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MPS6521 (NPN) MPS6523 (PNP)

MPS6521 is a Preferred Device

Amplifier Transistors

Features

- Voltage and Current are Negative for PNP Transistors
- Pb–Free Packages are Available*

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating		Symbol	NPN	PNP	Unit
Collector – Emitter Voltage	MPS6521 MPS6523	V _{CEO}	25 -	_ 25	Vdc
Collector – Base Voltage	MPS6521 MPS6523	V _{CBO}	40 -	_ 25	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage		V _{EBO}	4.0		Vdc
Collector Current – Continuous		Ι _C	100		mAdc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ Derate above $25^{\circ}C$		PD	625 5.0		mW mW/°C
Total Device Dissipation @ T _C = 25°C Derate above 25°C		P _D	1.5 12		W mW/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range		T _J , T _{stg}	-55 to +150		°C

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

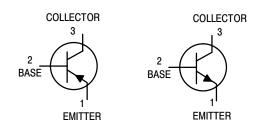
Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Printed Circuit Board Mounting)	$R_{\theta J A}$	200	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	83.3	°C/W

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

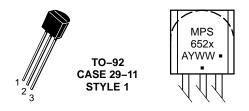


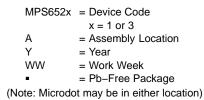
ON Semiconductor®

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ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping [†]			
MPS6521	TO-92	5000 Units/Box			
MPS6521G	TO–92 (Pb–Free)	5000 Units/Box			
MPS6521RLRA	TO-92	2000/Tape & Reel			
MPS6521RLRAG	TO–92 (Pb–Free)	2000/Tape & Reel			
MPS6523	TO-92	5000 Units/Box			
MPS6523G	TO–92 (Pb–Free)	5000 Units/Box			

+For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

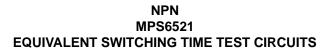
*For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

Preferred devices are recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

MPS6521 (NPN) MPS6523 (PNP)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					
Collector – Emitter Breakdown Voltage $(I_C = 0.5 \text{ mAdc}, I_B = 0)$		V _{(BR)CEO}	25	_	Vdc
Emitter – Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_E = 10 \ \mu Adc, I_C = 0$)		V _{(BR)EBO}	4.0	-	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current $(V_{CB} = 30 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0)$ $(V_{CB} = 20 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0)$	MPS6521 MPS6523	I _{CBO}		0.05 0.05	μAdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS				-	
DC Current Gain (I _C = 100 μ Adc, V _{CE} = 10 Vdc)	MPS6521	h _{FE}	150	_	-
$(I_{C} = 2.0 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc})$	MPS6521		300	600	
$(I_{C} = 100 \ \mu Adc, \ V_{CE} = 10 \ Vdc)$	MPS6523		150	-	
$(I_{C} = 2.0 \text{ mAdc}, V_{CE} = 10 \text{ Vdc})$	MPS6523		300	600	
Collector – Emitter Saturation Voltage $(I_C = 50 \text{ mAdc}, I_B = 5.0 \text{ mAdc})$		V _{CE(sat)}	-	0.5	Vdc
SMALL-SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS				-	
Output Capacitance $(V_{CB} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz})$		C _{obo}	_	3.5	pF
Noise Figure (I _C = 10 μ Adc, V _{CE} = 5.0 Vdc, R _S = 10 k Ω , Power Bandwidth = 15.7 kHz, 3.0 dB points @ 10 Hz and 10 kH	łz)	NF	-	3.0	dB



