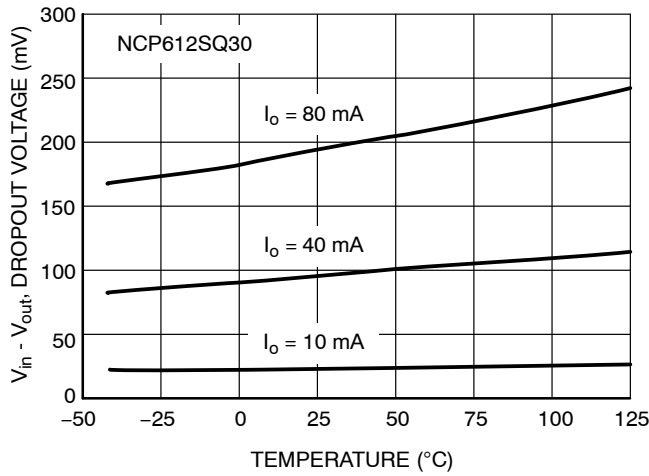


Figure 2. Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature

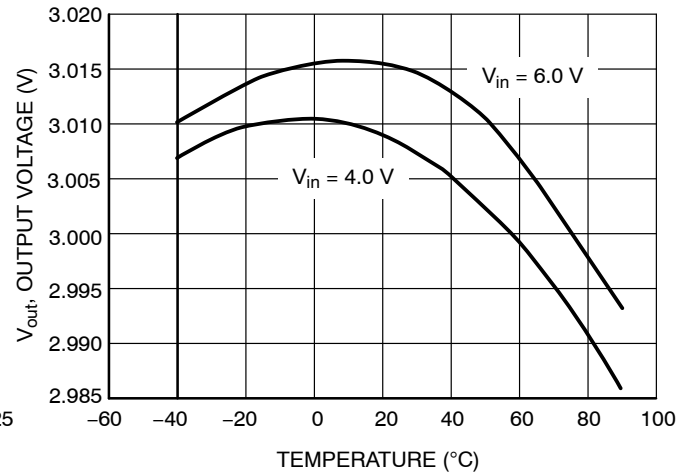


Figure 3. Output Voltage vs. Temperature

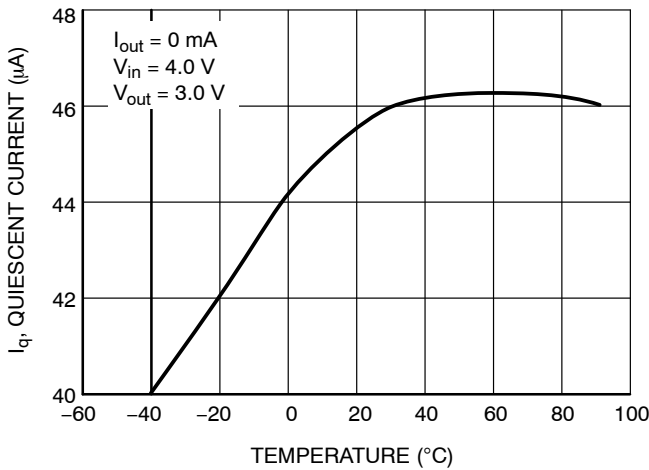


Figure 4. Quiescent Current vs. Temperature

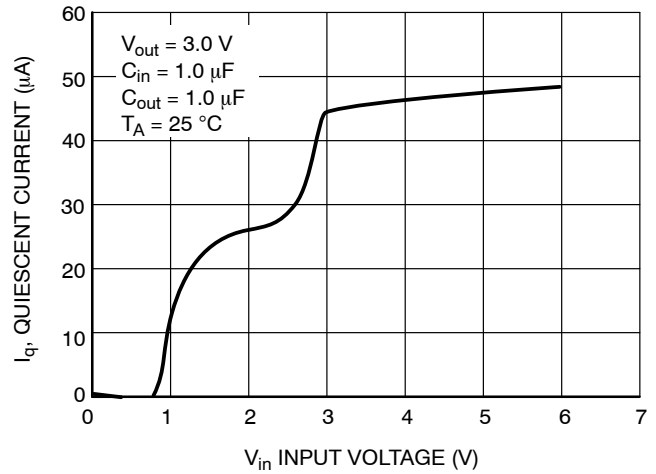


Figure 5. Quiescent Current vs. Input Voltage

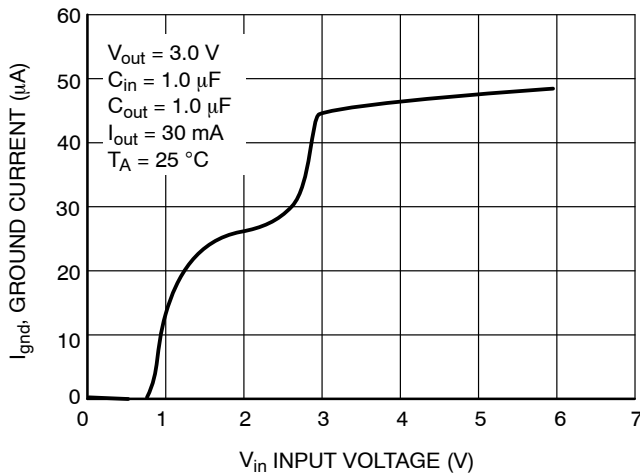


Figure 6. Ground Pin Current vs. Input Voltage

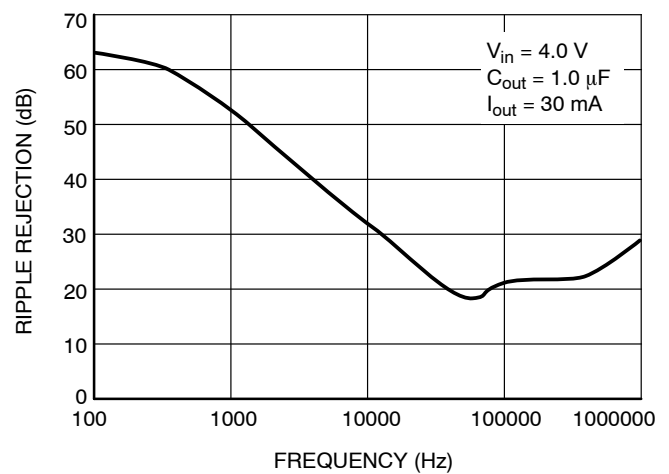


Figure 7. Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

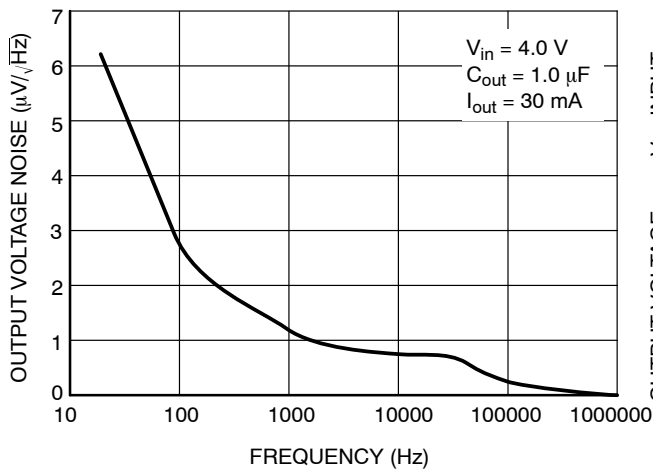


Figure 8. Output Noise Density

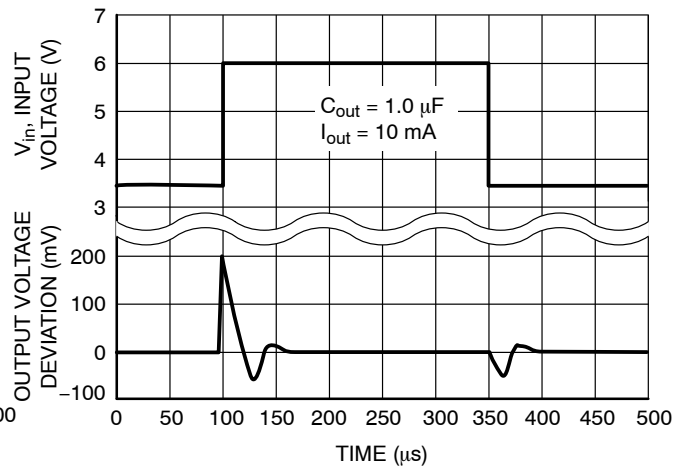


Figure 9. Line Transient Response

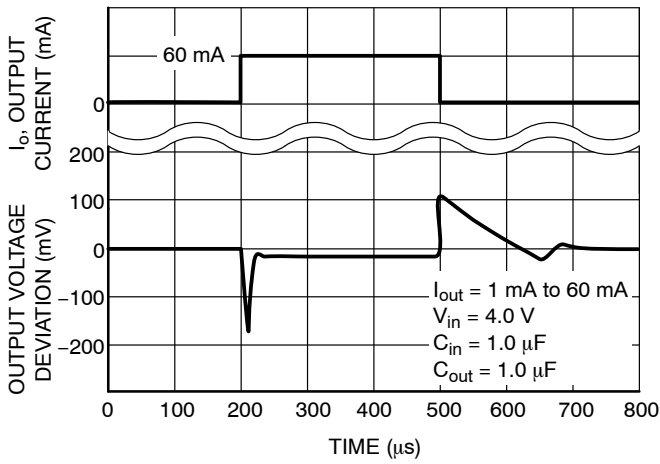


Figure 10. Load Transient Response

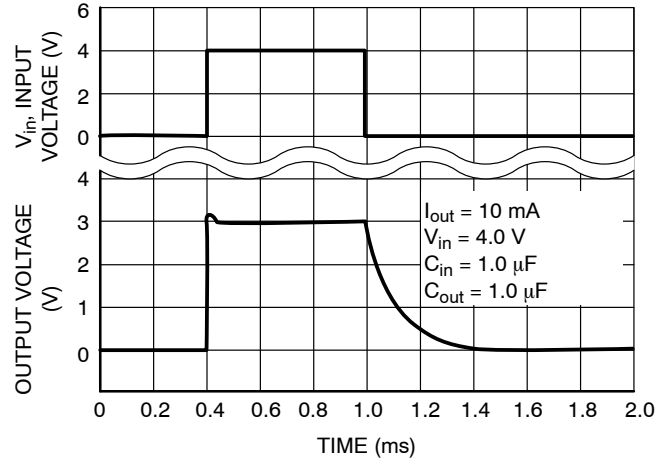


Figure 11. Turn-on Response

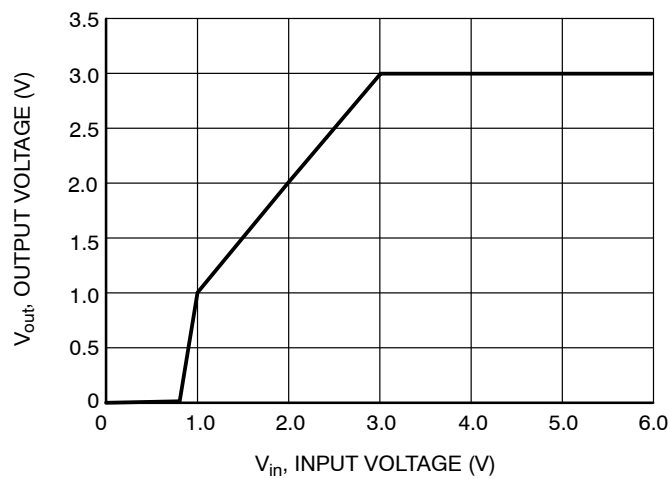


Figure 12. Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