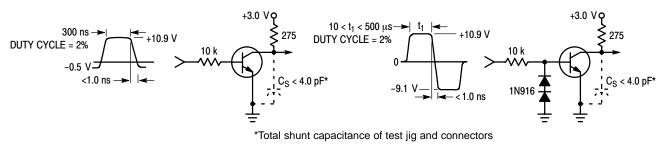
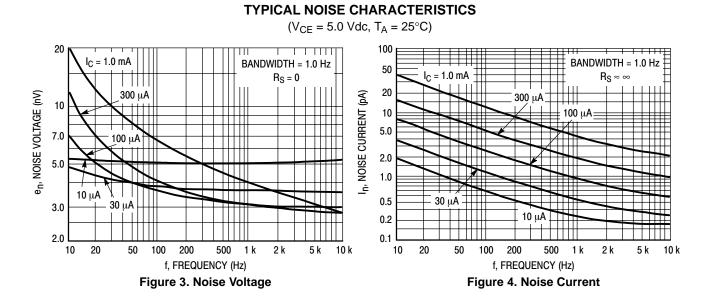


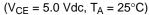
Figure 1. Turn–On Time

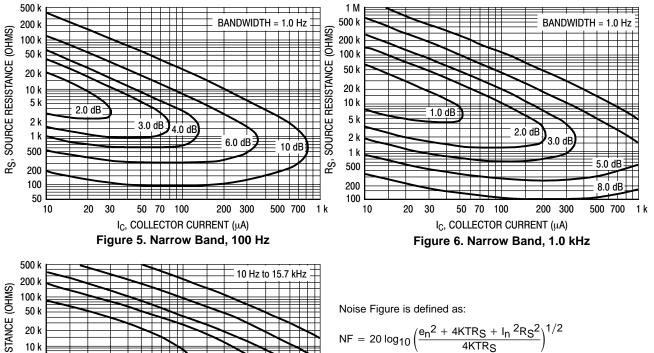
Figure 2. Turn–Off Time

MPS6521 (NPN) MPS6523 (PNP)



NPN MPS6521 NOISE FIGURE CONTOURS



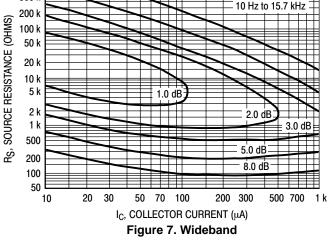


 e_n = Noise Voltage of the Transistor referred to the input. (Figure 3)

 I_n = Noise Current of the Transistor referred to the input. (Figure 4)

 \ddot{K} = Boltzman's Constant (1.38 x 10⁻²³ j/°K)

- T = Temperature of the Source Resistance ($^{\circ}$ K)
- R_S = Source Resistance (Ohms)



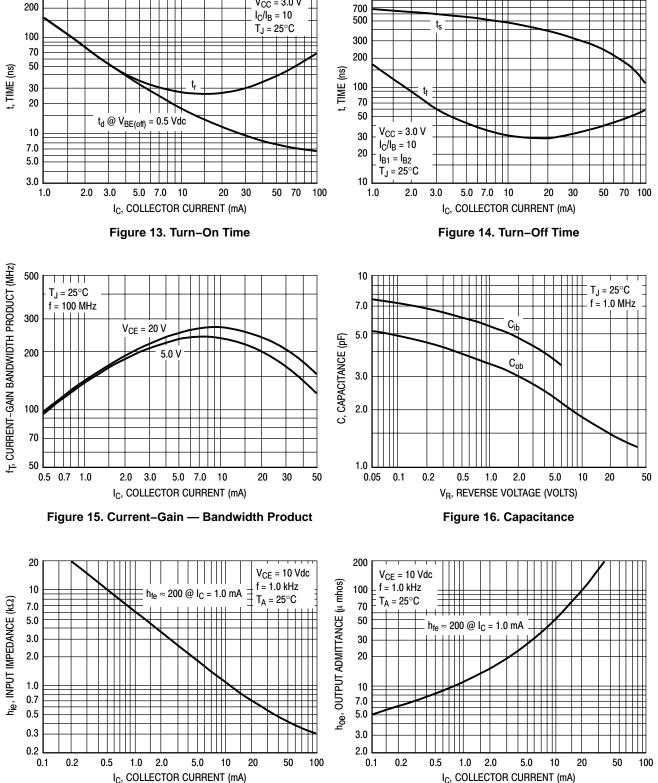
MPS6521 TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS 400 T_J = 125°C h_{FE}, DC CURRENT GAIN 200 25°C -55 °C 100 80 60 V_{CE} = 1.0 V $V_{CE} = 10 V$ 40 0.004 0.006 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.05 0.07 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.5 0.7 1.0 2.0 3.0 5.0 7.0 10 20 30 50 70 100 I_C, COLLECTOR CURRENT (mA) Figure 8. DC Current Gain V_{CE}, COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE (VOLTS) 1.0 100 THI T_A = 25°C $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ I_B = 500 μA PULSE WIDTH = 300 µs IC, COLLECTOR CURRENT (mA) DUTY CYCLE $\leq 2.0\%$ 0.8 80 400 μA **300** μA I_C = 1.0 mA 10 mA 50 mA 100 mA 0.6 60 200 μA 0.4 40 100 μA 20 0.2 0 0 0.002 0.005 0.01 0.02 0.05 0.1 0.2 0.5 1.0 2.0 5.0 10 20 0 5.0 10 20 25 30 35 40 15 IB, BASE CURRENT (mA) V_{CE}, COLLECTOR-EMITTER VOLTAGE (VOLTS) Figure 9. Collector Saturation Region Figure 10. Collector Characteristics 1.4 1.6 $\theta_{V\!J}$ TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS (mVPC) *APPLIES for $I_C/I_B \leq h_{FE}/2$ T_J = 25°C 1.2 0.8 25°C to 125°C V, VOLTAGE (VOLTS) 1.0 *0VC for VCE(sat) 0 0.8 - 55°C to 25°C V_{BE(sat)} @ I_C/I_B = 10 0.6 -0.8 V_{BE(on)} @ V_{CE} = 1.0 V 25°C to 125°C 0.4 -1.6 0.2 θ_{VB} for V_{BE} - 55°C to 25°C V_{CE(sat)} @ I_C/I_B = 10 01 -2. 0.2 2.0 5.0 20 50 100 0.1 0.2 0.5 2.0 5.0 10 20 0.1 0.5 1.0 10 1.0 50 100

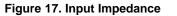


IC, COLLECTOR CURRENT (mA) Figure 11. "On" Voltages IC, COLLECTOR CURRENT (mA)

Figure 12. Temperature Coefficients

300









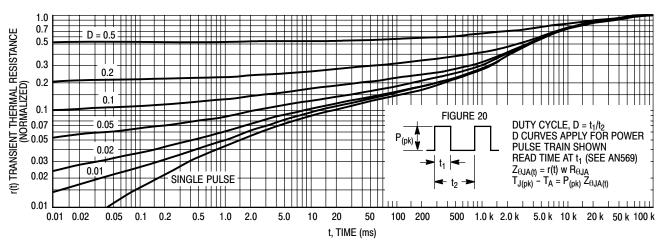


Figure 19. Thermal Response

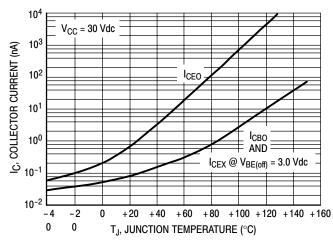
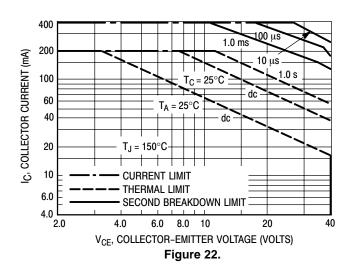


Figure 21.



DESIGN NOTE: USE OF THERMAL RESPONSE DATA

A train of periodical power pulses can be represented by the model as shown in Figure 20. Using the model and the device thermal response the normalized effective transient thermal resistance of Figure 19 was calculated for various duty cycles.

To find $Z_{\theta JA(t)}$, multiply the value obtained from Figure 19 by the steady state value $R_{\theta JA}$.