DEFINITIONS

Load Regulation

The change in output voltage for a change in output current at a constant temperature.

Dropout Voltage

The input/output differential at which the regulator output no longer maintains regulation against further reductions in input voltage. Measured when the output drops 3.0% below its nominal. The junction temperature, load current, and minimum input supply requirements affect the dropout level.

Maximum Power Dissipation

The maximum total dissipation for which the regulator will operate within its specifications.

Quiescent Current

The quiescent current is the current which flows through the ground when the LDO operates without a load on its output: internal IC operation, bias, etc. When the LDO becomes loaded, this term is called the Ground current. It is actually the difference between the input current (measured through the LDO input pin) and the output current.

Line Regulation

The change in output voltage for a change in input voltage. The measurement is made under conditions of low dissipation or by using pulse technique such that the average chip temperature is not significantly affected.

Line Transient Response

Typical over and undershoot response when input voltage is excited with a given slope.

Thermal Protection

Internal thermal shutdown circuitry is provided to protect the integrated circuit in the event that the maximum junction temperature is exceeded. When activated at typically 160 °C, the regulator turns off. This feature is provided to prevent failures from accidental overheating.

Maximum Package Power Dissipation

The maximum power package dissipation is the power dissipation level at which the junction temperature reaches its maximum operating value, i.e. 150 °C. Depending on the ambient power dissipation and thus the maximum available output current.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

A typical application circuit for the NCP612/NCV612 is shown in Figure 1, front page.