Example:

The MPS6521 is dissipating 2.0 watts peak under the following conditions:

 $t_1 = 1.0 \text{ ms}, t_2 = 5.0 \text{ ms}. (D = 0.2)$

Using Figure 19 at a pulse width of 1.0 ms and D = 0.2, the reading of r(t) is 0.22.

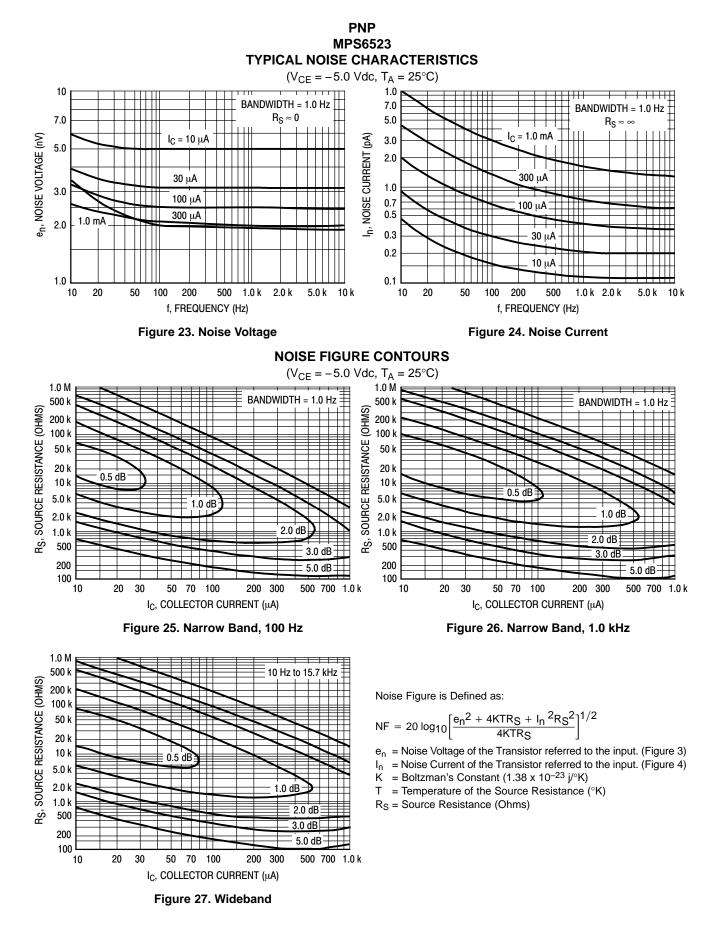
The peak rise in junction temperature is therefore

 $\Delta T = r(t) \ge P_{(pk)} \ge R_{\theta JA} = 0.22 \ge 2.0 \ge 200 = 88^{\circ}C.$ For more information, see ON Semiconductor Application Note AN569/D, available from the Literature Distribution Center or on our website at www.onsemi.com.

The safe operating area curves indicate I_C-V_{CE} limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation. Collector load lines for specific circuits must fall below the limits indicated by the applicable curve.

The data of Figure 22 is based upon $T_{J(pk)} = 150^{\circ}C$; T_C or T_A is variable depending upon conditions. Pulse curves are valid for duty cycles to 10% provided $T_{J(pk)} \le 150^{\circ}C$. $T_{J(pk)}$ may be calculated from the data in Figure 19. At high case or ambient temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

MPS6521 (NPN) MPS6523 (PNP)



PNP MPS6523 TYPICAL STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

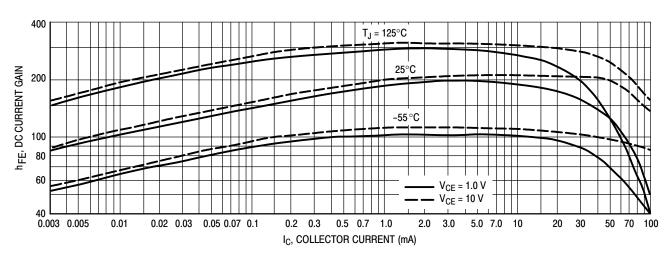


Figure 28. DC Current Gain

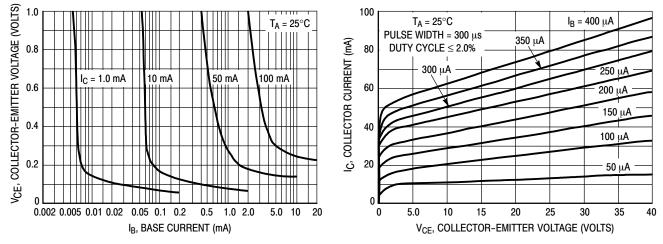
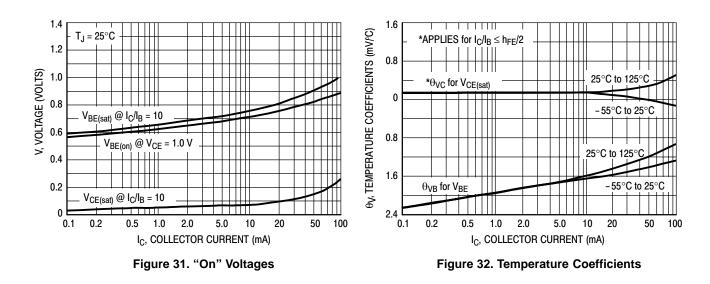
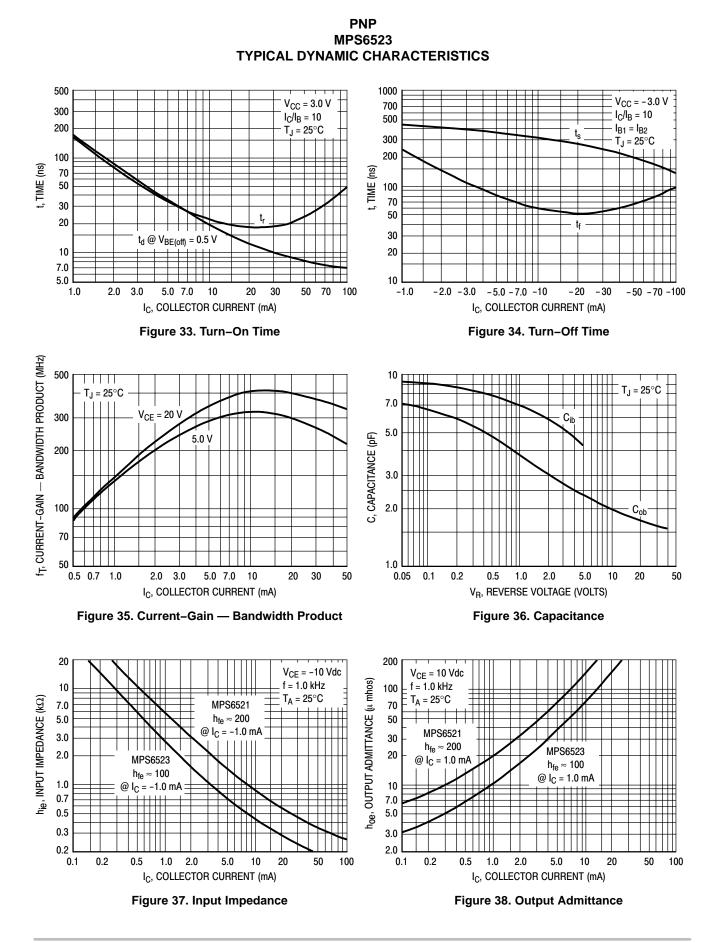