Input Decoupling (C1)

A 1.0 μ F capacitor either ceramic or tantalum is recommended and should be connected close to the NCP612/NCV612 package. Higher values and lower ESR will improve the overall line transient response.

TDK capacitor: C2012X5R1C105K, or C1608X5R1A105K

Output Decoupling (C2)

The NCP612/NCV612 is a stable regulator and does not require any specific Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) or a minimum output current. Capacitors exhibiting ESRs ranging from a few m Ω up to 5.0 Ω can thus safely be used. The minimum decoupling value is 1.0 μ F and can be augmented to fulfill stringent load transient requirements. The regulator accepts ceramic chip capacitors as well as tantalum capacitors. Larger values improve noise rejection and load regulation transient response.

TDK capacitor: C2012X5R1C105K, C1608X5R1A105K, or C3216X7R1C105K

Enable Operation

The enable pin will turn on the regulator when pulled high and turn off the regulator when pulled low. These limits of threshold are covered in the electrical specification section of this data sheet. If the enable is not used then the pin should be connected to V_{in} .

Hints

Please be sure the V_{in} and Gnd lines are sufficiently wide. When the impedance of these lines is high, there is a chance to pick up noise or cause the regulator to malfunction.

Set external components, especially the output capacitor, as close as possible to the circuit, and make leads as short as possible.

Thermal

As power across the NCP612/NCV612 increases, it might become necessary to provide some thermal relief. The maximum power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon board design and layout. Mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material and also the ambient temperature effect the rate of temperature rise for the part. This is stating that when the NCP612/NCV612 has good thermal conductivity through the PCB, the junction temperature will be relatively low with high power dissipation applications.

The maximum dissipation the package can handle is given by:

$$PD = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

If junction temperature is not allowed above the maximum 125 $^{\circ}$ C, then the NCP612/NCV612 can dissipate up to 330 mW @ 25 $^{\circ}$ C.

The power dissipated by the NCP612/NCV612 can be calculated from the following equation:

$$P_{tot} = [V_{in} * I_{gnd} (I_{out})] + [V_{in} - V_{out}] * I_{out}$$

or

$$V_{inMAX} = \frac{P_{tot} + V_{out} * I_{out}}{I_{gnd} + I_{out}}$$

If an 100 mA output current is needed then the ground current from the data sheet is 40 μ A. For an NCP612/NCV612 (3.0 V), the maximum input voltage will then be 6.0 V (Limited by maximum input voltage).

NCP612, NCV612

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Nominal Output Voltage	Marking	Package	Shipping [†]
NCP612SQ18T2G	1.8	LHP	SC70-5 (Pb-Free)	3,000 Units / Tape & Reel
NCP612SQ30T2G	3.0	LHT		
NCV612SQ18T2G*	1.8	LHP		
NCV612SQ37T2G*	3.7	LKH		

DISCONTINUED (Note 5)

NCP612SQ15T2G	1.5	LHO	SC70-5 (Pb-Free)	3,000 Units / Tape & Reel
NCP612SQ25T2G	2.5	LHQ	SC70-5 (Pb-Free)	3,000 Units / Tape & Reel
NCP612SQ27T2G	2.7	LHR		
NCP612SQ28T2G	2.8	LHS		
NCP612SQ31T2G	3.1	LHU	SC70-5 (Pb-Free)	3,000 Units / Tape & Reel
NCP612SQ33T2G	3.3	LHV		
NCP612SQ37T2G	3.7	LKH		
NCP612SQ50T2G	5.0	LHW		
NCV612SQ15T2G*	1.5	LHO	SC70-5 (Pb-Free)	3,000 Units / Tape & Reel
NCV612SQ25T2G*	2.5	LHQ		
NCV612SQ27T2G*	2.7	LHR		
NCV612SQ28T2G*	2.8	LHS		
NCV612SQ30T2G*	3.0	LHT		
NCV612SQ31T2G*	3.1	LHU		
NCV612SQ33T2G*	3.3	LHV	SC70-5 (Pb-Free)	3,000 Units / Tape & Reel
NCV612SQ50T2G*	5.0	LHW		

† For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, [BRD8011/D](#).

5. **DISCONTINUED:** These devices are not available. Please contact your **onsemi** representative for information. The most current information on these devices may be available on www.onsemi.com.

* NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC-Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable.

NCP612, NCV612

REVISION HISTORY

Revision	Description of Changes	Date
5	NCP612SQ15T2G, NCP612SQ25T2G, NCP612SQ27T2G, NCP612SQ28T2G, NCP612SQ31T2G, NCP612SQ33T2G, NCP612SQ37T2G, NCP612SQ50T2G, NCV612SQ15T2G*, NCV612SQ25T2G*, NCV612SQ27T2G*, NCV612SQ28T2G*, NCV612SQ30T2G*, NCV612SQ31T2G*, NCV612SQ33T2G*, NCV612SQ50T2G* OPN's Marked as Discontinued + Rebranded the Data Sheet to onsemi format.	11/10/2025

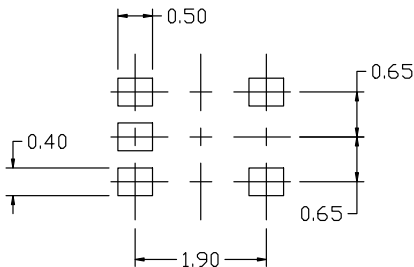
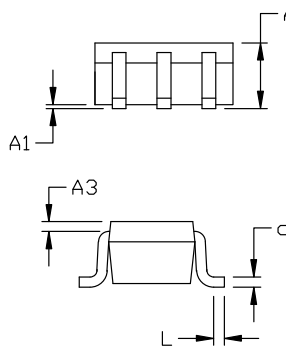
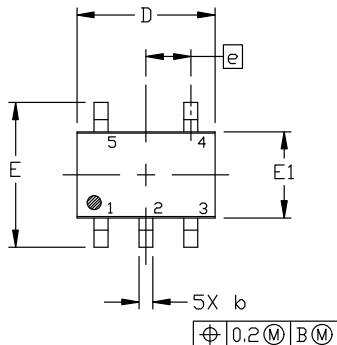
This document has undergone updates prior to the inclusion of this revision history table. The changes tracked here only reflect updates made on the noted approval dates.



SCALE 2:1

SC-88A (SC-70-5/SOT-353)
CASE 419A-02
ISSUE M

DATE 11 APR 2023

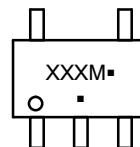

**RECOMMENDED
MOUNTING FOOTPRINT**

* For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
3. 419A-01 OBSOLETE. NEW STANDARD 419A-02
4. DIMENSIONS D AND E1 DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.1016MM PER SIDE.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	0.80	0.95	1.10
A1	---	---	0.10
A3	0.20 REF		
b	0.10	0.20	0.30
c	0.10	---	0.25
D	1.80	2.00	2.20
E	2.00	2.10	2.20
E1	1.15	1.25	1.35
e	0.65 BSC		
L	0.10	0.15	0.30

**GENERIC MARKING
DIAGRAM***


*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator, "G" or microdot "▪", may or may not be present. Some products may not follow the Generic Marking.

XXX = Specific Device Code

M = Date Code

▪ = Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

STYLE 1:

- PIN 1. BASE
2. EMITTER
3. BASE
4. COLLECTOR
5. COLLECTOR

STYLE 2:

- PIN 1. ANODE
2. EMITTER
3. BASE
4. COLLECTOR
5. CATHODE

STYLE 3:

- PIN 1. ANODE 1
2. N/C
3. ANODE 2
4. CATHODE 2
5. CATHODE 1

STYLE 4:

- PIN 1. SOURCE 1
2. DRAIN 1/2
3. SOURCE 1
4. GATE 1
5. GATE 2

STYLE 5:

- PIN 1. CATHODE
2. COMMON ANODE
3. CATHODE 2
4. CATHODE 3
5. CATHODE 4

STYLE 6:

- PIN 1. EMITTER 2
2. BASE 2
3. EMITTER 1
4. COLLECTOR
5. COLLECTOR 2/BASE 1

STYLE 7:

- PIN 1. BASE
2. EMITTER
3. BASE
4. COLLECTOR
5. COLLECTOR

STYLE 8:

- PIN 1. CATHODE
2. COLLECTOR
3. N/C
4. BASE
5. EMITTER

STYLE 9:

- PIN 1. ANODE
2. CATHODE
3. ANODE
4. ANODE
5. ANODE

Note: Please refer to datasheet for style callout. If style type is not called out in the datasheet refer to the device datasheet pinout or pin assignment.

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