Figure 29. Collector Saturation Region







PNP MPS6523

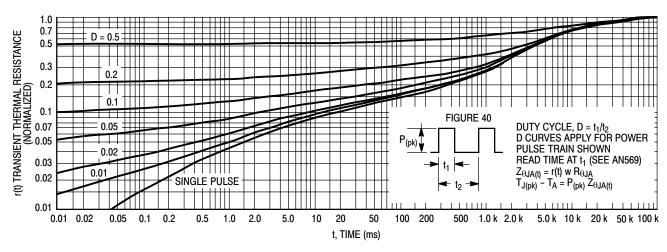


Figure 39. Thermal Response

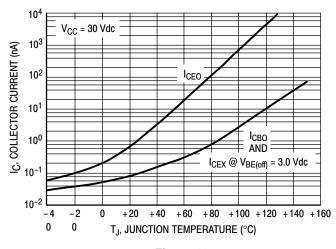
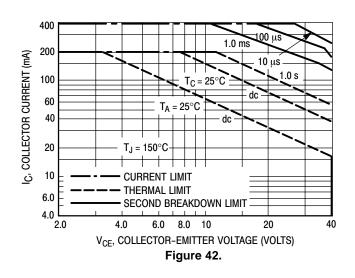


Figure 41.



DESIGN NOTE: USE OF THERMAL RESPONSE DATA

A train of periodical power pulses can be represented by the model as shown in Figure 40. Using the model and the device thermal response the normalized effective transient thermal resistance of Figure 39 was calculated for various duty cycles.

To find $Z_{\theta JA(t)}$, multiply the value obtained from Figure 39 by the steady state value $R_{\theta JA}$.

Example:

The MPS6523 is dissipating 2.0 watts peak under the following conditions:

 $t_1 = 1.0 \text{ ms}, t_2 = 5.0 \text{ ms}. (D = 0.2)$

Using Figure 39 at a pulse width of 1.0 ms and D = 0.2, the reading of r(t) is 0.22.

The peak rise in junction temperature is therefore

 $\Delta T = r(t) \ge P_{(pk)} \ge R_{\theta JA} = 0.22 \ge 2.0 \ge 200 = 88^{\circ}C.$

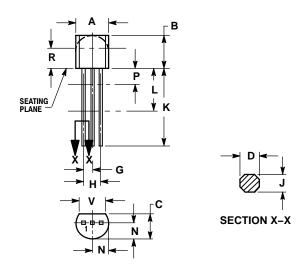
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The safe operating area curves indicate I_C-V_{CE} limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation. Collector load lines for specific circuits must fall below the limits indicated by the applicable curve.

The data of Figure 42 is based upon $T_{J(pk)} = 150^{\circ}$ C; T_{C} or T_{A} is variable depending upon conditions. Pulse curves are valid for duty cycles to 10% provided $T_{J(pk)} \le 150^{\circ}$ C. $T_{J(pk)}$ may be calculated from the data in Figure 39. At high case or ambient temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

TO-92 (TO-226) CASE 29-11 **ISSUE AL**



NOTES:

Y14.5M, 1982.

1.

2 3. 4.

	INCHES		MILLIN	IETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.175	0.205	4.45	5.20	
В	0.170	0.210	4.32	5.33	
c	0.125	0.165	3.18	4.19	
D	0.016	0.021	0.407	0.533	
G	0.045	0.055	1.15	1.39	
Η	0.095	0.105	2.42	2.66	
-	0.015	0.020	0.39	0.50	
Κ	0.500		12.70		
L	0.250		6.35		
Ν	0.080	0.105	2.04	2.66	
Ρ		0.100		2.54	
R	0.115		2.93		
۲	0.135		3.43		

DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI

TI4-3M, 1962. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH. CONTOUR OF PACKAGE BEYOND DIMENSION R IS UNCONTROLLED. LEAD DIMENSION IS UNCONTROLLED IN P AND

BEYOND DIMENSION K MINIMUM.

STYLE 1: PIN 1. EMITTER

BASE 2. 3.

COLLECTOR

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